Big transactions often grow out of little ones—out of something which a classified ad. has brought about.

The Courier-Journal.

Not many things can be "managed" nowadays without the aid of classified advertising.

VOL. CVII. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,978. LOUISVILLE, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1907.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

Weather.

For ...esday and Wednesday: Ker... ...r Tuesday and Wednesday.

Indiana—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; fresh northwest winds.

Tennessee—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

THE LATEST.

The Court of Appeals set the week beginning April 15 for hearing arguments in the Louisville election contest cases, and also granted an order directing the Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court to appear in Frankfort with the tally sheets used in the election. The first argument will be heard on Tuesday, and daily thereafter, ending with a long session on Saturday.

Senator Beveridge's private secretary, who is now in Washington, fresh from the Hoosier State, denies rumors which have appeared in the newspapers of late to the effect that Mr. Beveridge and his friends might not support Fairbanks for the presidency. He says that Beveridge has declared himself in no uncertain terms for Fairbanks, and will exert all his influence in his support.

The agreement between the Western railroads and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers was signed yesterday in Chicago. The pay of firemen and engineers is increased in about the same ratio as the increase recently granted to the conductors and trainmen.

Both the prosecution and the defense rested yesterday in the Harry K. Thaw trial, and at the afternoon session Mr. Delmas began his argument for the defendant. Mr. Delmas will conclude his speech to-day, and will be followed by District Attorney Jerome, for the prosecution.

Various committees of Cubans called on Secretary Taft in Havana yesterday, but got no definite statement as to the probable date of the end of the American occupation. The Secretary expressed the belief that a census should be taken before national elections are held.

A jury in the United States Court, at Covington, gave judgment in favor of J. Clyde Wolfe for the money he claimed to have lost in a pool room in that city betting on horses. A peck of losing tickets were filed as an exhibit in the case. An appeal will be taken.

Senator Scott, West Virginia, who is credited with being one of the five-million-dollar anti-Roosevelt conspirators, declares that he and the President are the best of friends, and that the story had given him considerable trouble in West Virginia.

The case of "Bill" Britton, charged, together with Judge James Hargis, Elbert Hargis, Ed Callahan, Jesse Spicer and Curt Jett, with the assassination of James Cockrill, Town Marshal of Jackson, in 1902, will be called in the Circuit Court at Lexington to-day.

There was no fighting at the capture of Puerto Cortes, Honduran troops having abandoned the town before the Nicaraguans arrived, according to steamship advices reaching New Orleans. The town of Ceiba is also in the hands of the Nicaraguans.

The Commonwealth elected to try Fult French at Beattyville, when a severance of the cases against the men charged with the murder of J. B. Marcum was asked by the defendants, and it is probable that the selection of the jury will begin to-day.

Night riders have been working in Christian county line, and several tobacco plant beds have been scraped and completely ruined. A masked band of men called one planter to his door and held a long conversation with him.

A strike by sailors employed on oil steamers on the Caspian Sea is causing considerable uneasiness to the Russian Government, which fears an extension of the movement among the workmen in the Volga industrial region.

Maj. James B. Garnett, of Cadiz, who declined appointment as a member of the State Democratic Campaign Committee, has reconsidered his decision, and will accept the place. His duties will be largely advisory.

In the course of the investigation now being carried on by the Navy Department of the Revolutionary War records, a discovery has been made of a lot of John Paul Jones documents in a town in North Carolina.

Hoke Smith, who will take his seat in the gubernatorial chair of Georgia in June, called yesterday upon the President. He refused to discuss any third-term suggestions.

Charlemagne Tower, American Ambassador to Germany, at a banquet tendered him at New York last night dwelt on the growing friendly relations of the two nations.

The constitutionality of the employers' liability act passed by the last Congress will be argued before the Supreme Court of the United States on Wednesday.

That the Isle of Pines is not American territory was officially and judicially declared yesterday by the Supreme Court of the United States.

PLEADING FOR THAW'S LIBERTY

Delmas Sounds Depths of Pathos and Invocative.

Denounces Stanford White As Monster of Crime.

Bitterly Arraigns Mother of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw.

POWERFUL PLEA TO JURORS.

New York, April 8.—The trial of Harry K. Thaw, charged with the murder of Stanford White, is nearing the end. Attorney Delmas this afternoon began his closing address to the jury and after he had spoken for more than two hours and a half an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning. Mr. Delmas expects to conclude before the luncheon hour is reached. District Attorney Jerome will make the closing address of the trial on Wednesday and Thaw's fate should be in the hands of the jury by Wednesday evening. Justice Fitzgerald to-day ordered the jury locked up until the end of the trial. In view of this the Judge's charge to the jury will be delivered immediately the District Attorney concludes. The latter says his speech will occupy not more than three or four hours. Mr. Delmas made a striking appeal to the sympathies of the jurors and so far as he progressed to-day the subject of Thaw's insanity at the time he committed the homicide was not even hinted at.

Mr. Delmas based his argument solely upon the story of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw. With flushed cheeks but dry eyes that young woman heard her life history repeated to the men who are to judge her husband and bowed her head as her mother was denounced in the bitterest terms and tones the eloquent lawyer could command.

Mr. Delmas devoted practically all of his address to-day to a resume of the evidence of certain witnesses. He will have many more comments to make along this line before he comes to his final for the defendant's life.

* * *

Court Room Crowded.

The courtroom was crowded this afternoon with an eager throng. Justice Fitzgerald's injunction that absolute quiet must be maintained was hardly necessary, for there was interest in every utterance of the attorney. Outside the courtroom a long line of persons waited for an opportunity to enter. But once the seating capacity of the court was exhausted no more spectators were admitted. In the throng to-day were many attorneys of note, some of whom have traveled many miles to be present at the climax of the trial, which for length and sustained interest has no equal.

All of Thaw's family were in the courtroom. They sat unmoved, as usual, throughout the course of Mr. Delmas' argument, their features betraying no emotion. Thaw turned to them from time to time as his attorney seemed to strike some telling blow. Thaw also turned frequently to his wife, who seems to be standing the brunt of the storm. She had a responsive smile ready for his every look.

District Attorney Jerome was not in court to hear Mr. Delmas' speech. His assistant, Mr. Garvan, took notes, however. Mr. Jerome, it was said, was busy with the preparation of his own address.

* * *

Morning Session.

At the morning session of court Mr. Jerome formally protested against the confirmation of the report of the lunacy commission. He made no argument, however, and his motion was quickly overruled. The defense then sought to have Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton testify, but the District Attorney interposed an objection to the examination of Dr. Hamilton on sur-rebuttal, which was sustained. Mr. Delmas then announced that the defense rested. Mr. Jerome made a similar announcement and an adjournment was ordered until 2 o'clock that the jurors who were to be deprived of their liberty might adjust their business affairs.

* * *

Mr. Delmas' Argument.

When court reconvened Mr. Delmas began his appeal to the jury by quoting from an utterance of District Attorney Jerome during the trial. He said:

"'We have no right, if the real facts were known, to be here trying this man, and would be absolutely prohibited by the statutes.'

"Had you heard these words," continued the attorney, "from some irresponsible babble instead of from an official charged with a great public duty; had they been spoken in a place where idle men resort to indulge in idle talk instead of in a tribunal wherein Justice presided in solemnity; had the occasion on which they were uttered been some trivial discussion on some insignificant topic instead of a debate, the issue of which is life or death, and had you, after so hearing them, heard the same lips make an appeal to prove that the law demanded forfeit of the life of the man about whom they were spoken, these words might not have filled you with amazement.

"It is to prevent such a conclusion in this case," went on Mr. Delmas, "that I have undertaken the performance of the arduous task before me. In this task it will be my duty to give you all the help in my power in deciding the question before you. In the performance of my task, it is perhaps not improper to say that I shall make no attempt to influence your passions, no attempt to make your sympathies overbalance your judgment. I shall not call on such a flimsy thing as the 'unwritten law.' This defendant finds his justification in the written law, in the statutes of this State. In the written law he finds it necessary to protect his life and his liberty.

"In the performance of my duty it will be necessary for me to refer to the dead. I will do so in all respect possible, but there are cases where the memory of the dead must give way to the needs of the living; for those who are left behind; for the widow who mourns for the son I have nothing but words of sympathy.

* * *

Mournful and Tragic Story.

"Gladly would I suspend, if possible, the law that the sins of the father must descend for three and four generations. The story is that of two young people whom fate by inscrutable decree had determined to link together, to be united and walk through life in the company of one another. The story covers only a few years. It is the saddest, most mournful and most tragic which the tongue of man has

(Concluded On 2d Page, 4th Column.)

POOLROOM MUST REPAY MONEY WON ON RACES

UNSUCCESSFUL BETTOR GETS BIG JUDGMENT.

EXHIBITS PECK OF TICKETS NEVER CASHED.

CASE WILL BE APPEALED.

Covington, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—For the first time in history, a jury in a United States Court, in Covington, this afternoon returned a verdict awarding a plaintiff money which he claimed he lost in pool rooms, by betting money on horse races.

The case was that of J. Clyde Wolfe against officials of pool rooms which had been operated in West Covington in 1905, but which are now closed.

Wolfe sued to recover $7,400 which he claimed he lost on the horses. To establish his allegation he exhibited about a peck of losing pool room tickets. Attorney O'Neill, for the defendants, claimed the tickets could have been picked off the floor of the pool rooms.

Judge Cochrane instructed the jury Saturday afternoon, and their deliberations were resumed this afternoon, when they reached a verdict for $2,186 for the plaintiff.

Attorney O'Neill says he will file a petition for a rehearing, and if this is not granted he will appeal to the higher court. The defendants in the case were E. R. Bryson, Jerome Respess and others.

NIGHT RIDERS SCRAPE TOBACCO PLANT BEDS

BANDS OPERATE IN CHRISTIAN COUNTY—WARN GROWER.

Hopkinsville, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Night riders are operating in Christian county, near the Caldwell-county line. During the past week the plant beds of John and Napoleon Beshars, Marvin Thomas and Jim Guthrie have been destroyed. It is reported that the beds were scraped.

A report reached this city to-day that Pooly Reese, who lives about twelve miles from here, on the Princeton road, was waited on last night by fifteen masked men, who called him out in the yard and talked with him. It could not be learned what was said, as there is no telephone in that community. Mr. Reese is a member of the association.

EPIDEMIC AT HARLAN NOW UNDER CONTROL

SERVICES OF ROCKEFELLER SPECIALIST NOT NEEDED.

Bowling Green, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—A telegram received at the office of the State Board of Health to-night from Health Officer Bailey, at Harlan, stated that six cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis were recovering, after an illness of over one month. The message also stated that there had been twenty deaths, and that the disease is now under control. He feels certain that if any further cases occur the victims will gladly submit to the use of the Procter serum, used at the Rockefeller Institute.

FALSE DEATH NOTICE CAUSES REAL DEATH

WOMAN WORRIES OVER INCORRECT REPORT OF HER DEMISE AND DIES.

Evansville, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—Mrs. James Daly, aged forty-nine years, who has been ill for several days, was reported dead one day last week, and her death notice appeared in one of the local papers. She saw the notice, worried over it, took a relapse, and died to-day.

ARGUMENTS IN CONTEST CASES

Will Be Heard By the Court of Appeals Next Week.

Louisville Election To Be Reviewed By Court.

Speeches To Begin On Tuesday and Continue Daily.

MAY PRODUCE BALLOT BOXES.

Frankfort, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Upon motion of counsel for contestants in the Louisville election contest cases the Court of Appeals to-day, the beginning of the April term of the court, set all of the cases down for oral argument during the week of April 15 next, notwithstanding the fact that the record of only one of the numerous cases, that of Scholl vs. Bell, is filed in the office of the clerk of the court.

Twelve hours are allowed for the presentation of argument in the cases, six hours to a side. The argument will begin Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock, when two hours of the allotted time will be used. Two hours will be used upon each of three following days and the argument will be concluded on Saturday, when four hours, from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., will be consumed.

Other orders made to-day in the cases by the court here were the issuing of a subpoena duces tecum to Circuit Clerk W. L. Weller, Jr., of the Jefferson Circuit Court, directing him to bring before the court here the report of the Commissioner and all tally sheets filed in the cases in the lower court, and directing the Columbia Trust Company, of Louisville, to hold all ballot boxes subject to the court's order, transmitting to the Appellate Clerk such boxes as the appellants, the contestants, may require, and requiring the appellants to bring before the court any ballot boxes which the appellees may desire.

* * *

Agree On Time.

The sides in the Louisville election contest cases were represented before the Appellate Court by J. P. Helm for contestants and W. M. Smith for contestees. There was no disagreement between them as to time of argument or amount of time to be consumed, Mr. Helm making the motion and Mr. Smith stating that he would agree to whatever time was desired, with the understanding that the time allotted was to be divided evenly between the sides.

Mr. Smith did object, however, to a motion by Mr. Helm, which proposed that either side should bring up whatever number of ballot boxes it might desire. He took the stand that it was the duty of the appellants to complete the record in the court here and that they could not call on the appellees to furnish any part of it whatever. The court sustained the objection to the motion as made by Mr. Helm and required the contestants to bring up not only the boxes they may desire to present, but also to bring up any boxes which the appellees may desire offered in evidence on the appeal. A written order was entered by the court as to the ballot boxes, which Mr. Helm informed the court number 165 and of which his side desires to present only two or three boxes. The order reads as follows:

* * *

Order For Ballot Boxes.

"The Columbia Trust Company will at once transmit to the clerk of this court such of the ballot boxes as the appellants may in writing require to be brought up, and the appellants shall require brought up any boxes they deem necessary or that the appellees may in writing notify the appellants they wish brought up. The other ballot boxes will be held by the trust company subject to the order of this court, and the court will order such of them brought up as may appear necessary on consideration of the cases."

There was also objection to the request by Mr. Helm for a subpoena duces tecum to the Jefferson Circuit Clerk. It was presented to the court by Attorney R. L. Greene, of the local bar, representing Mr. Weller. Mr. Greene pointed out to the court that there had been ample time for the copying of the Commissioner's report and the tally sheets, and urged that the clerk of the lower court should not be thus cut off from the fees to which he is entitled for making such copies.

* * *

Cost Too Great.

In making the request for the subpoena, Mr. Helm had told the court that the cost would run from $1,200 to $1,500, and it would require two weeks to make the copies. To these statements he had an affidavit by Lewis Meriwether, of Louisville. He said that the appellants had not ordered copies of the clerk for the reason that they did not know until a few weeks since that they would be the side to take the appeal from the lower court judgment. When Chief Justice O'Rear directed the issuing of the subpoena, Mr. Greene asked the court to pass upon the question of whether Mr. Weller would not be entitled to fees for sending the original papers out of his office just as he would if he had made copies. The court took this matter under advisement.

PRESIDENT REFUSES TO SEE MRS. VON CLAUSSEN.

Woman Who Wasn't Presented To King Oscar Sends Note To the White House.

Washington, April 8.—The President has declined to grant an interview with Mrs. Ida Von Claussen, who has complained to the State Department that United States Minister to Sweden Charles H. Graves refused to present her to King Oscar. Mrs. Von Claussen arrived in Washington Saturday night from New York. To-day she sent a note to the White House seeking an appointment with the President in order to make a verbal statement of the case. Secretary Loeb in reply referred her to the State Department as the branch of the Government with which properly to take up the matter. Mrs. Von Claussen did not put in an appearance at the executive offices during the business hours of the day.

LEAVES HER ALL TO THE PRESIDENT

SOLE BENEFICIARY UNDER WILL OF MRS. LULU B. GROVER.

"GOOD ANGEL WHO SPREAD HIS WING OF SHELTER."

WILL ACCEPT THE ESTATE.

New York, April 8.—President Roosevelt is the sole beneficiary under the will of Lulu B. Grover, of 2089 Lexington avenue, which was filed in the office of the Surrogate to-day. No petition was filed with the will, and the value of President Roosevelt's bequests, therefore, is unknown. The main part of the will, which is very brief, reads as follows:

"I give to Theodore Roosevelt at my death everything that is mine, household furniture, personal property, jewelry, diamonds, estate, all money in bank to my credit and my cat Snowdrop Low and everything that is mine. I owe to Theodore Roosevelt a debt greater than I can ever pay in this world and in this way I wish to show I am not ungrateful. He has been my good angel who spread his wing of shelter o'er my peace through life and was my only true friend in trouble. I gladly give my little all to him and only wish it were millions instead of so small an amount. I hope he will accept it in the spirit I give it and with God's blessing."

It has been announced that President Roosevelt will accept the estate bequeathed to him and turn it over to some New York charity. The cat is being cared for now under directions issued by the President.

THEY SAID "AMEN;" AND STEAD SAID --

HE WANTS A PAUSE BEFORE THE DOGS OF WAR ARE UNLEASHED.

New York, April 8.—William T. Stead, the English editor, in an address before the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, pleaded for the assistance of American Methodists in the movement for international peace which is to be considered at the next Hague conference.

"Are you American churchmen—you members of the church of Jesus Christ in America—willing to take action to secure the enactment of this law as an international statute," he asked, "and say that there shall be a moment's pause before the dogs of war are unleashed?"

"Amen; Amen;" came in a chorus from all over the church.

"Amen: Oh, nobody cares a damn for amen, unless it leads you to do something to put into effect your prayers," the speaker responded.

A committee of three to draft suitable resolutions was appointed by Bishop Berry.

FOUND HANGING IN HIS SMOKEHOUSE

COL. DAVID JESSE CAUDLE ENDS LIFE WITH PLOW LINE.

Grayson, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Col. David Jesse Caudle, aged sixty-seven years, a farmer living one mile north of town, was found by his wife this morning hanging by a plow line in his smokehouse. He had been dead about one hour. He had suffered with insomnia, and lately said he feared he was losing his mind. He was a Confederate soldier, and was severely wounded several times. He was an active worker in the Baptist church and a highly respected citizen.

DECISION GOES BACK TO ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Game of Battledore and Shuttlecock Over Labeling Commences. Again.

Washington, April 8.—For some reason which the Department of Justice declines to explain the labeling whisky decision is again in the hands of the Attorney General for review, and while it may be promulgated to-morrow, the chances are that it will go over until Wednesday or Thursday.

SOUNDS NOTE OF FRIENDSHIP

Ambassador Tower Guest At New York Banquet.

All Well Between This Country and Germany.

Lays Stress On Importance of Tariff Agreement.

PERSONALITY OF EMPEROR.

New York, April 8.—Charlemagne Tower, American Ambassador to Germany, was the guest of honor to-night at a dinner tendered him by the New York Staats Zeitung at the Manhattan Club, and at which over 800 persons prominent in business and official life were present.

Herman Ridder, editor of the Staats Zeitung, presided and the toast list included speeches by Ambassador Tower, S. N. D. North, director of the census; Congressman Bartholdt and Melville E. Stone. Ambassador Tower made the principal address of the evening, and in its course dealt largely with the relations between the United States and Germany. The other speakers also referred to America's connection with the German Empire.

The guests included Mark Twain, R. C. Clowry, Congressman Fornes, Richard Watson Gilder, H. H. Rogers, Ogden Mills, Jacob H. Schiff and the editors in chief of many New York newspapers.

* * *

Mr. Tower's Speech.

After commenting upon the agreeable nature of the task imposed upon him as a diplomatic representative who returned from a foreign mission to make a favorable report to his Government and his fellow citizens upon their interests in the country to which he was accredited, Ambassador Tower said that as regards the international affairs of the United States and Germany all is well.

Mr. Tower said:

Not only are we in complete harmony in our views upon the great questions of the time in which we have a common interest, as, for instance, equality of trade and the open door in China, but our relations are most happily of such a character that our cordiality toward each other does not give rise and cannot give rise to the slightest cause of interference with our friendship for other nations. Our mutual interests make for peace the world over.

* * *

Tribute To President.

Mr. Tower paid a tribute to the President and said his personal influence and devotion to the interests of the people of the United tSates has become synonymous abroad with the true American spirit.

The Ambassador then said:

The most important transaction that the Government of the United States has recently had with Germany concerns, as you all know, our trades relations with the Empire, and the basis upon which we shall maintain our commercial intercourse with it in the future. This has been a serious problem and one fraught with considerable danger to both countries. For several years past the United States have enjoyed by treaty agreement, and under the most favored nation clause, the commercial privileges granted by the German Empire in the numerous conventions which it has entered into with other European Powers, and American products were admitted into Germany subject to the conventional rates granted by her in seven specific treaties to such European countries, which was, of course, an important benefit to us. But some two years ago these treaties were abrogated by Germany and seven new reciprocity treaties were entered into by her with those countries, whereupon the German Government notified the United States that we could not expect to enjoy the privileges granted to other nations by the new treaties, because they were based upon reciprocal engagements entered into by the nations which were parties to them. But the German Government said: "We are ready to make a commercial treaty with the United States. Are you ready to treat with us?"

* * *

Tariff War Imminent.

Mr. Tower then called attention to the fact that a tariff war with Germany was imminent at that time owing to the failure of Congress to act, and rehearsed the action of the German Government providing for an extension of the German tariff rates for further period of sixteen months.

"This," Mr. Tower said, "is called the Provisorium, which is still in force and will remain effective until June 30, 1907. At that date Germany expects that the United States will be prepared to make a new arrangement with her for the interchange of commercial products."

Mr. Tower spoke of the commission sent last autumn to Germany by the President to investigate the questions involved, and said:

"The report of the commission is now in the hands of the President, who will probably communicate his views upon it in due time to the country; and there is every reason to expect that he will have found a method of continuing our relations with Germany in an honorable and satisfactory way, and that we shall no longer be in danger of a tariff war."

* * *

Germany's Growing Wealth.

The Ambassador spoke of the growing wealth and prosperity of Germany and said:

"It is gratifying to note in this connection with her growing trade relations a constant disposition of friendship toward the United States."

In regard to the personality of the German sovereign, Mr. Tower said:

"The German Emperor, who is one of the wisest sovereigns and greatest statesmen now living in the world, lends character through his own personality to everything in Germany; and much that is progressive, both in enlightenment and in the general relations of modern life, are due to him. He makes it a point to become acquainted with and to know personally the leading men throughout the empire, the authors and artists, the great sculptors and architects, and not only these, but the prominent scientific men and men of business, the great manufacturers and the managers of the shipping lines that are carrying German commerce to the ends of the earth. He meets and consults with all of these, and never fails to confer honors and distinction upon the man who by his own merit or industry or skill has deserved well of the country."

In conclusion Mr. Tower said:

"Gentlemen, in closing, and with the wish, which I am sure you all share with me, that this bond between these two great nations may continue, for the peace and progress of the world, I have the honor to propose to you the health of his majesty the Emperor William II."

LIVES SEVERAL DAYS AFTER RECEIVING 13,000 VOLTS.

Heavy Charge of Electricity Finally Kills Capt. S. D. Baldwin At Evansville.

Evansville, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—Capt. S. D. Baldwin, who received 13,000 volts of electricity in his body last week, died to-night. For several days hopes were entertained for his recovery. He was a native of Cincinnati and his father for many years was connected with the Cincinnati Cooperage Company. Capt. Baldwin was on the river for several years and at one time was superintendent of the Ohio River and Green River Transportation Company. He leaves a brother, Jack, who lives in Louisville.

FORMER LOUISVILLE MAN DIES IN LITTLE ROCK.

Little Rock, Ark., April 11.—[Special.]—R. H. Woolfolk, manager of the Little Rock Furniture Manufacturing Company, son of the late R. H. Woolfolk, of Louisville, and a former resident of that city and Memphis, died to-night. Interment will be in Cave Hill cemetery, Louisville.

HARGIS WOULD PLEAD LAW OF LIMITATION

TO DEFEAT SUIT BY HEIRS OF DR. B. D. COX.

FIVE YEARS NEARLY UP WHEN SUIT IS FILED.

BYRD RESISTS NEW MOTION.

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The law of limitation will not be a bar to the damage suit of $100,000 recently instituted in the Fayette Circuit Court by the heirs of the late Dr. B. D. Cox against Jim Hargis, Alex Hargis, Elbert Hargis and Ed Callahan, who, it is alleged, formed a conspiracy to murder Dr. Cox, according to the contention made here to-day by Attorney A. F. Byrd. Mr. Byrd was present in court to argue against sustaining of the motion of Hargis' attorneys to quash the suit on the ground that service was not legally secured on Jim Hargis.

Dr. Cox was assassinated on the night of April 13, 1902, and had the attorneys for the heirs of the deceased delayed delayed the filing of the suit several days the five-year limitation would have been a bar to the prosecution of the suit. While it is the belief of the attorneys for the Cox heirs that motion made by the attorneys for the Hargises and Callahan is for the purpose of perfecting the plea of limitation, it is contended by Attorney Byrd that should the court sustain the motion of the defense that service on Jim Hargis was not legally secured, they cannot then claim the law of limitation because the petition for damages was actually filed before the time limit expired.

The suit was filed several days ago and service secured on Jim Hargis while he was at the Leland Hotel. His attorneys filed a motion to quash on the ground that Hargis was passing through Lexington, en route from Winchester to his home in Jackson, and the arguments on the motion were set for to-day. Attorney Byrd was present to argue the motion on behalf of the heirs of Dr. Cox, but a postponement was secured by the Hargis attorneys until next Monday at which time the limitation will have expired.

Attorney Byrd fought against the continuance, but after it was granted he filed affidavits of himself and W. T. Fox, Clerk of the Clark Circuit Court, setting out the fact that Jim Hargis was not in Winchester on March 12 and 13 to answer a subpoena from that court as alleged in Hargis' affidavit filed in support of the motion to quash, because service was not legally secured. The argument on the motion of the Hargis attorneys will be heard next Monday and, should Judge Parker sustain the motion the attorneys representing the minor children of Dr. Cox will spring a genuine sensation on the defendants.

Col. John R. Allen, Charles J. Bronston and Byrd & Jouett represent the Cox heirs, while the Hargises and Callahan are represented by Morton, Webb & Wilson, Hunt & Hunt and E. P. Farrell, all of whom assisted in the defense of Jim Hargis for alleged complicity in the assassination of Jim Cockrill.

INDIGNANT CITIZENS

RESENT STORIES OF LAWLESSNESS IN TRIGG.

Claim Hopkinsville Reports Slander and Malign Them—To Conceal Own Condition.

Cadiz, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Citizens of Cadiz and Trigg county are indignant at the reports from Hopkinsville about lawlessness in this county, and it is claimed that the hue and cry is being raised to conceal the lawlessness which is prevailing in Christian county. Trigg county is quiet, and the alleged night riders have not been at work in this county, as the Hopkinsville stories have been stating. The story that lawlessness, bordering almost on anarchy, prevails in Trigg county, is a libel on the residents of this county and is without truth.

At least half of the section between Gracey and Cerulean, which is said to be one of the hotbeds of the trouble, according to the reports from Hopkinsville, is in Christian county, and not in Trigg county.

One thing on which Hopkinsville enlarged was merely a neighborhood scrap, magnified into an attack by night riders, and an effort to bring them into court. In the first place, the trouble occurred two weeks ago, and was confined merely to the two persons concerned.

BIG FIRE IN HAARBIN'S MERCANTILE SUBURB.

Haarbin, Manchuria, April 8.—The mercantile suburb of this city, in which many large warehouses were situated, has been destroyed by fire. The burned area covers almost a square mile. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

BEVERIDGE IS FOR FAIRBANKS

Senator's Secretary Denies Current Rumors.

Five-Million Story Causes Trouble For Scott.

Employers' Liability Act Comes To Supreme Court.

PRESIDENT TO VISIT LANSING.

Washington, April 8.—[Special.]—An interesting word on the presidential situation in Indiana is spoken by Thomas R. Shipp, private secretary to Senator Beveridge who, fresh from the Hoosier political fields, is in the city for a few days. It is to the effect that rumors which have appeared in the newspapers here and there that Senator Beveridge and his friends might not support Vice President Fairbanks for the presidency are without foundation. According to Mr. Shipp, who was formerly a newspaper man, any newspaper printing such rumors is taking the wrong track and showing a lack of perspective which will be brought home to them in the future.

"Senator Beveridge has been greatly annoyed," said Mr. Shipp, "by rumors that he and his friends in Indiana might not support Mr. Fairbanks for the presidential nomination. Right now, as the Senator's secretary, I wish to set all such rumors finally at rest. Of course they are unfounded. Over a year ago, in a speech before the annual Republican love feast in Indianapolis, Senator Beveridge declared himself in no uncertain terms for Mr. Fairbanks' nomination. The Senator and his friends will exert as powerful an influence in support of Mr. Fairbanks in the National Convention as any other man or influence in Indiana."

* * *

Senator Scott's Alibi.

Senator Scott, of West Virginia, who is credited with being one of the $5,000,000 conspirators was at the White House to-day.

"Of course, you want to know whether I talked politics with the President. Yes, I did, and the President said there are any number of good men who would make good presidents." Further than this, Senator Scott would not go into particulars, nor attempt to embellish the expression. Senator Scott said there was absolutely no truth in any story that he and the President were not good friends.

"We are the best of friends, he declared. Couldn't be better. I don't know how that story originated. It has given me some trouble in West Virginia."

* * *

Hoke Smith Calls.

Hoke Smith, of Georgia, former Secretary of the Interior, in the Cabinet of President Cleveland, called on the President. Mr. Smith is on his way to Europe with a few friends for a brief trip before assuming the duties of Governor of Georgia in June. He was noinated and elected on a platform something akin to the national policies of the President. He has been talked of as the possible nominee of the Dmocrats in the next presidential campaign. When asked for an expression of his views on national politics, he said:

"I have nothing to say, except that the next President of this country will be a man who represents the interests of the masses of the people."

Mr. Smith would not discuss third term suggestions as to President Roosevelt or any other feature of the present situation.

* * *

Revolutionary Records.

The Navy Department is receiving the old Revolutionary rolls and records which have been kept in the other executive departments and as a result of this information it is possible to prepare lists of names which have not hitherto been accessible. An important find in this class of relics is the discovery of a lot of John Paul Jones and other Revolutionary documents in a town in North Carolina, where the present holder of material describes them as amounting to about five bushels. Some of these are letters from Jones to Mr. Hawes, who was the Continental delegate responsible for Jones' appointment to the navy. The letters are interesting and it is probable that the Navy Department will come into possession of all of them.

* * *

Unique Still.

An illicit still in the capital of the nation was what the district police discovered to-day. It was not exactly the kind found in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky, but under the ban of the law just the same. Two men were standing at a pump and their suspicious actions attracted the attention of the police. An investigation was made and it was found the men had mixed alcohol, ginger and a few other hot things, added a sufficient quantity of sugar and water to get the stuff down and were proceeding to imbibe. Both of them were locked up pending trial.

* * *

The constitutionality of the Employer's Liability Act will be argued in the Supreme Court on Wednesday. There are two cases involved, those of M. E. Brooks vs. The Southern Pacific from the West Kentucky district, in which W. R. Harr and J. E. Torrance represent the Southern Pacific; and Damsell and Howard vs. the Illinois Central, from the Western Tennessee district.

* * *

Brief Notes.

According to the present understanding President Roosevelt will reach Lansing, Mich., where he is to make a speech before the students of the Michigan Agricultural College at 9:50 a. m. on May 31, and leave in the afternoon of the same day for Washington.

* * *

A special order issued from the Navy Department to-day gives notice that no

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more applications for retirement will be received from naval officers of the rank of lieutenant commanders, "in view of the present condition of the navy list and the relative ages of officers in the grades of captains and commanders." This is the pursuance of a decision to encourage senior officers to retire, making place for younger men in command rank.

* * *

Postmasters were appointed for Kentucky as follows: Halsey, Whitley county, Elbert M. Goolsby; Sunfish, Edmondson county, Thomas L. Bush. Rural free delivery carriers were appointed as follows: Shelbyville, route 7, Joseph R. Gibson, carrier, Samuel B. Gibson, substitute; Stanford, route 4, George R. Emgleman, carrier, Susan B. Yeager, substitute.

* * *

The Post-office Department has informed postmasters throughout the country that the special series of stamps to commemorate the founding of Jamestown will be issued beginning April 15 for sale to the public during the term of the Jamestown Exposition, from April 26 to November 30, 1907.

* * *

The President to-night entertained at dinner in honor of Baron d'Estournelles de Constant. Other guests were Dr. Lyman Abbott, Attorney General Bonaparte, Postmaster General Meyer, Assistant Secretary Bacon, M. Paul Doumer, of Paris, and Gifford Pinchot. Baron de Constant is an overnight guest at the White House.

NEW YORK STREET CARS GO UP IN SMOKE.

Loss a Million and One-Half Dollars and One Fireman Is Killed.

New York, April 8.—Fire early this morning destroyed the combined car barn and power plant of the New York City Railway Company, covering the greater part of the block bounded by Lenox avenue and One Hundred and Forty-sixth street and Seventh avenue. The loss will reach nearly $1,500,000. More than 300 cars were burned, and the plant, except for the electrical department, was destroyed.

One fireman, Captain J. Ryan, was killed under a falling wall, and half a dozen firemen and others were more or less seriously injured. The injured are:

Frederick J. Leopold, assistant engine foreman; William Symes, fireman; Anthony Morse, car inspector; Thomas Francis, spectator; James Cannon, laborer; Mrs. Mary Lawson, overcome by smoke. None of the injured is in a dangerous condition.

ENGINEER GALNOUER ON TRIAL AT LAPORTE.

Laporte, Ind., April 8.—The trial of Frank Galnouer, engineer on the first section of a passenger train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad on November 12, when a fatal wreck at Woodville occurred, was begun to-day in the Porter County Circuit Court before Judge McMahon. Galnouer is charged with failing to give proper signals to an east-bound freight on a side track, causing the freight train to pull out on the main track and crash into the second section of the passenger, resulting in sixty-one deaths. The procuring of a jury will begin to-morrow.

THOMAS CLAY DEAD.

GRANDSON OF KENTUCKY'S FAMOUS STATESMAN.

Bright's Disease Brings Death To Descendant of the "Great Commoner."

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Thomas H. Clay, grandson of Henry Clay, and a prominent citizen of this city, died at his residence on North Mill street, in this city, at noon to-day. Mr. Clay had been seriously ill from Bright's disease for two weeks and his death had been momentarily expected since early last night.

Mr. Clay was sixty-five years old and was the son of Thomas H. Clay, a son of the "Great Commoner," and is survived by his wife, who was Miss Arina Gratz, and three children—Miriam, the wife of Dr. Cogswell, of Boston, and Misses Nannie and Henrietta—and a brother, Harry Clay, of Rogersville, Tenn. The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the family residence. The interment will be in the Lexington cemetery.

* * *

Stabbed On Street.

Considerable excitement was caused this afternoon by a fight on Cheapside between Claude Harney and Charles Reese, both farmers of this county. Harney was stabbed under the left shoulder blade and seriously but not fatally injured. Just after Reese had been arrested L. D. Harney, a brother of the injured man, appeared on the street with a pistol in his hand, declaring he would kill the man who had stabbed his brother. He was quickly subdued, and Reese was taken to jail.

* * *

Employer's Liability Act Plead.

In the Circuit Court to-day the Employers' Liability Act, passed by Congress June 11, 1906, was for the first time invoked in this court. The case was that of Michael McGlade's administrator against the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company for $50,000 damages, the plaintiff alleging that McGlade, who was an employe of the defendant, came to his death through the gross negligence of the defendant. The answer of the defendant was filed to-day, and sets up the plea that the plaintiff's right of recovery is regulated by the Employers' Liability Act passed by Congress, which supersedes the statutes of Kentucky upon such questions. If this contention is sustained all the cases of this character will have to be tried in the Federal Courts.

* * *

Many Cows Condemned.

As a result of an examination which has begun in this county of dairy cows twenty-three of the herd of W. B. Hawkins were found to be affected with tuberculosis and condemned to be killed. Mr. Hawkins, who is a prominent farmer, uncomplainingly accepted the verdict of the veterinary and has ordered the condemned cows to be killed and their bodies buried.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

Fifty-nine men have been recruited for the United States army within the past two months in the recruiting territory embracing Lexington, Somerset, Jackson and London. The recruits at the different points were as follows: Lexington, twenty; London, sixteen; Jackson, fourteen, and Somerset, nine.

* * *

In the Circuit Court to-day Judge Parker sustained the city, which asked for authority to close Ayres alley. The city will now build a fence across the alley on each side of the railroad track. This alley adjoins the new Union Depot and a viaduct has been built which connects the streets on which the alley opened. The alley is now closed to permit more freedom on the part of the railroads in entering the depot.

Machine Shop Burned.

Ashland, Ky., April 8.—Fire broke out in the Vansant-Kitchen Lumber Company at Keyes Creek Sunday morning, literally gutting the machine shop. The loss is estimated at $5,000, with insurance almost covering it. The fire originated from a gas stove which had been left turned on full force.

Starch Indigestion

A Very Common Form of Dyspepsia Vanquished By Eating

The starchy foods so much used nowadays—white bread, pastry, potatoes, hot biscuits, etc., often cause "starch indigestion" and a long line of troubles because the digestive organs are unable to handle the excess of this kind of food-material.

It remains in the stomach, partially ferments, causing gas and sour eructations, besides preventing the body from absorbing the full amount of food necessary. Such persons often feel hungry a short time after eating.

In making Grape-Nuts, a food expert combined whole wheat and barley in the same way the human organs act on food—with heat, moisture and time—the diastase in the barley, during the process of manufacture, changing the starch into a form of soluble sugar, thus making it easy of digestion.

In this way he devised a means of assisting weak digestive organs to handle natural food with ease and not only build up brain and nerves, but strengthen the digestive organs at the same time.

If you have any kind of indigestion or nervous dyspepsia, you'll find a marked change in your condition by a ten days' use of

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"There's a Reason."

CUBAN SOIL.

Supreme Court Passes On Isle of Pines Territory.

IS NOT COVERED BY PROVISIONS OF PARIS TREATY.

JUSTICE WHITE TAKES SHARP EXCEPTION TO RULING.

COURT DISCREDITS ITSELF.

Washington, April 8.—That the Isle of Pines is not American territory was officially and judicially declared to-day by the Supreme Court of the United States. The decision was rendered in the famous case of Edward J. Pearcy vs. Nevada N. Stranahan, Collector of the Port at New York, and the opinion of the court was announced by Chief Justice Fuller, who said that up to the Paris treaty the Isle of Pines had been considered as an integral part of Cuba and that it could not be held to be covered by article 2 of that treaty, which included only islands in the vicinity of Porto Rico.

Speaking of the status of the island at the date of the treaty of peace with Spain the Chief Justice said:

"All the world knew that it was an integral part of Cuba and in view of the joint resolution of April 20, 1898, it seems clear that the Isle of Pines was not supposed to be one of the 'other islands' ceded by Article II. These were islands not constituting an integral part of Cuba and adjacent to Porto Rico."

Drawing the conclusion that the island had legitimately descended from Spain's control to that of Cuba, he spoke of the recognition by the United States of the island as Cuban territory, as follows: "We are justified in assuming that the Isle of Pines was always treated by the President's representative in Cuba as an integral part of Cuba. This was indeed to be expected in view of the fact that it was such at the time of the execution of the treaty and its ratification, and that the treaty did not provide otherwise in terms, to say nothing of general principles of international law applicable to such coasts and shores as those of Florida, the Bahamas and Cuba."

He referred to the effect of the Platt amendment, and passing to the status of the island with reference to the customs, said in conclusion:

"The Isle of Pines continues at least de facto under the jurisdiction of the Government of the republic of Cuba and that settles the question before us because, as the United States have never taken possession of the island as having been ceded by the treaty of peace and as it has been and is being governed by that republic, it has remained foreign country within the meaning of the Dingley act. There has been no change of nationality for revenue purposes, but on the contrary the Cuban Government has been recognized as rightfully exercising sovereignty as a de facto Government until otherwise provided."

Justice White concurred in the result, but took sharp exception to the court's holding on Cuba's right to sovereignty over the Isle of Pines in view of the provision in the Platt amendment declaring that while the island in de facto Cuban territory, it should be made the subject of treaty negotiations. He said that by taking this position the court puts itself in the attitude of contradicting itself, for while it professes to sustain the attitude of the legislative and executive departments of the United States towards the island, it immediately proceeds to discredit the former by a decision which recognizes only one proper way of adjusting the matter by treaty. Justice Holmes indorsed Justice White's opinion.

NINE MISSING.

NAVY COAL BARGE PICKED UP MINUS ITS CREW.

Believed That Men May Have Been Taken Off By Some Passing Steamer.

Washington, April 8.—Nine men are missing from the naval coal barge, No. 1, which, after being lost at sea for some days in heavy weather off the Florida coast, has been finally towed into Jacksonville. The barge was picked up Saturday afternoon by the Norwegian steamer Nordkyn, from Baltimore for Tampico, on the Florida coast. The Navy Department to-day telegraphed R. J. Easton, the master of the collier Caesar, which was engaged in towing the barge from Key West to the Norfolk navy yard when the hawser parted, to send all information regarding the whereabouts of the crew of the barge and later the department received the following dispatch from Easton:

"Mayport, Fla., April 8.—Nine men of the barge's crew were not on board when the barge was picked up. It is reported here that a four-masted schooner was alongside of the barge just previous to her being picked up. The master of the Nordkyn states that the clock was running when he picked the barge up. All of her boats are aboard. Starboard anchor missing."

The crew of the barge consisted of nine men, named: William Martin, Emil Noethen, Henry Hisler, ship's cook; Ferdinand Hall, mess attendant; Thomas Flynn, foreman; Edward Aben, machinist's mate; Henry August Doehme, ordinary seaman; Isidor Nordstrom, chief boatswain's mate, and A. J. Franey, ship's cook.

The first word of the finding of the barge was a telegram received by the Navy Department this morning from the commander of the Caesar, stating that the barge had been picked up and was being towed into Mayport, and the later telegram indicated that the crew may have been taken off by a passing steamer.

PEARY APPLIES FOR LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Washington, April 8.—The Secretary of the Navy has received by mail from New York the application of Commander Robert E. Peary for leave of absence for three years in order to allow him opportunity to continue his Arctic explorations. It is stated at the Navy Department that the leave of absence under which this officer conducted his last polar trip expired yesterday. Therefore some action upon this new application is necessary at once and Secretary Metcalf will determine after consultation with the President what additional leave shall be granted.

DEPUTIES UNAWED BY IMPERIAL THREAT.

St. Petersburg, April 8.—The whole session in the lower house of Parliament to-day was given up to agrarian debates, and in spite of the threats in the official Rossia that the advocacy of compulsory expropriation of lands might result in the dismissal of the Douma, every speaker, except the Conservatives, urged this as the sole salvation of the peasantry. One peasant Deputy declares he "did not come here to talk purchase of land, but to take it."

PLEADING FOR THAW'S LIBERTY.

(Continued From First Page.)

ever uttered or ear of man ever heard. Let me begin briefly with her story—one filled with incidents with which a volume might overflow, and which might be written by the vivid imagination of the most gifted novelist.

"She was born on Christmas Eve, 1884, in the city of Pittsburg, Pa. The first years of her childhood saw her lose her father and natural protector and left her in charge of another, who early manifested that character of frivolity and extravagance which were to lead to such deplorable circumstances. When the girl was ten years of age the family found itself in straitened circumstances; they began to feel the pangs of want.

"At thirteen she became the family drudge, assisting her mother, and thus the family continued moving from place to place without any fixed habitation.

"But nature had endowed her with the fatal gift of beauty—a beauty which manifested itself in early youth, a gift with which the mother soon saw means of supporting the family.

"At fourteen years she was in Philadelphia, already embarked on the perilous sea of an artists' model. But New York, the great metropolis, was the market where such natural gifts are most sought and most dearly paid for, and to New York the family came and by the procurement of the mother the employment begun in Philadelphia was renewed here and the beautiful child wended her way through the streets from morn till noon and from noon till eve, from studio to studio and from artist to artist and at the end of the week the scant earnings she carried to her mother for the support of the family.

"Brave and courageous we see this child at fifteen or sixteen years of age rushing in the daytime from studio to studio earning $16 to $18 a week and at night appearing upon the boards and earning an equal salary.

* * *

Stanford White's Crime.

"At this time we find a man whose hair was tinged with gray, who had an excellent wife and accomplished son, fixing his eyes upon the fated child and determining to make her his. To win her he had none of the graces or principles of the honorable suitor. He conducted himself into her family in the guise of an influential friend. He won his way into the confidence of the mother and established himself in a paternal and protecting attitude in the family, and when his footing was sure he persuaded the mother to absent herself from the city, assuring her that the child would be safe in his hands, and telling her how fortunate it was that there was such a protector to watch over her.

"The child was left alone. I wish it were in my power to pass over the scene which followed; I wish it did not have to be embodied in my argument to you; but my duty leaves me no choice. In one of those dens, fitted up with all the beauty and taste which this man of genius possessed, into one of these dens this child was lured, and found herself alone with this man, old enough to be her father, the man who was her protector.

"Must I tell you how she was led on, step by step; how she was placed with wine and drugged and finally became his victim? That story you have heard from that child's faltering lips. Better that he should never have lived than to have lived to have heard the cries of anguish of the victim who lay before him. He had committed the gravest crime that ever defiled the image of God. He had lured to destruction and had crushed the child who had trusted him. He had committed a crime against the law, against the law of this State, a crime that the Chief Magistrate of this country in a message to Congress said should be punished by death.

"Had this man forgotten that when our Lord set down a child among his disciples, he said: 'Whosoever receiveth such a little child in My name he shall dwell with Me forever, but who shall offend a little one such as this, it were better that a millstone were tied about his neck and he were drowned in the depths of the sea.'

"He, gentlemen, who had erected a temple to Abraham, had forgotten the words of the great Jehovah to the children of Israel, that he who afflicted a fatherless child should surely die.

"Oh, Stanford White, who entrapped a child who had no father; who had been deserted by her mother and was left alone in a city of millions, had you imagined that God would not hear that cry?

"Had you forgotten that retribution would be at hand? Better had it been for you that you died before that day, for then you might have died in the splendor of your fame; when your departure would have been deplored by your family; when all would have attended your obsequies before your name was a byword and before your genius had been an aggravation of your crime."

* * *

Evelyn Nesbit's Story.

Mr. Delmas next went into a long discussion as to whether or not it was not true Evelyn Nesbit had told her story to Thaw in Paris in 1903. That, he declared, was the main question of the trial. Mr. Delmas said Mr. Jerome would denounce Evelyn's story as false, as the cunning device of Harry Thaw's mind. The District Attorney would declare that the girl's love for truthfulness made her revolt at the idea of swearing to these false charges against Stanford White; that she refused to sign them in the face of threats and great physical violence. The first inquiry, said Mr. Delmas, should be into the veracity of Evelyn Nesbit.

Reverting to the story of the wrong done Evelyn Nesbit by White, Mr. Delmas recounted how White had poisoned the mind of the girl by telling her that she had committed no wrong.

"When daylight came," the speaker continued, "he, the strong, big man, went to her apartments and knelt at the feet of this child, kissed the hem of her garment and told her that what she had done was not wrong and that the only sin was to be found out. He told her that if she would refrain from telling her mother or any one else, all would be well. He told her that all women were wicked, that some succeeded in concealing their vices and some were found out.

"And so he lured her again and again, plied her with wine in the same den of iniquity or others he kept, and their relations continued for a period of several months.

"Again I ask, is this story true—or, rather, is the story which I have related to you the story which Evelyn Nesbit told Harry Thaw in June, 1903, in Paris?

"If she never told Harry Thaw these things, then when she appeared on the witness stand she was an untruthful witness. Again, if she did tell the story to Harry Thaw, was it true? Did the things she told of actually occur? If they did, you have many evidences.

* * *

Corroborative Evidence.

"In the first place, you have her testimony that they did take place. In corroboration of her statements I beg to call your attention to various things in the evidence. You have seen Evelyn Thaw on the stand. You have for days watched her manner of testifying. From your experience as men of the world you can tell whether or not the child—for a child she is to-day—is a cunning actress, who was repeating a story she had learned and rehearsed.

"You saw her countenance; you saw how horror overspread it when she told that terrible story. Gladly she put herself in that plight for the sake of the one person in the world who loves her, the one person she loves.

"You saw her strained face; you saw her struggle to tell the truth. You saw her for days struggling through a cross-examination which has no parallel in this or any other country. You saw her fight for days, inch by inch, against the man who has sworn to make her a widow. You saw her fighting against the arts that that learned and brilliant man could bring to bear to break this child's story.

"You saw her undergo that terrible ordeal, but did you see her flinch, did you see her hesitate? No.

"Under the merciless cross-examination you heard from her unwilling but truthful lips that her relations with Stanford White, once begun, continued until her nature revolted, until God asserted himself. Do you need any more proof than that that her story is true? If it were false, would it not have been easier for her to say that the relations were not continued?

"But she told the whole story—she told the whole truth.

"One other question I want to ask you. Why did Stanford White just at that moment remove the mother, this child's only protector, as guardian upon her tender years, as sentinel on her tottering steps on the slippery walks of New York? Why was the mother sent to Pittsburg with money furnished by Stanford White? Why was the young brother sent away to school, except to remove prying eyes.

"Another matter I call to your attention. During the year following this terrible event, Stanford White contracted to pay Evelyn Nesbit $25 a week when she was unable to earn her living on the stage. The checks which are here in evidence show that many of them were payable to the mother. It has been figured that the mother received at the hands of Stanford White in that year $3,500—an enormous sum to this woman who had been living in mean lodgings without enough to eat.

"The District Attorney will tell you that Stanford White was then in straightened circumstances; why, then I ask you, was he paying Evelyn Nesbit's mother $300 a month?"

* * *

White Saw Danger Ahead.

Mr. Delmas then took up the story of Miss Simonton's return from Europe, where she had learned Evelyn Nesbit's story. She went to Stanford White and confronted him with it. It was then that White went to Abe Hummel.

"That shows," said Mr. Delmas, "that Stanford White saw danger ahead and was ready to do anything to gain protection. Thereupon, as soon as Evelyn Nesbit returned, a paper was drawn up, to which I will refer later.

"Gentlemen, do you remember Christmas of 1903? Do you remember the banquet that Stanford White had arranged in celebration of Evelyn Nesbit's birthday? Do you remember that Harry Thaw succeeded in rescuing her from Stanford White's clutches, and that White went to the theater later and flourished a revolver, swearing to take Harry Thaw's life before morning?

"Things like these pay glowing tribute to Evelyn Nesbit's story." Mr. Delmas had a score or more of legal cap sheets to which he referred occasionally, and particularly when he came down to the actual argument as to the motive Stanford White had in paying money to Evelyn's mother and in sending Howard Nesbit to school at his expense.

When Mr. Delmas had completed his denunciation of Stanford White, he launched into a merciless attack on Evelyn Thaw's mother. He first recalled to the jury that in the early part of the trial, when the name of her mother was first mentioned, he stated that he would not cast any reflections upon her and held her guiltless, believing her to have been the helpless victim of circumstances.

"When I said this, gentlemen," Mr. Delmas continued, "I wish you to bear in mind that three things had not yet developed—that for years after this assault had been committed upon this girl, the mother received $300 a month from the ravisher; that the mother had given to the District Attorney a written statement by which he might torture the soul of her daughter; by which he might leave her alone in the world—her father dead, her mother unnatural, her husband executed.

"When I learned that every shaft aimed at her heart came from a quiver supplied by her mother; when I learned that it was the mother who was pointing out the sore and tender spots for the District Attorney to attack, and when I learned that the poor babblings of a girl in school—her diary—had been furnished by the mother that they might be used against her, I reiterated, as I retract now the statements which I made in behalf of the mother.

* * *

An Unnatural Mother.

"Oh unnatural mother that she was, to desert her girl and leave her the victim of the lust of this gray-haired man; to receive for a year the wages of her daughter's downfall; to wear diamonds bought with such money as this, and then to come now in the hour of her daughter's supreme agony to steal away the life of her only protector.

"Why, gentlemen of the jury, a beast protects her young. You have seen a little bird watching over her brood of young in a dusty road, ruffle her brave little feathers until she was twice her natural size and fly straight at a pointer who had come running up until the dog stood abashed and respected her motherhood. Oh, shame upon this mother—"

"Not content with what he had already done, he would take away the life of the one human being who came as an angel into the life of this girl on the downward path, who told the girl that whatever she might be in the eyes of a sinful and debauched world, he knew her soul was pure.

"He said: 'Yes, I know that your soul is pure; I know it was not your fault; I know you are an unfortunate and betrayed girl; but come to me and I will protect you. About your form I will throw the strong arm of a man. I will fight the battles of life with you at my side. No matter what others may think of you, I think you are an angel. To me you are fairer than Rachel at the well, or Ruth in the fields.'"

Mr. Delmas halted his address for a few minutes at this point and sat down to rest. Juror No. 12 wiped his eyes with a handkerchief.

When he resumed Mr. Delmas declared that there was documentary evidence to prove that Evelyn Nesbit told Harry Thaw the story of her downfall in Paris, in 1903. He began to quote at length from the letters Thaw wrote from Paris to his attorney, Mr. Longfellow. These letters make many references to the girl's life.

The attorney next declared that Thaw had no occasion to lie to his mother, when he told her the story in Pittsburg after his return from Europe. In contrast to the mother of Evelyn Nesbit Mr. Delmas pictured the mother of Harry Thaw. He reviewed the testimony she gave on the stand and pointed to the love and affection she displayed for her son when he began to display that restlessness which culminated in the tragedy. He spoke in eulogistic terms of her noble character and of the sacrifices she made to lighten the burden and ease the pain of her heart-broken boy.

* * *

Thaw's Letters.

After paying this tribute to Mrs. Thaw Mr. Delmas rehearsed the evidence which related to the attentions which Thaw paid to Evelyn, laying particular stress on that portion which referred to his visits to Pompton, where she was a pupil in a boarding school. He spoke in the tenderest of tones of Thaw's visit to the girl's bedside when she was ill, of his deep concern for her when she was convalescing and of his efforts to restore her to health. He declared that Thaw was then paying honorable court to Evelyn and made her an honorable proposal of marriage soon afterward in Paris.

Mr. Delmas returned to read at length from the letters Thaw wrote to his lawyer, Mr. Longfellow, claiming that they proved beyond a doubt that Evelyn Nesbit had told him her story and further proved that he loved her honestly and honorably and wished to make her his wife. He then called attention to the testimony of Mrs. Caine to the effect that Thaw had at the time Evelyn Nesbit was ill at school asked her mother for the child's hand in honorable marriage. The incidents of the European trip in 1903 were next taken up, as showing Thaw's great love for Evelyn Nesbit. He traced his love as testified by Evelyn Thaw and Mrs. William Thaw down to the time of his wedding.

"Does a man who loves a woman," exclaimed Mr. Delmas, "who has loved her for two years, who has lavished his whole being on her, who centered on her his happiness and his future, who wanted her for his wife—does such a man, I say, invent a story which disgraces in his mind and in the minds of the world the woman he loves? Can any man tell you that Harry Thaw deliberately invented this most disgraceful and most debasing story ever told? Gentlemen, I think I have established to your satisfaction that this story was true, that it is not a fabrication, that Evelyn Thaw's statement that she told this story to Harry Thaw in Paris in 1903 is true.

* * *

Hummel's Testimony.

"Against this assertion what is there in this case?

"Nothing except the testimony of Abraham Hummel. I do not wish to speak of that unfortunate man in terms any stronger than the stern exigencies of this case demand. It is a melancholy picture—that of a man in the declining years of life when the time is approaching when life's sun is setting, crowning a life strewn along its entire path with misdeeds, by one crowning act of infamy, in resorting to perjury in an attempt to deprive a fellow-being of life."

Mr. Delmas read exhaustively from Hummel's testimony, pointing out what he said were discrepancies in almost every statement. He first read what Hummel said about sending for a photographer to make a picture of the affidavit alleged to have been signed by Evelyn Nesbit and having the photographer come to his office. Further along Mr. Delmas read where Hummel denied that he had sent for the photographer or that the man had come to his office.

"These statements," declared the attorney, "came from the lips of the same man upon that witness chair. They were uttered under the solemnity of his oath or whatever solemnity may attach to the oath of a felon—a man convicted and under sentence for perjury. One of the statements was a deliberate falsehood. Which it was I care not—they probably both are false.

"Hummel testified that he dictated this thing miscalled an affidavit," said Mr. Delmas, picking up the paper and waving it aloft. "He says he dictated it in his office in 1903 to a stenographer whose name or individuality he does not recall. If he dictated it, if this is his work, if these are his words, then he committed deliberate perjury here before you, and the evidence is here on the face of the paper.

"To testify against this defendant it was necessary that Hummel—that wretched little old man—to swear that he was not acting as Evelyn Nesbit's attorney; that no legal action was contemplated in her behalf. He came here to tell you that Harry Thaw had beaten like a hound the woman he loved. That is a thing you men know Thaw would rather have died than done.

* * *

"This Man Was Perjured."

"He swore that he had never been attorney for Evelyn Nesbit, yet on the back of this very paper which lay before the District Attorney's eyes when this man was on the stand, are the words: 'Howe & Hummel, attorneys for plaintiff.' On the paper itself are the words: 'Evelyn Nesbit, plaintiff, vs. Harry K. Thaw, defendant.' This man was perjured, perjured when he told you he was not her counsel, perjured when he said he was not her attorney, perjured when he told you no action was contemplated in her behalf. What was the reason for the drawing of this paper? It is simple. Miss Simonton had returned from Europe, and went to Stanford White with the story Evelyn Nesbit had told her. He knew that what he had done would eternally disgrace him if it became known; that it might send him to prison.

"He found Evelyn Nesbit as soon as she returned. He told her, that Harry Thaw was a bad man; that it was necessary for her protection that he be kept away from New York. He took her to Hummel's office, and what was his object? To get from her by a cunning trick, a monstrous deception, a statement which would keep Thaw from telling what he knew that would make trouble for White. In some way, I know not how, this paper was drawn up. Then in the tower Evelyn Nesbit was induced to sign it, or to sign some other paper, without reading it, or knowing what was in it. I don't know whether it was this paper or not. Is this her signature, or is it a clever forgery or photograph? All I know is what comes from so questionable a source is to be valueless. It is a trick. How the trick was done I do not know, but that it was a trick I do know.

"Upon its face this paper proves that the man who dictated it committed perjury on the stand. I know that he is a convicted felon. I know that there are now two indictments against him for procuring false testimony."

To illustrate what he termed Hummel's perfidy, Mr. Delmas delved into the history of the Dodge-Morse divorce case, and explained to the jury how "the discredited lawyer obtained false testimony in an effort to set aside a marriage which had been legally performed and which had resulted happily."

"And you gentlemen," Delmas continued, "are asked upon this man's testimony to make this child a widow by sending this defendant to an ignominious death."

Mr. Delmas' voice had grown quite husky by this time, and he asked for an adjournment until to-morrow morning, saying he expected to finish his address by the noon hour.

Adjournment was ordered until 10:30 a. m.

UNITED PRESBYTERY OF INDIANA TO MEET.

Madison, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—The United Presbytery of Indiana will meet here to-morrow, opening at 1:30 o'clock with a sermon by the Rev. Dr. D. G. Mackay, retiring moderator. In the evening the Rev. R. P. Cooke, of Glenwood, will deliver an address on "The Young People and the Church," and the Rev. W. W. McCall, of Greensburg, will speak on "The Church and Missions." Mr. Cooke is superintendent of the Young People's Society. Mr. McCall spent some time in India in educational work.

On, and On, and On!

The New York Legislature's investigation of insurance ended months ago. Many reforms and economies have since been adopted by the new management of the Mutual Life, and are now a part of its constitution. The election for trustees is over, and the Company itself is going right on, and going on right.

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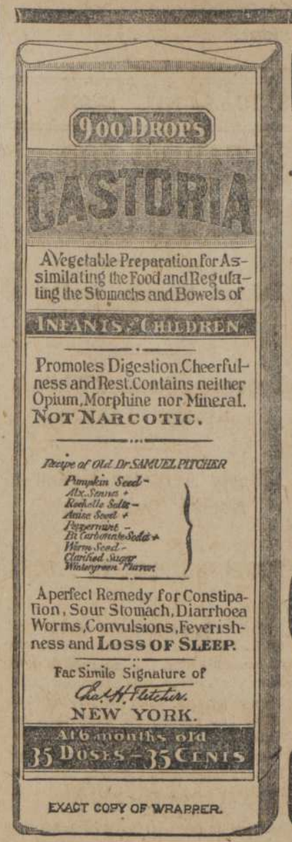
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Values 10c to 30c yard. Sale price 5c, 10c and 15c yard.

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Odds and ends of Waistings in Figured Swisses, Tuckings and Linens; values 25c to 50c—

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LINEN DEPARTMENT.

Odds and ends of Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Quilts, Crashes and Fancy Pieces—

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Fine Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking.

If you wish to procure a Stylish and Perfect-fitting Suit or Dress Made to Order go to

S. ARONSON,

Norton Building, Fourth Floor.

BY STARVATION

County Patrolmen Hope To Overcome Obermiller.

TIP SHANTY OVER AND BOARD IT UP TIGHTLY.

CRAZED MAN PRISONER NOW AS IN A BOX.

SUBMISSION EXPECTED TO-DAY

With his shanty-like prison overturned so that it will be impossible for its crazed inmate to escape, with his supply of both water and food completely exhausted and the source of supply shut off, with their victim all but exhausted from the excitement of the past few days and loss of sleep at night, the county patrolmen who have been ordered to place under arrest Robert Obermiller, a lunatic, who has been barricaded in an outbuilding on the farm of his father, three miles south of Iroquois Park, believe that their crazed victim will be starved into submission within the next twenty-four hours, and that he will be willing to do whatever is demanded of him.

Yesterday, for the fifth day, Obermiller successfully withstood the attempts of the county patrolmen to place him under arrest, and displayed his former dangerous attitude by firing on County Patrolman A. R. Snawder, cutting a button from his coat. Whenever disturbed the crazed man repeated his threats that he would kill anyone who attempted to cross the threshold of his abode, and was equally stubborn in his determination not to leave the building. The orders to the county patrolmen from County Judge Charles A. Wilson to take the man without injury either to the man or to themselves held good through yesterday, and their attempts for the fifth day were without success.

During the morning Obermiller's shanty was overturned by the county officers with the hope that he would be compelled to rush from the house to be surrounded and overpowered by themselves. But this plan was unsuccessful as the others have been, and the man remained in his overturned shanty only to swear at and defy his would-be captors.

* * *

Surrender Or Starve.

After efforts to suffocate Obermiller had failed and after it was learned that no combination of drugs and fumes which they used would have any effect on the man, and after the overturning of his shanty failed to bring its inmate into the open, the county patrolmen determined upon the plan to starve their victim into submission. The door to Obermiller's shanty was immediately boarded and nailed up and all the small openings and cracks in the shanty were covered up securely. Boards to strengthen the different sides of the building were nailed on and everything possible was done to make the prison absolutely secure.

With no supplies of any kind within the building and with no possible means of obtaining food from the outside, the belief of the county patrolmen is that by this morning Obermiller will be completely exhausted. In fact, it is believed that by this morning Obermiller will be willing to surrender without displaying this slightest violence, and the county officers were confident last night that their efforts to take Obermiller captive would end with the dawning of to-day.

* * *

Smoke-Out Tactics Futile.

The attempts to suffocate Obermiller yesterday morning were as futile as they had been on the previous days. Twice the patrolmen filled his shanty with fumes of burning sulphur, to which was added powdered red pepper, but this only infuriated the crazed man the more, and it was during one of these attempts to smoke him out that Obermiller fired on Patrolman Snawder. Shortly after this attack it was planned to overturn his shanty.

Throughout the day the county patrolmen endeavored to persuade Obermiller to leave his room and submit to arrest, but to all their propositions he turned a deaf ear.

* * *

Family Wanted House Righted.

During the afternoon it threatened to rain, and members of Obermiller's family were anxious that his shanty might be righted, so that he would not suffer from the storm. The county patrolmen approached the building and informed him of their purpose. They were immediately driven back by his threats, and he swore, saying that he had more room in his overturned prison than he had before.

Early in the afternoon the police came to the conclusion that they would be unable to capture Obermiller, and made no effort whatever to entice him from his cell. All of the patrolmen, however, remained near the shanty to guard the place, and last night County Patrolmen Snawder, Schultz, Sanders and Lewis stood guard. This morning they fully expect that they will be able to accomplish their purpose and that their six days' siege will be over.

BOTH HOUSES ADJOURN AS MARK OF RESPECT.

Nashville, Tenn., April 8.—[Special.]—The General Assembly did not do much to-day. Both houses met this morning, but almost immediately the death of Senator John M. Graham was announced and accompanied by the announcement that a special train would leave for Pinewood at 10:30 to carry such members of the Assembly as wished to attend the funeral. Then both houses adjourned until 8 o'clock as a further mark of respect.



are to the manner born. Compare them with other so-called College Clothes and note the *SENIOR* superiority.

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KAHN, WERTHEIMER & SMITH CO.

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NO BOMBARDING.

Fullam Lays Down the Law To Belligerents.

FOREIGN BUSINESS INTERESTS MUST BE PROTECTED.

LETTER TO GEN. ESTRADA, OF NICARAGUAN FORCES.

HONDURANS GIVE UP CEIBA.

Puerto Cortes, Honduras, April 4, via New Orleans, April 8.—An authoritative statement of great moment in the relations of the United States to Central American republics has been given out here. It is to the effect that bombardments of coast towns cannot be permitted during the frequent wars and revolutions in Central American States. The statement is by Commander Fullam, of the United States gunboat Marietta, and is part of a letter to Gen. Juan J. Estrada, General commanding the Nicaraguan expedition, engaged in capturing Honduras ports. In part the latter reads:

"I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of March 25 in answer to my communication of March 24 requesting you to avoid the unnecessary destruction of coast towns by bombardment. It must be perfectly plain that foreign interests could not possibly be secure if bombardments are permitted. On the contrary, such interests would be subjected to the danger of complete destruction in every case. If bombardments of coast towns are to be resorted to during the frequent wars and revolutions in Central American States, the mercantile interests of all foreigners will be absolutely insecure in the future. From this it is plainly evident that assurances regarding the safety of American and foreign interests would be of no value whatever unless bombardments of these unfortified wooden towns are forbidden; and it is equally plain that a ship of war ordered here to protect American interests could not be excused for subjecting these same interests to inevitable ruin by permitting the destruction of these towns by fire and bombardment.

Fully three-fourths of the valuable mercantile and business houses in these coast towns are owned by foreigners. Neither belligerent will be permitted to occupy or take cover in these houses during the course of hostilities.

Trusting that I may not be compelled to inform the United States Government that I am mistaken regarding the attitude of Nicaraguan forces toward foreign business interests on this coast, and hoping that you will avoid all danger of complications by giving directions that foreign property shall not be subjected to destruction by fire and bombardment, I remain, etc.

Commander Fullam notified Gen. Quiroz, commanding the Honduran forces near Cetba, that it would be necessary to defend the town from a position outside the city.

American Vessels Active.

Washington, April 8.—The Navy Department was informed to-day that the cruiser Boston has arrived at Acapulco, Mex., on her way to Amapala, Honduras, to relieve the cruiser Chicago, which has been ordered when relieved to proceed to Magdalena Bay, Southern California, for target practice. Information was received also that the gunboat Paducah has sailed from Port Limon, Costa Rica, for Trujillo, Honduras, for the better protection of the interests of the United States on account of the hostilities in progress in that vicinity.

Gen. Christmas Recovering.

Puerto Cortes, April 4, via New Orleans, April 8.—Gen. Lee Christmas, the American, of Memphis, fighting with the Honduran army, who was reported injured and captured at the battle of Nemisque, has been located in Tegucigalpa, where the Nicaraguans took him. He is recovering.

SNOW FLURRIES

IN PROSPECT FOR TO-DAY, SAY WEATHER MAN.

Not Certain, But Every Probability Points To Them—Some Flakes Fell Yesterday.

Snow flurries are on the programme for to-day's weather. While F. J. Walz, Forecaster for this district, is not positive that they will make their appearance, conditions are right for them, and the probabilities are that they will materialize. There were a few snowflakes in the air late yesterday afternoon, and those who noted them heaped imprecations upon the fickleness of the elements. The temperature at 7 o'clock last night had dropped to the forty-degree mark, and the weather man prophesied that it might go to 24 degrees before morning. The highest temperature yesterday was 52 degrees. The cold weather will continue to-day, but the indications are for warmer and cloudy weather to-morrow. There were snow flurries yesterday in Indianapolis, Davenport, Ia.; Chicago and parts of Michigan.

HEAVY WIND IN MONTGOMERY.

Houses Damaged and Orchards Are Ruined.

Mt. Sterling, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—A severe and damaging windstorm, accompanied by much rain and hail, passed over Montgomery county Sunday afternoon. Two large barns on the Winchester pike were blown down, and many other smaller outbuildings. Fences were laid low and shade and fruit trees uprooted. An entire orchard belonging to C. T. Evans was destroyed, together with all of his fences. Window panes were broken and much damage of smaller consequence.

In this city, considerable damage was done, chimneys being blown down and trees and fences torn up. Many persons in the country were frightened, thinking their houses would go over.

No report of damage to stock and crops is reported. The storm seemed to have been local, for in some neighborhoods nothing unusual was experienced.

Storm Damage In Fayette.

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—A heavy thunderstorm which raged here yesterday afternoon and last night caused much damage at various points in the county. On the farm of E. P. Hawkins, on the Leestown pike, the wind swept away the smokehouse and the contents of the building, consisting of hams, shoulders and other pieces of pork, were scattered for fifty yards around. A number of trees and fences were blown down and small buildings wrecked in other sections of the county.

Snow In Southern Indiana.

Evansville, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—Snow fell in many places in Southern Indiana this afternoon, and the mercury is falling to-night. It is feared that the fruit crop will be entirely killed in many localities.

SECOND BOLT

Strikes Christian Church At Crittenden.

SETS FIRE TO STRUCTURE AND DESTROYS IT.

BUILDING HIT ONCE BEFORE AND BADLY DAMAGED.

BUILT FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Crittenden, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The Christian church in this place was struck by lightning yesterday afternoon, set on fire and destroyed. The stroke came at 3:14 o'clock and in forty-two minutes the last section of the wall fell in. The organ, reading stand and other furniture were carried out, but, owing to a high wind, the fire was so rapid that little else could be saved. The structure was frame, built over fifty years ago and was the largest auditorium in town.

It was struck by lightning last September and damaged to the extent of about $200. There was no insurance and, as the congregation is weak numerically and financially, it is not probable it will be rebuilt. Only a favorable wind saved the adjoining residences.

WALL WILL BROKEN.

Jury Decides For Plaintiff For the Third Time.

Maysville, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The Wall will case was decided this afternoon by a jury in the Mason Circuit Court here in favor of the plaintiff. The case was tried twice before, the plaintiff, Mrs. Lydia Dimmitt, of Germantown, this county, being given a verdict each time, and has been sent back by the Court of Appeals for new trial each time.

Mrs. Dimmitt was a daughter of Dr. A. H. and Mrs. Elizabeth Wall, both wealthy citizens of this city. Mrs. Wall died first, and in her will provided for all her children, but willed Mrs. Dimmitt her share in land—150 acres—valued at about $15,000 and made it so that at the death of herself and husband it was to revert back to the other children. Mrs. Dimmitt objected to this and brought suit to break the will, alleging undue influence. Judge Garrett S. Wall, of this city, and Mrs. Lewis Apperson, of Mt. Sterling, are heirs under the will. The case will be appealed again.

"WET" VICTORY UPHELD.

Contest Board Sustains Election In Middlesboro.

Middlesboro, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The committee before whom the contest of the recent "wet" victory in Middlesboro was tried to-day decided in favor of the "wets," upholding the election. The committee was composed of County Judge J. S. Bingham and Magistrate Hoskins, of Pineville. Magistrate Livingston, the other member of the committee, refused to act.

Though fraud was plainly shown, still it was claimed there was not enough to nullify the election.

The "wets'" majority was only 19 out of 1,200 votes. Middlesboro is the only town now in Eastern Kentucky in which whisky is sold.

PRISONERS DIG TUNNEL.

Only One Small Man Escapes—Others Too Large.

Barbourville, Ky., April 8.—Inmates of the Knox county jail attempted to escape this morning, after having worked all night burrowing a tunnel beneath the jail floor to the outside. Charley Lawson, the smallest of the prisoners escaped. The passage was too small for other prisoners and before it could be enlarged the jail guards discovered the attempt.

A posse is after Lawson, who was sentenced for four years for larceny. This is the second attempt made to escape from prison by means of an underground passage.

PLANS FOR UNION COLLEGE.

New Buildings To Be Erected By Subscriptions.

Barbourville, Ky., April 8.—At a meeting of the Barbourville Commercial Club to-night the plans for the two new buildings for Union College were discussed. Of the $50,000 contributed for the erection of the buildings the citizens of this city raised $10,000. A Knoxville firm has been awarded the contract for erecting the buildings and work will begin this month.

For Law and Order League.

Versailles, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The Civic League, of Woodford county, was organized here to-day with sixty-four members. W. O. Davis, of Versailles, was elected president; R. S. Starks, of Midway, first vice president; Lucas Brodhead, second vice president; L. A. Nuckols, third vice president. The main object of the organization is to secure the strict enforcement of the local-option laws and to prevent bribery in elections.

Invalid For Many Years.

Horse Cave, Ky., April 8.—Mrs. Ditha Bumgardner died at her home at Uno, this county, at the age of sixty-two years. She had been an invalid for three years, but death was due to an attack of the grip. Deceased was one of Hart county's best beloved women and was the widow of the late Dr. Jake Bumgardner. She leaves six children,

CLEAR-HEADED

Head Bookkeeper Must Be Reliable.

The chief bookkeeper in a large business house in one of our great Western cities speaks of the harm coffee did for him:

"My wife and I drank our first cup of Postum Coffee a little over two years ago, and we have used it ever since, to the entire exclusion of tea and the old kind of coffee. It happened in this way:

"About three and a half years ago I had an attack of pneumonia, which left a memento in the shape of dyspepsia, or rather, to speak more correctly, neuralgia of the stomach. My 'cup of cheer' had always been coffee or tea, but I became convinced, after a time, that they aggravated my stomach trouble. I happened to mention the matter to my grocer one day and he suggested that I give Postum Food Coffee a trial.

"Next day it came, but the cook made the mistake of not boiling it sufficiently, and we did not like it much. This was, however, soon remedied, and now we like it so much that we will never change back. Postum, being a food beverage instead of a drug, has been the means of curing my stomach trouble. I verily believe, for I am a well man to-day and have used no other remedy.

"My work as chief bookkeeper in our Co.'s branch house here is of a very confining nature. During my coffee-drinking days I was subject to nervousness and 'the blues' in addition to my sick spells. These have left me since I began using Postum Food Coffee, and I can conscientiously recommend it to those whose work confines them to long hours of severe mental exertion." "There's a reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

H. J. GUTMAN & CO., Incorporated.

SALE OF 1,000 TAILORED SUITS

All New Spring Suits of the Most Desirable Fabrics and Latest Styles.

$25.00 Suits at $18.50. **$50.00 Suits at $35.00.**

$37.50 Suits at $25.00. **$75.00 Suits at $47.50.**

A Remarkable Purchase Representing the Surplus of Several Manufacturers at One-third Off. It is the most Fortunate Purchase We Have Ever Made, Coming at an Opportune Time and Being of the Highest Standard of Makes.

H. J. Gutman & Co. INCORPORATED.

Harry, Charlie and Will Bumgardner, Mrs. Sam Locke and Misses Dora and Lizzie Bumgardner.

Popular Conductor Dead.

Henderson, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Capt. William T. Colmesnell, aged sixty-eight years, died at a hospital here of dropsy. He was one of the best-known railroad men in this section, as he had served as passenger conductor on the Illinois Central for seventeen years and on the Ohio Valley railroad before it was sold to the Illinois Central. A wife and two sons survive him. He was also a Confederate veteran.

Mystery Cleared Up.

Paducah, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Exoneration of the crew of the steamer Dick Fowler from responsibility for the death of Frank McKay, Jr., who is supposed to have fallen overboard the night of March 17, will be established at the inquest to-morrow when Ben Hastings testifies. Hastings is the man whom the mate of the boat ejected from the cabin and who was identified from a photograph as Frank McKay.

Big Factory Closed.

Paducah, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Until Judge Evans decides on the injunction suit brought against the Mergenthaler-Horton Basket Company to restrain it from issuing $200,000 stock to pay debts, the factory in this city will be closed down, throwing 300 men out of employment. It is understood that the suit will not permanently close the concern.

Dies of Paralysis.

Georgetown, Ky., April 8.—Mrs. Martha Crockett Graves, widow of Harvey Graves, died Sunday from paralysis aged eighty-six years. She was born in Fayette county. Her family is prominent. She was a pioneer of the Christian church. The funeral services will be held at the Colonial family mansion, built by her husband before the war.

Blown Up By Dynamite.

Versailles, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Cicero Marlow, twenty-eight years old, was blown up this afternoon by the premature explosion of a dynamite blast and was severely injured. He may recover.

COMMONWEALTH ELECTS TO TRY FULT FRENCH

SEVERANCE ASKED BY JOHN ABNER AND JOHN SMITH.

TRIAL OF MEN ACCUSED OF MURDER OF J. B. MARCUM.

BOTH SIDES WILL BE READY.

Beattyville, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—At 1 o'clock to-day Special Judge John Dorsey, of Henderson, called the case of the Commonwealth against B. F. French and others, charged with the murder of J. B. Marcum, and stated from the bench that he would like the attorneys on both sides to hold a conference and announce to him after the conclusion of the Rooney trial, which the attorneys were arguing at the time, whether they could not be ready for trial, as he did not care to remain if the case had to be continued. The Commonwealth announced ready, and it is probable French will announce ready to-morrow.

All the defendants and a large number of witnesses and spectators were present at the calling of the case. Will A. Young, O. H. Pollard, Judge Blanton and J. J. C. Back offered for the defendants, and B. R. Jouett for the Commonwealth.

At 4 o'clock the Commonwealth announced ready for trial. At this time Hon. John C. Eversole, of Booneville, who represented John Smith, moved the court for a severance of the trial as to the defendant Smith and Mr. Back, of Jackson, who represented John Abner, moved to sever the trial as to the defendants, John Abner and French.

The Commonwealth then elected to try B. F. French. The defendant, French, announced that he was not able to make an announcement until to-morrow morning. Judge Dorsey then stated that if defendant came to the conclusion that he was not ready, to prepare his affidavits to-night and present them to court in the morning. After this an adjournment was taken until to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock.

GALVESTON VISITED BY A BRISK BLAZE.

Galveston, Tex., April 8.—Fanned by a high northeast wind, fire which originated in the rear of a building occupied as a furniture store on Strand, near Twenty-fifth street, late to-day, caused the total destruction of three buildings and entailed a loss estimated at $175,000 before the flames could be checked. One of the buildings destroyed was a four-story brick building owned by John Sealy, and occupied by the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Company as an overflow office building. A number of valuable records were destroyed. The other buildings were also of brick construction and were two and three stories in height. They were occupied on the ground floors by the liquor house of R. O'Rourke & Co. and a furniture dealer, and on the floors above by a lodging-house

INSURGENTS CALL ON SECRETARY TAFT

END OF AMERICAN OCCUPATION NOT IN SIGHT.

CENSUS MUST PRECEDE NATIONAL ELECTIONS.

POWER OF GOV. MAGOON.

Havana, April 8.—The members of the Committee of Insurgents with whom Secretary Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon made arrangements for peace in Cuba in September last, had a conference with the Secretary to-day.

The committee asked that the Moderate Governors in the different provinces and the Moderate Mayors and City Councils be replaced by Liberals, but Mr. Taft declared that he would leave that entirely to Gov. Magoon. He added that the Administration was highly satisfied with the Governor's conduct of Cuban affairs and he would be given more authority than ever.

The Secretary met the Conservatives this afternoon and discussed the insular situation. He said that owing to economical conditions he considered a national election at an early date to be unwise, and recommended that such election be postponed until the result of the municipal and provincial elections be known. The Conservative representatives expressed their willingness to leave all to the good judgment of the United States.

After this interview representatives of all the leading banks of Cuba called upon Secretary Taft and asked him to give them one or two year's notice before the holding of national elections, claiming that unless this were done the effect upon commercial conditions in the island would be disastrous. The bankers urged the Secretary not to change the present currency to American money, claiming that to do so would increase the cost of living 12 per cent.

Speaking to the correspondent of the Associated Press Secretary Taft said:

"Various committees waited on me this afternoon. It is impossible to state just what took place, but the consensus of opinion seems to be that it would be wise, and even necessary, to take a census before attempting to hold an election, not only under the present provisional Government, but under any subsequent Government. It would be wise, in order to test the condition of the country and the operation of the election law, to hold a preliminary election, municipal and not national. I have promised to confer with Gov. Magoon and to consult President Roosevelt with a view to further influences with the Liberals and the Conservatives. Other matters are pending concerning which I cannot speak, in the first place, because nothing would be gained thereby, and also, as the Spaniards say, it is not 'convenient.'"

There is a general impression, gathered by what Secretary Taft said to-day, that the American occupation of Cuba will last for another year at least.

EX-CORONER CHARGED WITH KILLING WIFE

WOMAN FOUND WITH TWO BULLETS IN HER BREAST.

ALARM GIVEN TO POLICE BY SERVANT'S SCREAMS.

WAS PROMPTLY ARRESTED.

New York, April 8.—Dr. Samuel S. Guy, a prominent dentist of Far Rockaway, and for a number of years Coroner of Queens borough, is under arrest, charged with the murder of his wife in their home to-night. The woman's body was found lying on the dining-room floor with two bullet wounds in the breast. Dr. Guy was arrested as he was leaving the house and just as a servant came screaming from one of the doors and hysterically told a policeman that her mistress was dead.

Late this afternoon the doctor came from a saloon near his residence and entered his home. It is alleged that he went to the kitchen and annoyed a servant for some minutes, finally being induced to leave the girl by his wife. The servant says that as husband and wife entered the dining-room Mrs. Guy slapped his face. Immediately afterward the door closed and in a few minutes two shots startled the girl.

Dr. Guy walked to the hall, took down his overcoat and started out of the house. A policeman met him and asked him where he was going.

"Just to get a cigar," said the doctor coolly.

A few seconds later the cries of the servant were heard and the doctor was promptly arrested.

Snow In Wisconsin.

Tomahawk, Wis., April 8.—Twelve inches of snow has fallen here since Sunday morning, and it is still snowing.

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SOUTHERN EDUCATORS MEET AT PINEHURST.

Pinehurst, N. C., April 8.—The Association of State Superintendents of Public Instruction of the Southern States met here to-night to reorganize and to outline plans for future educational work and for the betterment of the public school system in the South. The meeting was of an informal character, and adjourned until Wednesday. Among the superintendents present were S. A. Mynders, of Tennessee, chairman; J. J. Doyne, of Arkansas; W. B. Merritt, of Georgia; Parry Gunnet, of Alabama; O. B. Martin, of South Carolina; J. Y. Joyner, of North Carolina, and M. O. Winfrey, of Kentucky.

WORRY OVER EMBEZZLEMENT CHARGE CAUSES DEATH.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 8.—J. H. Kennedy, ex-secretary-treasurer of the Indiana Mine Workers, died to-night. Death was the result of a nervous collapse following disclosures which led to his removal on a charge of embezzling funds of the organization.

Courier-Journal.

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TEN PAGES

TUESDAY............APRIL 9, 1907

"Business."

Monday Evening, April 8.—The New York stock market was dull and professional, final prices showing narrow net changes mixed.

Money on call was easy at 1¾ to 2½ per cent., ruling at 2. Time loans were dull and easy at 4½ to 5¼. Sterling exchange was firm.

The continued absence of rain in Kansas and Nebraska caused strength in the Chicago wheat market, the May delivery closing 1c higher. Corn was up ⅛c to ⅜c. Oats were ⅛c higher.

The cotton market was quiet with a fair undertone of strength. Final prices showed practically no changes.

The Chicago cattle market was steady to 10c lower, the hog market generally 15c lower and the sheep market steady.

George Anderson Robinson.

When Richard Anderson Robinson died a few years ago at an advanced age he left seven sons. The father was a man of high character, a builder of business, a devoted churchman and a man who set a standard of citizenship worthy the emulation of other men. His sons were men of similar qualities and they exhibited the rare and splendid instance of a large family without "a black sheep." They became stalwart business men and prime factors in the development of Louisville.

It is this extraordinary record of a family, aside from his individual worth, that renders peculiarly noteworthy and grievous the death of Mr. George Anderson Robinson, one of those sons. The first death in the family of brothers in forty-three years, this is the first invasion of the group who, shoulder to shoulder, have done much to give prestige to the name of Robinson and add to its pre-existing prominence in Louisville.

George Anderson Robinson was an admirable citizen, a man of splendid habits, a business man of ability, a devoted man of family, and a churchman with a firm and real faith. He died at the prime of life, but his brief career was one of accomplishment, and Louisville is better off for his having lived.

The Significance of the Festival.

Next week in Louisville will be made memorable by the Music Festival.

Here is an event whose emphatic success should be a matter of concern and pride to every resident of Louisville for the measure of its success will have much to do with Louisville's future as a city of music. Should it fail to arouse the interest and attract the support it should have the result would so discourage the public-spirited citizens who have planned it as to make them unwilling to undertake another such movement soon. On the other hand, its complete triumph would pave the way for greater efforts in the coming years and for a musical zeal whose eventual outcome might be more magnificent than is dreamed of to-day.

Assuredly, Louisville needs further growth along aesthetic lines. The city within recent years has undergone a revolution in its material strength. Great buildings, new factories, new fortunes, new stores, advances in real estate values, the spreading suburbs, the crowded shops and streets, the chugging automobiles, testify to it. But in works for the uplifting of the mind and spirit the city has been all along and is to-day deficient. We need to soften harsh, material life with beauty—the beauty of art and music. There exists in many a Louisville person a craving for such beauty which cannot be gratified because it is not to be had. Especially is this true of music. There are here some capable and even brilliant musicians, and they are doing much to develop a taste and are doing, moreover, what they can to satisfy it; but there is no sustained musical activity on big lines. Musical appetite gets seldom a chance to revel in the works of Beethoven, Tschaikowsky and others of the mighty company. Except to an initiated few these names signify nothing; they convey no impression of a musical style or of specific works. An opportunity to hear their compositions is the lack which stands between ignorance and knowledge, indifference and demand. Familiarity with the master works breeds a passion for them. This passion must first be given its chance to develop before it can exist. It cannot develop on air and silence and blank walls. It requires the hearing of music to lead to the desire for more music.

Therefore, the Music Festival should have general support because of the bearing its success has on the future life of Louisville. Louisville should wax stronger and stronger musically from year to year, and there is no time like the present to start upon the growth. Neglect of this one event might retard the city's progress twenty years in this important branch.

But, all other considerations waived, the Festival will deserve support on its own merits as an artistic revelation. This, after all, is the main thing. Civic pride will not pump life into a Festival that falls short artistically, and no Festival failing in this particular can hope to be a success or to achieve something for the future. Some notable artists are to give some notable programmes next week, and their names and their programmes declare their exalted standard and possibilities.

Mr. Cleveland's Brief.

Mr. Grover Cleveland is much interested in the life insurance business, and it is not surprising that he should submit a brief on the subject. But Mr. Cleveland came into the business on account of the public confidence in him as a man of integrity, and it is to be regretted that his brief has the semblance of an argument in favor of some of the elements that have made the business odious to many people. Even a grafter has his constitutional rights, but the insistence on them ought to be perfectly clear. It would appear that Mr. Cleveland is less happy than usual in his arguments on this subject.

Corporations are usually the creation of particular States, being authorized by an act of the Legislature, or under laws passed by the law-making power of States. Their right to fix the salaries of their officers is given and may be limited by the law of the State that creates them, and cannot be changed by other States. But any other State may decide what corporations shall do business in its territory, and upon what conditions—subject, however, to the Constitution of the United States. It is the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution that Mr. Cleveland invokes to prohibit the restrictions of the salaries of the officials of insurance companies. In other words, he argues that an insurance company chartered in New Jersey or New York cannot be prohibited from doing business in Kentucky because it fixes the salary of its president or other official at an unreasonable figure.

The Fourteenth amendment says that no State shall make or enforce any law that shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States. Now a corporation has been decided to be a citizen of the State that creates it. As an artificial person it is put on the same basis with natural persons. The corporation is a citizen of the State and hence of the United States. This rather technical construction of the law has given to corporations created by States a degree of importance that is often inconvenient, and even productive of injustice. States which compete for corporation fees have been in the habit of creating corporations with ample powers which go into other States and seek to exercise powers that the State itself refuses to grant its own corporations. The extravagant claims of corporations in this respect have been contested, and the extent to which they can go in spite of State regulations is not fully settled.

It is admitted that a State cannot abridge the privileges and immunities of a citizen of the United States. But the right to conduct the business of life insurance is not a privilege of every citizen, but of those to whom a franchise for that purpose is granted. A State may control its national citizens and it may control the artificial persons which it creates for the purpose of carrying on various sorts of business. This control, however, is nugatory if the artificial firm doing business in one State can acquire from another the right to do what it cannot do under a home charter. When natural persons come here from Indiana or New York we have a right to control them. They are subject to our laws just as are our native-born citizens. We cannot abridge their privileges and immunities, or in other words, we cannot deprive them arbitrarily of life, liberty and property, or the equal protection of the laws. But citizens who at home cannot be hanged for murder can be executed here precisely as if they were natives. The exemption from hanging is not a privilege or immunity that appertains to all citizens of the United States. It would seem by parity of reasoning that an artificial person doing business in this State is not entitled to immunity from the restrictions that we choose to impose upon them, simply because they are exempt from them by the laws of the State which created them. It is admitted, indeed, that they are subject to the police powers of the State, but it is argued that in fixing the salaries of officers at not exceeding $50,000 a year the State is going beyond its police powers. That, however, is a question of such far-reaching importance that it cannot be settled by the mere assertion of an advocate however distinguished.

Mr. Cleveland thinks that the States are aiming to exercise an unreasonable, unnecessary and arbitrary interference with the rights of an individual and his personal liberty. Now this is largely a matter of opinion. Many think it is an arbitrary restriction of personal liberty to stop the sale of liquors or impure food, but the right of the States to do this has been steadily upheld. The companies doing the business of life insurance may be private corporations, but the managers are handling trust funds. The giving of immoderate salaries to themselves may well be within the police powers of the States, because they are necessary to the protection of the citizens of the States who take the policies of the company. If the State cannot restrict the salary of a president to $50,000, can it restrict it at all? Has it any right to say that the insurance company that is a citizen of the United States shall not engage in a special career of graft? Besides, this argument seems to prove that a president who is entirely inefficient must nevertheless receive a salary in accordance with the receipts of his company, which is not the true principle at all. It remains to be seen that the companies cannot secure competent officers at the reduced rate. The investigations which called Mr. Cleveland into the management of an insurance company showed that men got high salaries for virtually looting the companies, and it certainly remains to be proved that the payment of unreasonable salaries out of other people's money is a privilege or immunity of a citizen of the United States.

When Roosevelt Lived Upon Manna.

The more one considers the generous proportions and the mysterious origin of that Republican campaign fund of 1904, the more one must marvel at the dispensations of Providence in behalf of the sinless.

When it became necessary for the Republican national machine to have a large amount of money with which to defray the legitimate and illegitimate expenses of the campaign, a campaign fund appeared, apparently from out of the blue of heaven. And, like the peach of emerald hue,

"It grew, it grew"—

When the time for using the campaign fund rolled around the size of that fund was such that it suggested the possibility that a Brobdingnagian Aladdin had caused it to spring into existence by rubbing the sun for a lamp, but persistent rumor had it that the raising of the money had not been accomplished by the sort of necromancy by which Aladdin filled coffers.

The only thing definitely known about the campaign fund is that the candidate for President knew not whence it came nor why. He made no promises. He asked no aid. He made no deals. He never dreamed that anyone was looting a life insurance company or milking a trust to help to make that campaign fund outshine "the wealth of Ind." He would as willingly have entered into a compact with Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves as to have allowed a dishonest dollar to be subscribed even for the high purpose of hiring voters to save the republic by electing a trust-busting patriot. Had he dreamed that his man Friday, George Bruce Cortelyou—now a ruler over cities because he was faithful in small things—was beguiling, or would have beguiled, frenzied financiers, stock-jobbing "enemies of the republic," and the like, into pouring cash into the Campaign Committee's treasury, under the impression that the gifts were investments, he would have beaten the wrist of that misguided patriot black and purple with a lemonade straw or some other deadly weapon.

Aside from the one thing known about that campaign fund one thing is believed, and the rest is mystery. It is very generally believed, because Mr. Cortelyou has made a clean breast of his part in the garnering of the gold, that Mr. Cortelyou never knowingly accepted more than $1 at a time for the fund. Sometimes he accepted a silver dollar, sometimes a silver certificate, once or twice two quarters and a half-dollar, but aside from love gifts from patriots he cannot recall having accepted anything. He certainly never asked the hated rich to fork over any of their ill-gotten loot. A camel might have galloped through the eye of a needle more readily than a trust magnate could have gotten a barrel of money into the coffers guarded by the faithful Cortelyou.

Nothing was promised, and nothing was done to get together the stupendous sum wherewith the patriots prevented hundreds of thousands of voters from making the mistake of their lives, and wherewith they defrayed the legitimate expenses of a campaign that resulted in electing the avowed, uncompromising, savage and relentless enemies of the corporations.

The only tenable theory to the origin of the campaign fund is that the money descended from heaven as manna once descended. Upon manna subsisted the stainless candidate while awaiting in the wilderness to be elected President of these United States. Anyone who thinks anything else is a dog of an unbeliever, a falsifier, a deliberate teller of untruth, a malicious liar.

It is probable that about next Thursday the Washington correspondents will get a hurry call from the White House and that when they assemble there they will receive a written statement "from the highest authority" to the effect that the Republican campaign fund was manna, and was accepted as manna, and that a conspiracy having been formed among the ruthless rich to create a false impression and overthrow the President and prevent him from writing the Republican slate at the next convention, he will be forced to try, against his wishes, and regardless of his previous statements, to get himself renominated, and to try to set the hateful burden of office upon his shoulders again.

Physical Culture On the Bleachers.

Springs has come. This week will mark the real opening of the baseball season. The first big league games will be played Thursday. In New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Philadelphia, Washington, St. Louis and Detroit grandstand and bleachers will be a blaze of color and a revel of yells. Nothing short of a soaking rain or a blizzard will prevent the great American public from paying eloquent tribute to the great American game.

Baseball as an amusement for the spectators and as a profession remunerative to players has been duly exploited in the public prints, but baseball as a fresh-air cure, a health restorer and constitution builder has not been properly recognized by the medical profession or the ruthless employer. It should be more generally understood that the game is one of the finest spring medicines and one of the most excellent forms of physical culture. It is the only safe and reliable form of physical cluture that can be taken for the most part in a sitting posture and without conscious effort. It is therefore of incalculable value to countless thousands of persons who could not be persuaded to undergo the fatigue of exercise with Indian clubs, who would as soon strike a lady as to pound a punching bag, and who would perish miserably at forty rather than take to tennis or cross-country walking. This should be borne in mind by employers of the sedentary classes, and as much rope as possible should be given to the baseball-going office boy and clerk.

Laughing is the finest exercise for the abdominal muscles. Who laughs as the fan laughs when the third baseman fails to connect with a ball and two men on the home team score?

"Get your mind off of your business," says the nerve specialist" and you will suffer no more from insomnia, cold feet and melancholia." Whose mind is further from his business than the man who faces a dusty diamond where demigods contend for supremacy and the plaudits of a worshiping multitude?

"Get up a good perspiration," says the family doctor," and your liver will not shirk its duty. Who gets up a profuse and evenly distributed perspiration, if not the man who sits upon a hot pine board and is cooked through and through like a planked shad, although he is oblivious of his discomfort?

Deep breathing is the best lung renovator and chest builder. Who takes so deep a breath as the fan whose eye is upon the soaring spheroid that may fall into the hands of the enemy in the field and make a three bagger an unrealized dream? And who expels the last bit of breath from the lobes of his lungs with such force as does the ecstatic fan when the fly is muffed?

There is no better method of making the blood bound through the veins than simple, joyous yelling. According to a physical culturist everyone should occasionally get out in the woods, where there is no danger of arrest for disorderly conduct, and yell. How much more sensible to ride to the ball park in a comfortable street car and sit down and yell with one's fellow man where competition breeds ambition to excel.

Waving the arms and rising upon the toes is advocated by physical culturists as a means of strengthing the legs and arms and back and chest. Who rises upon his toes and waves his arms with such vim and vigor and exercises all his muscles at once with such abandon as the man who believes that the umpire should be rended limb from limb and trampled in the dust, and is striving with all of his might to incite a riot in the name of freedom and fair play?

Among the beneficial forms of physical culture certainly must be included that a man gets by regularly attending the baseball game, and the office force, at this time of the year, needs nothing so much as physical upbuilding.

The cyclonic disturbances have begun to manifest themselves somewhat earlier in the season than usual, and show other rather abnormal features. The theory respecting them is that they are the result of the air which comes down from high northern regions along the western base of the Rocky Mountains, becoming heated on the hot plains of Southern Texas and Mexico, and thence returning in a northeastern direction with a spiral motion. The first cyclonic disturbance for this season, however, which occurred last week, showed a decided variation from this rule. It hailed from Texas, but, instead of taking a northerly course, traveled due east through the greater part of Louisiana, and thence crossing the State of Mississippi spending itself in Alabama, accompanied with a heavy destruction of property and the loss of a number of lives. On Sunday last there were very high winds from the southwest, which traversed Kentucky, and at various points exhibited cyclonic symptoms in the unroofing of houses and destruction of trees and fences. Fortunately the manifestation was not attended with loss of life. As yet there has been no report of any cyclones in Texas pointed this way, such phenomena being rare. But the season is at hand when they may be expected to make their appearance in Texas and traverse by leaps and bounds parts of Oklahoma and the Indian Territory, exhausting themselves in the regions northward. They not infrequently cross the Mississippi, but rarely extend as far eastward as Kentucky.

According to a Washington commentator, the President has "cut the Harriman clique to the quick." Unquestionably George and Theodore did make a deep incision when the 1904 campaign fund was being raised.

In response to the Penrose denial Loeb says no names were mentioned. The Yellow House statements seem to be fashioned after the William D'Alton Mann society paragraphs.

President Bonilla of Nicaragua has fallen back upon Amapala, which, it seems, is a last resource, corresponding to Sandy Hook, Ky.

A Modern Poultry Farm.

By Frederic J. Haskin.

"One-half mile to America's greatest poultry farm." So reads the sign which confronts the traveler when he alights from the train at a little village in the mountainous anthracite region of Pennsylvania. As we traversed the winding road that led to the farm, my guide told me all about the remarkable rise of the poultry industry. He said that the American hen, under the careful guidance of the poultry fancier, had developed possibilities as a wealth-producer that were formerly unheard of. "Think of selling eggs at thirty-five cents each," he said, "which is more for one egg than a dozen ordinarily sell for."

* * *

In reply to my inquiry if he sold very many at that rate, he said: "Yes, indeed; we sell hundreds of dozens at that price every season. We are sending orders to Panama, Australia, South Africa, Canada and to people in all parts of the Union. These orders are for hatching purposes. We do not get so much for table eggs, but we supply the latter in large quanities. We have a contract for furnishing a large hotel in New York 600 dozen every week. We also have a contract to supply a big firm in New York with 3,000 dozen every week, to be retailed in its grocery department. This is doubtless the largest contract ever attempted in this country, more, in fact, than any one firm could possibly provide from the eggs laid by its own hens. We have buyers out who gather a large portion of the supply from the farmers of the neighborhood."

* * *

The farm consists of eighty-two acres. The buildings and yard of the immense plant cover over thirty-five acres, and the amount of floor space under roof is a little more than 112,000 square feet. In addition to being the largest, it is one of the best-equipped plants ever built in this country or abroad. It is lighted by electricity, heated by steam and watered by a system of pipes which are fed by an immense living well on the premises. Everything about the place is conducted on a wholesale basis. There is a root and vegetable store-house, where thousands of bushels of beets, carrots, turnips, cabbage, etc., are stored away every fall for winter use. This house is built below the level of the ground to protect its contents from frost.

* * *

In one of the buildings there is an immense food-cooker, which will hold a thousand gallons. It is two stories high, being loaded from above and emptied from below. Several barrels of fresh meat and bones are dumped in at once, the door bolted down and a pressure of seventy pounds of steam turned into it for thirty minutes, at the end of which time the entire substance, meat, bone and all, is reduced to soup. Mule meat is used almost exclusively in making this broth. The farm is in the center of the anthracite coal district, so that aged and lame animals, or those killed by accident, are easily obtainable. The soup made from the flesh of the mules is used to mix with the food of the young fowls.

* * *

Water is never mixed with their food from the time they leave the incubators until they are sent to market. They are given plenty to drink, but the soup from the meat of the mules is considered better for them in their food. Great quantities of bread are fed to the growing fowls. They consume from 600 to 1,000 loaves daily. Shell is purchased by the carload and ground by machinery on the premises. The food is carted about the place on a little tramway. When the track runs through the yards, as it must in some places, it is built on trestles so as not to injure or disturb the young fowls.

* * *

The killing house, where the poultry is dressed for the market, has floors that incline toward the rear wall, so that all water, blood, etc., may be easily drained off after a day's killing. In the height of the season the men go to work at 3 o'clock in the morning. The live birds are brought to the killing house in the cars of the tramway. The arrangement of this house is as complete as it is possible to make it. It has long picking benches, which extend the entire length of one side of the building. Each operator has a window to afford him plenty of light. There are scalding vats, feather bins, cooling troughs, dripping racks, packing benches, feather presses, billing desks, ice breakers, platform and hanging scales, and numerous other little contrivances so that thousands of birds can be turned out with a speed that seems incredible.

* * *

The manner in which the eggs are taken care of is a departure. The farmer's wife generally gathers them in her apron, puts them away in any sort of receptacle that happens to be empty and close at hand, and after they have accumulated sufficiently to make it worth while, packs them in bran or sawdust, and takes them to the village store. A new and novel plan is in effect at this big farm. There are 2,000 hens in the laying department. The daily product of this immense flock is from 1,000 to 1,200 eggs. At intervals throughout the day the eggs are collected, the date stamped upon them, then they are wrapped nicely in tissue paper, packed neatly in boxes holding a dozen each, and the chances are that if biddy cackles before noon, her egg will be broken that same evening by some cook as he prepares the 6 o'clock meal for the guests in a New York hotel.

* * *

Part of the business of the plant consists of supplying young ducks and chickens to summer hotels, clubs, high-class restaurants, steamship lines and market dealers who cater to the best trade of the big cities. These broilers command a high price. A pair of ducks ten weeks old sell in the market for $2.50. An Irishman has the reputation of raising the finest ducks that go into the Eastern market. Pat came over from the old country as a stowaway, got a job on a duck ranch, made a study of the life and habits of the fowl, and now he is a recognized authority on the science of producing fine specimens. He knows all sorts of tricks about the business. For instance, just before he sends his birds to market he puts something in their food that makes their skins as yellow as butter. When these rich-looking fowls come into the market with Pat's little tin trademark sticking in their bills, the dealers always pay more than the market price for them. If Pat ever makes up his mind to go back to Ireland, he won't have to go as a stowaway.

* * *

Ducks are more difficult to raise than chickens, because they are so cowardly. The difference between the two is noticeable from the start. When a number of chicks are liberated from the incubators, they walk boldly out in the light and begin a critical survey of their surroundings. Ducklings will peep timidly out of the incubators, become alarmed at the strange sights their young eyes behold for the first time, and make a dash for the darkest corner available. It takes considerable coaxing to get them to venture out and make a start for themselves, and, strange to say, they do not outgrow their fear. When a stranger enters their pen they rush pell mell to the opposite side and pile upon each other several feet deep. As a result of such a scare there will always be several dead ducks and a number of crippled ones.

* * *

It is estimated that a duck loses in weight every time it is frightened, so it is a matter of good business to keep strangers away from their pens, and few visitors are allowed to go there. One of the best ways to get a flock of ducklings to venture out and forage for themselves is to put a little chicken among them. They are quick to follow a leader, and when young Mr. Chicken, who is not afraid, leads off, the ducks are right after him. They improve their habits and get better manners from associating with the chickens, but they never outgrow their timidity. A light has to be kept burning in their pens all night, and the keepers go through at regular intervals. If the ducklings are left alone in the dark, it is not long until the vivid imagination of one of them conjures up something at which to get scared. He will sound an alarm, and the panic which follows is something terrible. Ducks are very fond of the men who feed and care for them, but any other breathing thing causes them to go to pieces.

* * *

The science of raising poultry by the use of incubators and brooders has progressed to such an extent that there are more machine-made fowls than those who owe their existence to the watchful care of old biddy, their natural mother. One has a tendency to pity the shrinking little orphans when they stagger out of the incubators, with barely enough strength to toddle along. They are a motherless lot of little waifs, who have to face life without the protection and sympathy of parental ear, but they seem to get along first rate, and probably do not miss old biddy's attentions on account of never having known them.

When feeding time comes, the keepers have a peculiar call which never fails to bring the tiny feathered beauties in swarms from every direction. The attendants also have an alarm call which is a sort of imitation of the whirring noise of a hawk's wings. In event of a storm coming up suddenly, they can clear the yards in less time than it takes to tell it by sounding this alarm, for which the little birds soon learn to be on the lookout. The natural enemy of the young chicks and ducklings is the rat, but ferrets are kept on the place, and the loss from the depredations of the rodent are small.

To-morrow—Notes on the Poultry Industry.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Too Ultra.

On Monday we go out, we'll say,
Perspire a lot,
And peevishly pronounce the day
A deal too hot.
On Tuesday we are really mad.
We fume and scold
Because the weather is, egad,
A heap too cold!

On Wednesday, dust begins to fly,
Then rain we get,
At first we call the day too dry,
And then, too wet.
And now we to the moral come
Of this, my rhyme:
In spring the weather man, by gum,
Works overtime!

* * *

And Not Be Shook.

"That fellow will shake you for the drinks any time."

"Well, if you like his company, you ought to buy occasionally yourself."

* * *

What's the Use?

"You can t'fool all of the people all of the time," declared the amateur sage.

"I have no wish to," responded the practical magnate. "Lots of the people have no money."

* * *

Wary.

I like a saloon
With a door at the back.
You don't catch me
In a cul de sac.

* * *

The Municipal Family.

"Rome is the mother of civilization."
"What city is the father?"
"I don't know. Boston is the Hub."

* * *

Moral Is Plain.

"Little sharp to-day," observed the man who advertises.

"Little dull around here," responded the man who does not.

* * *

Not Likely.

"Now, as to this Ohio Senator."
"Yes?"
"He sems to want a fight."
"Well, I hardly think he'll have to shoot himself up."

Music and the Drama.

Viola Allen In "Cymbeline"—Macauley's.

IT IS a rare combination when Viola Allen is the star of a stage production, when the drama is one from the library of Shakespeare, and when the production itself is worthy of both the star and the author. This in a word describes the presentation of "Cymbeline" last evening at Macauley's. The production itself will linger in the minds of those who saw it as a mental picture of beauty, but over and above this will be treasured in the recollection the Imogen of Miss Allen. It is an exemplification of histrionic art, a character drawing where the portrayer has fathomed the intent and purpose of the author, and has the mentality, technique and temperament to present the role with its full significance and meaning and in all its strength and grace.

Than Miss Allen there is no actor or actress on any stage to-day more popular with Louisville patrons of the play. This fact was readily and plainly attested by the size and personnel of the audience that welcomed Miss Allen at Macauley's last evening. It was a representative Louisville audience socially, in numbers, in ability to appreciate the artistic work done and to voice appreciation of it. Louisville and Kentucky have a closer feeling for Miss Allen and a greater interest in her than for the casual actor or actress "within our gates." Thrice welcome is she to the Bluegrass State, and especially to this city, where her splendid art is recognized and honored.

Those who remember Miss Allen's production several seasons ago of "Twelfth Night"—which, by the way, she presents at Macauley's to-morrow evening—will understand just what a magnificent production "Cymbeline" is when it is said that it is the equal in every pictorial way of this other one of her repertoire. Here is a series of stage pictures painted with a lavish hand, yet the colors are all true, the details are effective, and history is faithfully adhered to in the counterfeit presentment of the period in which the employed charaters lived and moved. Especially effective and beautiful are the massive interior settings, and no single scene is handsomer or more graphically pictured than the wild, rugged stretch of country among the hills of Wales.

"Cymbeline" is one of the most voluminous in text of any of the dramas from the pen of the great English poet. In its entirety, it is next to impossible of stage production. Yet the version in which Miss Allen appears shows a clarity of ideas, a preservation of all the essentials of the story, continuity and sustained vitality and interest. It is an excellent work that has been done in condensing this from the original text for stage portrayal, for the story is fully told and loses nothing of its meaning, strength or charm.

One of the longest, "Cymbeline" is also one of the most beautiful of Shakespeare's works. As is known, this classic was one of the last of the English poet's creations. He gave to its making the maturity of years and judgment; he wrote from a poetic nature, and with the guidance of the philosopher of ripened experience and wonderful mentality. The drama in every sense is Shakespearean. This is true of theme and character drawing, as well as of context and situations. Styled by some as a tragedy, it is also a play of lighter, happier moments and surroundings that stand out in happy contrast to the dramatic intensity, the somber shadows and tragic notes.

Louisville this season has had two examples of Shakespearean drama at its truest, highest standards—Miss Allen's present offering of "Cymbeline" and Louis James' production of "The Merry Wives of Windsor." In each instance there has been no mangling or mutilation, but judicious and effective condensation, and also in each instance, the author's purpose has been fully revealed, tradition has been splendidly sustained and scenic investiture has been ornate and elaborate, without any violation of history for the sake of picturesque achievement. Would there were more such artists and more such productions of the legitimate drama.

Until the present time the writer had remembered with happiness but two Imogens. These were played by Mrs. Fiske and Margaret Mather. Now, to one mind at least, there is but one Imogen of Shakespeare's meaning and purpose to hold a place in the hisrory of the stage of this country, and this is the Imogen of Viola Allen's portrayal. This heroine of "Cymbeline" is a many-sided character. She is of the higher intellectual type yet with a wealth of womanly tenderness, modesty and charm. She has all the mentality of Portia, the romance of Juliet, the coquetry of Rosalind and the devotion of Desdamona. It is thus that Miss Allen pictures her. The actress of strong personality and of temperament, she gives a performance where one readily recognizes the splendid mentality that guides and develops the character from the viewpoint of technique, and also throughout her portryal, gracious, tender womanliness shines to carry the message deeper into one's heart and brighten the eyes with admiration that is sincere. Miss Allen is the artist in any and all of her character drawings; she is artistic to the veriest detail in her performance of Imogen. Her comedy is delightful, her emotional work is sympathetic and always beautifully tempered and her reading is constantly a veritable joy.

Miss Allen has a splendid supporting company, every part being admirably taken. Next to Miss Allen the Iachimo of Fuller Mellish deserves recognition. He plays this crafty, Iago-like part absolutely without a flaw. Here is an actor of temperament, an artist. William K. Harcourt gives a vigorous and spirited performance as Posthumus. Sidney Herbert does exceptionally clever and effective comedy work as Cloten. Henry J. Hodfield, as the King, is satisfactory. C. Leslie Allen, seasoned old artist that he is, gives an admirable portrayal of Pisanio. Frederick Roland, as Polydore, does excellent work. Alison Skipworth, as the queen, Myron Calice as Belarius, and Douglas Gerrard, as Cadwall, are well deserving of mention.

Miss Allen will present "Cymbeline" this afternoon and "Twelfth Night" this evening at Macauley's.

Mary Mannering In "Glorious Betsy"—The Mary Anderson.

More time and thought should be applied to the work of naming plays. Apparently some of our playwrights use up all of their really merchantable gray matter in grinding out the play itself and then rummage in the mental junk heap for a name, and, taking whatever bobs up first fasten it upon the brain-child with no more compunction than a pair of proud parents feel when they brand a helpless infant with a name he is sure to be ashamed of when he grows up and to use in full only upon wedding invitations, legal documents and visiting cards.

The example of the Pullman Company, which pays for names, might well be emulated by some of the playwrights. Why should our sleeping cars be named Rosalind, Gwendolyn, Cleopatra and the like, while our heroines of the stage are dubbed "All-of-a-Sudden Peggy" and "Glorious Betsy?"

"Betsy," by itself, or followed by a surname, is above reproach. Pauline, Elizabeth and Dorothea are girls of the stand-offish sort of whom we are somewhat afraid. Polly, Betsy and Dolly are the girls with whom we are upon a footing of comradeship and upon whom we depend, but "Glorious Betsy," in which Mary Mannering opened an engagement at the Mary Anderson last night, is a title some grateful suburbanite might engrave upon the tomb of a faithful cook who died at her post after two years of service in the same kitchen. Upon billboards it is not a name well calculated to attract. And after seeing the play there seems to be no adequate excuse for the author's failure to give it a more descriptive title.

The play presents Miss Mannering in a role not unlike that of Janice Meredith. The opening scene is at Old Sweet Springs, Virginia, in the summer of 1803. Betty Patterson, the daughter of a wealthy Baltimorean, is a Southern belle, surrounded by a dozen cavaliers, each of whom proposes whenever the backs of the others are turned, and sometimes without awaiting so much of an opportunity. One of them is her French tutor, who is in reality Jerome Bonaparte, the brother of Napoleon, and others are John C. Calhoun, Henry Clay and Sir Harry Blake, of Ireland. The story is of the recall of Bonaparte to France, where Napoleon desires him to marry a princess and ascend the throne of Westphalia, of the separation of the young captain and his sweetheart on shipboard, the Pattersons having accompanied him to the coast of France, and Napoleon having forbidden Miss Patterson to land, and threatened his brother with disgrace and exile to force him to obey his commands—and of the return of Bonaparte to Baltimore to become the husband of Betsy Patterson instead of wearing a crown.

The opening act, beginning with the early awakening of the visitors at the springs and the appearance of ladies in curl papers and kimonos and gentlemen in bath robes to anathematize the birds for breaking their slumbers, and introducing Betsy returning from a runrise walk barefooted, with one of the gallants carrying her stockings on his arm, is sufficiently unconventional and is not lacking in humor. In this and the second act Miss Mannering is seen at her best. As the charming, vivacious young girl, used to homage, demanding it as her right, yet deserving it so fully that it is rendered freely, she makes the best of excellent opportunities, and during the first two acts "Glorious Betsy" is one of the most charming of the romantic comedies produced during the last five or six years. It is not due to any fault of Miss Mannering's that the really brilliant promise of the first and second acts is not fulfilled in the third and fourth.

The scene upon shipboard, where Betsy first pleads with Napoleon for her happiness, and finally responds to his appeal to her not to let her love for his brother make him a deserter from the army and a traitor to France would be more satisfactory if the author had provided a better climax than that of a heart-broken girl looking out into the fog and crying "Jerome, Jerome" to a departing and invisible lover. Apparently an effort has been made to avoid the common-place scenes in which the lady faints and the lover is allowed to escape during the period of unconsciousness, but the effort is not altogether successful. The fourth act drags somewhat because the ending is obvious at its opening, but notwithstanding these faults the play is much better than anything in which Miss Mannering has been seen upon the local stage since Janice Meredith. The cast is well selected. Robert Warwick makes a handsome Bonaparte and handles his role well, although there is nothing suggestive of the foreigner in his manner or accent. Herbert Carr as Mr. Patterson fits the part admirably. Mildred McNeil, as Maud Hosford, Betsy's chaperon, makes something of a minor role and the still smaller roles are acceptably taken care of. Altogether "Glorious Betsy" is a much more agreeable play than the name might indicate, and if it drags somewhat as it approaches the final curtain Miss Mannering is sufficiently charming as Betsy in her happier and more frivolous moods and sufficiently capable in her serious work to make up for such defects.

The engagement is for this evening and to-morrow afternoon and evening. Last night's audience was a large one and responsive.

Billy B. Van In "Patsy In Politics"—Masonic.

If you care to have a real good laugh and forget the troubles of the day go to see Billy B. Van, who kept one of the largest audiences of the season in a continual roar at the Masonic last evening. "Patsy in Politics" was the comedy that Mr. Van used to show off his talents as a laugh producer, and from the delight of the audience he was successful.

This affair has something of a story. Adam Grouch, a local money-lender and miser, has stolen a very important letter from the post-office of the village where Patsy is errand boy for those who care to use him. Grouch puts this letter in a pocket of an old coat and gives the coat to Patsy, forgetting, however, to remove the letter. Patsy finds the letter and keeps it, giving the coat to Vincent, an Englishman.

Vincent is seen with the coat and arrested as the robber of the post-office. Patsy is made a candidate in the race for supervisor against his old employer and landlord of the village hotel. With the help of Grouch Patsy puts up a strong fight, but loses the race by one vote.

There are the usual number of characters found in a play of this sort, dealing with country life, and still some more.

Billy Van is the bright particular spot in the piece; the real bit of fun and humor. He can stand at the edge of the stage and stare into space and bring forth a laugh from those that see. He is graceful, and though his voice is not the best in the world it gives the effect he cares to produce.

Rose Beaumont as Glorianna Bird, star of the Standard Opera Company, is not at all satisfactory in the part. J. Hooker Wright is very good as Adam Grouch, and his makeup is especially telling. Charles Saxon and Clem Bevilis add greatly to the piece as the Englishman and the sheriff. Florence Sweetman as an ex-detective is by far the prettiest picture, and it is a pleasure to hear her sing "The Boliver Cadets." The rest of the cast is good, and altogether "Patsy in Politics" is an interesting production.

The chorus is as a whole pretty and some can sing. "Skidoo," "Holding Hands" and "Dear Old Farm" are the most tuneful songs and are all well rendered. The comedy is well staged.

The engagement is for the week with matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Next week's bills.

Mary Anderson—"Mrs. Temple's Telegram" will be the attraction at this theater the first half of next week with Wednesday matinee. This play has received much praise wherever it has been seen, and it is said will be presented here by a strong cast.

Masonic—A delightful play is promised the patrons of this playhouse next week in the melodrama "Montana." This is said to be a play much like "Arizona" and "The Virginian," and is declared to be well presented.

Hopkins—Good things are promised the patrons of this theater next week. Heading the bill is Jessie Couthui. Others are Kelly and Violette, the Petit Family, Dixon and Fields, and Ollie Young and brother with, of course, new moving pictures.

Avenue—"The Cowpuncher" is the title of the "Thriller" to be seen at this playhouse next week. It is heralded as an exciting story of the West with romance and comedy happily interwoven. The cast is said to be a capable one and the production unusually handsome.

As Minnie Smith, "the girl" in "The Girl of the Golden West," David Belasco's drama of California in the days of '49, Blanche Bates begins her engagement at the Mary Anderson for three nights beginning Thursday, April 11. The seat sale opens to-day. That Miss Bates would score a great personal success in "The Girl of the Golden West," was never questioned; developments have shown that this success is the greatest of her career.

JAMES B. GARNETT WILL ACCEPT PLACE

RECONSIDERS DECISION DECLINING COMMITTEESHIP.

WILL HELP MANAGE DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN.

DUTIES LARGELY ADVISORY.

Cadiz, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The many friends of Maj. James B. Garnett, o fthis place, will be glad to learn that he has reconsidered the matter of his recent appointment as a member of the Democratic Campaign Committee of the State, and has notified the members of that committee that he has accepted the appointment and is now ready to render any assistance in his power for the success of the Democratic ticket this fall.

Maj. Garnett says his only reason for at first declining the appointment was that he did not know fully what his duties would be, and fearing that his business affairs here and his health would not admit of his giving the proper attention to this important place, he declined the appointment, but having received numerous letters from members of the committee and friends from different parts of the State urging him to accept this very important place, and assuring him that his duties upon this committee will be more of an advisory nature, and will be such as not to interfere with his other duties, he has accepted the appointment, and will be ever ready to render any assistance in his power for the success of the entire ticket this fall.

Maj. Garnett also says that the statement that is going the rounds that he said that "politics is vanity and vexation of spirit" is utterly untrue, as he never made any such statement to any living being.

Cunningham Wins Race.

Cadiz, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—In the county convention held here to-day Levi Cunningham was nominated as the Democratic candidate for County School Superintendent, defeating B. E. Thom, the incumbent, who was appointed last year to succeed the late Alfred Cunningham. The convention passed off harmoniously.

KENDALL OUT.

Police Sergeant's Resignation Accepted.

DEPUTY SHERIFF MIKE A. WALL SUCCEEDS HIM.

NIGHT CHIEF TO EMBARK IN BUSINESS JUNE 1.

TEN THOUSAND TO SPEND.

The Jeffersonville Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners held a special meeting yesterday morning, at which the resignation of Sergt. J. J. Kendall, to take effect on June 1, was accepted, and Mike A. Wall, deputy sheriff of Clark County, Indiana, was named as his successor. The resignation of Sergt. Kendall was tendered at the regular monthly meeting last Tuesday night, but was not officially acted upon. It began to be whispered around that Sergt. Kendall was about to leave the force, and several applicants were talked of. To settle the question definitely a special session of the board was called for yesterday, Wall being decided upon.

Exactly what Sergt. Kendall will engage in after retiring he has not decided upon, and for the purpose of looking around he asked that ...s resignation be accepted on June 1. He is beginning to grow old, and as his position requires that he shall be on duty every night, it has begun to tell on him. He went on the force June 3, 1897, and has acted as sergeant during the entire period of ten years. He has been a faithful, reliable officer and has lost practically no time. He has been instrumental in bringing several criminals to justice and at all times he has enjoyed the confidence of the boards he has worked under. His resignation was decided upon of his own accord.

Mike A. Wall, who is to become his successor, was a member of the force for five years, and was known as a fearless, efficient officer. When Sheriff Pernett went into office on January 1, 1904, he selected Mr. Wall as his deputy, and he has been with him ever since. Last fall Mr. Wall was the Democratic nominee for Sheriff, and was defeated by Oscar Johnson, a Republican, who was the only nominee of his party elected, the fight against Mr. Wall being a bitter one to save at least a part of the Republican ticket. Mr. Wall is still a young man and was a popular officer when on the force before.

How To Spend the Money.

What will be done with the $10,000 the city is to receive from the Government for the Warder Park site is a matter of a great deal of surmising, but it is not denied by anyone that the money can be used to a good advantage. There has been considerable talk of building a new City Hall, police station, city courtroom and jail on the northwest corner of Court avenue and Wall street, but this may never be done. Capt. Clegg stated yesterday that four years ago he was promised that if the police force would be reduced two men at an annual saving of $1,440 to the city, new police quarters would be built, but it has never been done. The city, however, has saved $5,760.

Missing P. H. Botorff Returns.

Peter Henry Bottorff, a wealthy Clark county, Indiana, farmer, who disappeared from his home in Utica township, six miles east of Jeffersonville, several days ago, and whose absence caused considerable alarm to his relatives, is now back with his family. He was met on Spring street, in Jeffersonville, yesterday by Burdette C. Lutz, Deputy Prosecuting Attorney, and was told his family was uneasy about him. Mr. Bottorff did not show an inclination to return home, and Mr. Lutz insisted that he should. Mr. Bottorff was not permitted to leave Mr. Lutz until the family of the former was communicated with, and he then agreed to return. He was placed on a Charlestown car and relatives met him at Watson. Mr. Bottorff is still suffering from nervous trouble and offered no explanation as to where he had been since leaving home.

Merely Repairing Embankment.

A misleading impression became current yesterday in Jeffersonville that the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company had begun work on raising the fill near the junction for future flood protection. For several days the road has been working between fifteen and twenty-five men in the vicinity in making substantial repairs. The men have been working all along the track, some points being far away from where the threatened inundation was. Most of the work, however, has been where a temporary bulkhead that was re-enforced by sand bags was put up. The road believes all danger of high water is over for the season and the embankment is being repaired.

NOTES OF THE NEWS IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Floyd Parks, Jr., son of Senator Floyd Parks, was commissioned a deputy game warden yesterday by Z. T. Sweeney, State Commissioner of Fisheries and Game.

—Thomas LaRue died at his home, 120 East Fourteenth street, yesterday morning after a long illness of stomach trouble. He was twenty-nine years old and a son of Alexander LaRue.

—The funeral of Mrs. Louisa Nachand, who died from a stroke of paralysis Sunday night, will take place at St. Lucas German Evangelical church this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

—Mrs. S. E. Carr, Deputy Circuit Clerk, will complete the docket for the April term of court, which begins next Monday, to-day, and it will be one of the heaviest for some time.

—Miss Catherine Cain and Miss Laila Cain will be the hostesses this afternoon at the monthly meeting of Ann Rogers Clark Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, at their home, 918 East Seventh street.

—The resignation of Oscar Johnson, Sheriff-elect of this county, has been tendered as a guard at the Indiana Reformatory, where he went six weeks ago. He was formerly an officer at the institution for several years.

—Dr. Oliver P. Graham filed a claim yesterday for $121 against the estate of Mary Aldrich, alleged to be due for professional services for herself, husband and daughter on a running account since December 9, 1897.

—Reports received from the surrounding country yesterday indicate that much damage was done to the early vegetation by hail on Sunday afternoon, at some places it being very heavy, but there was none in the city.

—Joseph W. Morrow, who has been appointed Postmaster at Charlestown, has forwarded his bond in the sum of $5,000 to Washington and will assume his official duties as soon as it is approved. His commission dates from April 1.

—The charge of loitering filed in the City Court a month ago against Thomas Cottingham and Patrick Donovan was dismissed yesterday by Judge Harry C. Poindexter, satisfactory proof being given that the defendants were working.

—William Miller, who is a member of the Claysburg Town Board, has gone to St. Louis with a view of locating there, in which event the board will be required to name a successor for him at the first meeting after a vacancy is declared.

—A return was made yesterday showing that Dr. W. H. Sheets officiated at the marriage of Hardeson M. Walker and Miss Irene Allen, both of this city. The bride, who is a daughter of Mrs. William Eversole, not being sixteen years old.

—The old foundry at the Indiana Reformatory is to be practically rebuilt and will be made several feet longer. The work will be done by the inmates of the institution section at a time so that the department will be run without interruption.

—The will of John Roederer, executed on March 17, in the presence of Valentine Crandall and Thomas H. Stradley, was filed for probate yesterday. Mrs. Christine Roederer is named as executrix, and is made the sole beneficiary during her life.

—The remains of Chester Densford, who was a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Densford, will arrive from Charlevoix, Mich., this morning at 10 o'clock in charge of Harry Densford and the burial will take place one hour later at the Eastern cemetery.

—The annual meeting of the Grand Commandery of the United Order of the Golden Cross will begin in this city to-day at 9 o'clock a. m. at Odd Fellows' Hall and will continue through a part of Wednesday. A number of delegates had arrived last night.

—John Tom Brown, who was disfranchised recently by Judge Harry C. Poindexter on a third conviction to the charge of intoxication, has declared his intention to make his residence in Louisville, so that he can vote the Democratic ticket, but will continue to work in this city.

—Judge Harry C. Montgomery yesterday issued instructions to John S. Pernett, Sheriff, that the petit jury be summoned for next Monday, the first day of the term of court. It is the usual custom to call the jury for the second week, but trials will be begun on the opening day.

—Charles Moore and Mrs. Cora Roberts, of Sellersburg, were married in that place last night by Magistrate James H. Weir. The groom is twenty-one and the bride thirty-three. The latter was divorced from a former husband in 1898, and is a sister of the wife of George W. Stoner, Recorder of Clark county.

—Dr. W. M. Varble, secretary of the County Board of Health, yesterday completed his report of infectious and contagious diseases for March, which shows there were 396 cases of measles; sixteen of typhoid fever; thirteen of scarlet fever; two of pulmonary tuberculosis; two of diphtheria and one of smallpox.

—John R. Staton, administrator of the estate of Mary A. Staton, filed a petition in the Circuit Court yesterday setting forth that the personal property was worth only $7.50, against which claims amounting to $861 had been filed. It was shown that in a partition suit filed by Walter Kimberlain the real estate had been sold by J. K. Marsh as commissioner to John Kimberlain, but no deed had been made. It was asked that further steps be stopped.

—The grand jury for the April term of court, as drawn yesterday, is as follows: Albert Deppe and Thomas Stephens, Jr., of Bethlehem; Clarence Spencer and Herman Korte, of Charlestown; Daniel W. Phipps, of Jeffersonville; Francis Adams, of New Washington. The petit jury is Edward S. Pernett and Allen Hutsell, of Bethlehem; Joseph Book, Carr; Edward Brocklehurst, Samuel Sullivan and George VanPelt, of Charlestown; Philip Specht, Ballee L. Burtt and Nathan Sparks, of Jeffersonville; John Dellinger and Edward Coombs, of Utica; J. C. Morgan, of Silver Creek.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made of Pure Grape Cream of Tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

FLOOD PROTECTION

BY RAISING RAILROAD FILL APPROVED BY COMMERCIAL CLUB.

Committee Will Be Appointed To Raise $4,000 For Construction of Substitute Street To-day.

The Jeffersonville Commercial Club, at a special meeting held last night, approved the plan to secure protection from future floods by raising the Pennsylvania railroad fill near the junction, and ordered the appointment of a committee of five to raise a fund of $4,000 for the construction of a street to take the place of one it would be necessary to abandon should the contemplated step be taken. The meeting of the club was largely attended. President H. M. Frank, authorized to appoint the committee, three members of which are to be members of the club and two citizens of Jeffersonville, said last night that he would announce his appointments to-day.

Opposition to the projected improvement on the part of residents of Ohio Falls is expected. In order to make the required improvement in the embankment the level of the tracks will have to be raised six feet or more, which would mean the doing away with the road crossing at that place. To make connections with the Clark-avenue crossing, two squares east, the projected road would be built parallel to the tracks and south of them. This would stop the use of the old and established road by the people of Ohio Falls, who assert that the one which it is proposed to construct as a substitute would take travelers over several railway crossings where switching is going on constantly. It is understood that attempts on the part of Jeffersonville people to protect themselves from future floods will be met with injunction proceedings by Ohio Falls residents.

Increase In Stamp Sales.

The sales of stamps and stamped paper in the Louisville post-office, according to the report of Cashier Oscar Beckman, shows a healthy increase for the quarter ending March 31 over the same period of last year. The sales for January, February and March of 1907 amounted to $209,-440.99 and for the same period of last year, $204,703.84, the increase being $4,-737.15.

LEFT-OVER CASES

Claim Attention of Floyd Circuit Court.

NEW NEW ALBANY BANK NOW MORE THAN TALK.

POKER GAME BROKEN UP IN CORYDON SUNDAY.

FARMERS SUFFER FROM STORM

In the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday, the session was devoted mainly to disposing of cases on the criminal docket. Reuben Dusley pleaded guilty to a charge of having assaulted Will Hynes, and was fined $15 and costs. Elijah Ross, charged with having assaulted Harry Lane, the ticket agent of the Wallace circus in New Albany over a year ago, was fined $10 and costs. Ross had already spent fifty days in the county jail, a circumstance that was taken into consideration by the court in fixing the punishment. Walter Stewart answered to a charge of having deserted his children. His attorney moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that the law enacted by the last Legislature did not have a clause providing for cases pending at the time it was passed. Judge Utz took the motion under advisement.

The case of Laura D. Todd against the Cumberland Telephone Company, a suit to recover damages for alleged injury to property, was dismissed, a settlement having been made satisfactory to both parties. Mrs. Todd owns a place on the Mooresville Knobs, and it is alleged that employes of the defendant company had trespassed on her property and had cut down trees. The suit brought by John Harbeson against the Traction Company to recover damages for alleged personal injuries was dismissed, a compromise having been effected.

New Bank Now Assured.

For several weeks there has been talk of organizing a new bank in New Albany for the convenience of those living in the East End. The capital stock has all been subscribed, and a meeting will be held next Thursday night for the purpose of organizing and selecting a board of directors, who will elect a president and cashier. John A. Harvison will probably be selected as president, while it is a certainty that R. H. Courtney will be cashier of the new institution. Both are residents of New Albany, but have been in business in Louisville for years, and are well known in both cities.

The capital stock of the new venture has been fixed at $25,000, and no one was permitted to subscribe for more than $1,000. There would have been no difficulty in getting stock subscriptions to the amount of $100,000. The location has not yet been selected, but it will be on Vincennes street, near Elm or Spring streets.

Storm Severe In Country.

The storm of Sunday afternoon raged with particular violence across a portion of the river bottom farms, southwest of New Albany, several barns having been demolished, although no one was injured. The barn on the Aydelotte place, at the Five-mile lane, was badly wrecked, the damage amounting to several hundred dollars. That on Ira Gunn's place, not far distant, was also wrecked, and considerable loss was sustained. John Priestley's barn was blown over, and a quantity of hay and forage destroyed. Mr. Priestley has met with all kinds of misfortune of late. During the flood, a few weeks ago, he lost a fine horse and other property of value, and this comes as an added disaster. No stock was lost in the hurricane, as the owners managed to save the animals from the falling buildings. A number of trees were uprooted across a strip over a mile wide, and buildings were partially unroofed.

Poker Game Cut Short.

Sheriff J. W. Ward and Town Marshal C. H. Lewis made a raid Sunday afternoon on a room in the rear of a restaurant at Corydon, and found a prosperous poker game in full blast and the place filled with gamblers. The officers were provided with search warrants, and as they broke down the door the gamesters scattered in every direction. Some went through the windows, while others escaped by unguarded doors. The poker chips, cards and other paraphernalia were seized, and, under the provisions of the law, will be destroyed. Charles Chambers and Menefee Hurst were the only men arrested. They were taken before Magistrate Reynolds; entered pleas of not guilty, and were released on bond for their appearance to answer.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Jacob Young qualified yesterday as guardian of Nellie Matilda and Louis Edward Young, minors.

—Ruth Rebekah Lodge, I. O. O. F., will confer the Beatific degree on Mr. and Mrs. G. Ed Curnick at the meeting to-night.

—James Black, for intoxication, was fined $11 yesterday in the City Court by Judge Paris. The arrest was made by Patrolman Tether.

—A dance will be given next Monday night at Maennerchor Hall by New Albany Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers.

—The Women's Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will give a euchre next Friday night at the hall of the Retail Clerks' Union, Pearl and Market streets.

—P. J. Strack, district deputy of the Modern Woodmen of America, will leave this morning for Montgomery, Ind., where he will institute a camp of that fraternity to-night.

—Mrs. Florence Picard, of Louisville, has been appointed matron of the Cornelia Memorial Orphans' Home, Elkin avenue, and assumed the duties of the place yesterday.

—Dr. George E. Dash, a member of the faculty of the Eclectic Medical Institute, of Cincinnati, is here to spend a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Dash, of Park Place.

—The Daughters of Pocahontas will give a euchre next Thursday afternoon and night at Union Hall, West First and Main streets. Twelve handsome prizes will be awarded the fortunate players.

—Lewis A. Stoy, Great Sachem of the Indiana Red Men, will leave to-day for Crawfordsville to attend the district meeting of Red Men. From there he will go to Noblesville and Hartford City.

—Dr. John H. Wolfe and Mrs. Wolfe, of this city, who are spending a few months in Los Angeles, are sending to New Albany friends post cards attached to small wooden bottles containing samples of the atmosphere.

—Sanderson Post, G. A. R., has accepted an invitation to attend worship at the Central Christian church Sunday, May 28, Memorial Sunday, when an appropriate sermon will be preached by the pastor, the Rev. B. F. Cato.

—James W. Dunbar, secretary of the American Gas Institute, left yesterday for New York City to attend a meeting of the board of directors. Mr. Dunbar is superintendent of the United Gas and Electric Company, of this city.

—To-morrow night there will be a hat party at the Operahouse rink and the skaters will wear hats of grotesque style and shape, decorated in all styles. Prizes will be awarded to persons wearing the largest and most comical hats.

—Capt. M. M. Hurley and Mrs. Hurley, who have been living in Louisville for several years, expect to make this city their home hereafter and will live with Mrs. Margaret Alexander, Mrs. Hurley's mother, Main street, near Third.

—An examination of the pupils of the Franklin township public schools, who desire to be graduated from the graded schools, will be held April 20 under the direction of Township Trustee Mosier. The examination will be held in No. 4 school house.

—Calvin Shrader, who filed a petition of voluntary bankruptcy in the Federal Court, this city, several weeks ago, has applied to Judge Anderson for his discharge. The papers announcing the granting of the discharge will be received in a few days from Indianapolis.

—The body of Mrs. Mary E. Baer, who died Sunday at the home of her son, James Baer, 521 East Water street, was taken yesterday to Jeffersonville for burial. She was fifty-four years old.

—Special services will be held in the Advent Christian church, Silver Grove suburb, each evening this week. The services will be conducted by Elder A. E. Hatch, the blind evangelist.

—John Denunzio, a Louisville peddler, reported at the Central Police Station yesterday afternoon that he had been assaulted at a State-street saloon a few minutes before, beaten and thrown into a cellar. He had a bad cut under the chin and another across the forehead. The police investigated the matter and found that Denunzio had fallen into an open cellar and struck his head against a box, but there was no evidence of any assault having been committed on him.

—Yesterday morning a stranger stepped in the way of the carriage carrying a mass of red-hot iron from the furnace to the rolls at the rolling mills. In trying to get out of the way he stumbled and sat on the red-hot iron. Men about the rolls instantly seized him, lifting him from his dangerous situation and he escaped with two slight burns and his clothing burned off of him. He was little injured, but on account of the destruction of his clothing he walked home in a headless barrel.

SPRINKLING CONTRACTS

SUBJECT OF NEW ALBANY'S COUNCIL'S DEBATE.

Question Whether They Must Be By Season Point of Difference Between Company and City.

A called meeting of the New Albany Common Council was held last night on call of Mayor Best for the purpose of considering certain rules of the New Albany Water Company, concerning which, it was alleged, complaint had been made. The only difference appeared to be that the company in its long list of rules had made two which were objected to. One of these was that the sprinkling of streets and lawns should be by the season and the other was that no one would be granted a sprinkling privilege unless they also had a house service. This last rule was made to prevent people from obtaining a sprinkling privilege and using it for house purposes also.

After considerable argument, Charles D. Kelso, as attorney for the water company, stated that the matter had been thoroughly considered by his company, and that it would consent to no modification of these two rules, as the officials thought the company in the right in its contention, and was also borne out in the charter. A motion of Councilman Jackson to the effect that the matter is to be referred to the City Attorney to report at the next meeting, prevailed. In connection with the argument on the waterworks franchise, Councilman Strack referred to the muddy condition of the water and said that he had become tired of having to sift the mud out of the water with his teeth.

A contention then arose in regard to the contract for the removal of dead animals from the streets and alleys, which had been awarded by the Board of Public Works to Louis Parad and William Buhler, and the Council was asked to confirm the contract, the Finance Committee having reported favorably. Councilman Jackson offered a sealed bid which, upon being opened, was found to be from Rudolph Allis, offering $75 a year for the privilege of removing the dead animals, where the others had offered but $50. He moved that the matter be considered and Councilman Strack amended the motion by moving to lay it on the table. A tie vote resulted and the Mayor voted against such disposition being made of the motion. Quite an animated argument arose between Councilman Strack and Councilman Jackson over the matter. The Council voted to concur in the report of the Finance Committee, which practically confirmed the contract. Ordinances were adopted appropriating money for city expenses.

CONFEDERACY'S DAUGHTERS TO ATTEND U. C. V. MEETING.

A pleasing feature of the meeting of George B. Eastin Camp, U. C. V., to be held in the Masonic Theater building this evening, will be the attendance of members of the Albert Sidney Johnston Chapter, daughters of the Confederacy. A general invitation has been extended to all the members of the chapter, and it is likely that many will attend. The general public is also invited to attend. Col. Bennett H. Young will read a paper, in which he gives a comparative statement of the number of prisoners captured by each side during the Civil War.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were: Beer, $200; whisky, $38,032.52; cigars, $597.60; tobacco, $14,227.47; special tax stamps, $18.75; case stamps, $482; total, $53,556.34.

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

The Monday Afternoon Club met yesterday afternoon with Miss Juliet Morris, on Third avenue. The subject for the afternoon's programme was the MacDowell fund. Interesting talks were made by Mrs. Charles G. Davison, Mrs. Albert Brandeis and Mrs. William R. Belknap. Mrs. William I. Davenport and Mrs. Julia Backus Horne gave several of MacDowell's compositions.

• • •

Mrs. Benjamin F. Atchison has issued invitations to the marriage of her daughter, Miss Mary Eliza Atchison, to Mr. Robert Hugh Courtney, Jr., on Wednesday afternoon, April 24, at 4 o'clock, at the Warren Memorial church.

• • •

Miss Helen Hickman, who has been at home for the Easter holidays, returned to school in New York yesterday.

• • •

Mrs. John Vandercook and little son, Jack, of New York, arrived Saturday to visit Mrs. Vandercook's parents, Maj. J. M. Womack and Mrs. Womack, for two months.

• • •

Mrs. Francis Howard, of London, will be the guest of honor at a 5 o'clock tea to be given Friday afternoon by Mrs. Richard W. Knott.

• • •

Col. Thomas Bullitt and Mrs. Bullitt, who are visiting in Mississippi, will return home the last of the week.

• • •

Miss Mary Davidson has gone to Brookline, Miss., where she is visiting her sister, Mrs. Edward Everett Moulton, for some time.

• • •

Mr. Boyle Woolfolk, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Boyle for several weeks, has gone to Chicago on a visit.

• • •

Mrs. John Haldeman has returned home after a stay of two weeks in the East. Mrs. Haldeman went to Bryn Mawr to join her daughter, Miss Jean Bruce Haldeman, who is a student there, and together they went to Philadelphia and New York for the Easter holidays.

• • •

Misses Elizabeth and Anna Boyle, who have been spending the Easter holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Boyle Gill Boyle, at the Weissinger-Gaulbert, will return to-day to Birmingham, Pa., where they are attending school.

• • •

Mrs. Adam Robbins and Miss Jennie Robbins, who have been at the Galt House since their return from Boston last winter, will leave to-morrow for New York and after a short stay there will go to the Berkshire hills for awhile before returning to Boston. Mrs. Robbins and her daughter expect to return to Louisville next autumn.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Jones and their children, who returned home from Seabreeze last week, have given up the house of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Thomas in St. James Court, and have returned to their home in Anchorage.

• • •

Mrs. Forbes Hawkes, of New York, formerly Miss Alice Belknap, of Louisville, will arrive to-day to visit her sister, Mrs. Lewis C. Humphrey, of 1703 Longest avenue, and will also visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Belknap, on Ormsby avenue.

• • •

The Rev. James Craik Morris and little daughter, Edith, arrived yesterday to visit Mr. Morris' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morton Morris, of 1512 Third avenue, until Saturday, when they will return home.

• • •

Miss Susan Bronston, of Lexington, who has been visiting Miss Sina Lee Harris, has gone to Mt. Sterling to visit friends before returning home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson and sons, James and Frank, have returned from Osprey, Fla., where they have been since early in January.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. Montgomery Hunter have returned to their home at Warwick Villa, after having spent the winter with Major Calloway, of 209 West Broadway.

• • •

Mrs. John Manfull, who was operated on at the Norton Infirmary the latter part of last week, is greatly improved.

• • •

Mrs. Helen Spencer, who has been living in Sewickley, Pa., will arrive to-morrow to be the guest of Dr. George W. Griffiths and Mrs. Griffiths. Mrs. Spencer is on her way to Ocean Springs, Miss., where she will make her home in the future.

• • •

Prof. Edward Howard Griggs will deliver the third of his series of lectures on Goethe's Faust at the Woman's Club this afternoon, his lecture being entitled "The Inner and the Outer World." To-night Prof. Griggs will lecture on "Art for Life's Sake."

• • •

Mr. Felix Arceneaux, who has been visiting friends in Louisville, left yesterday for his home on Lake Charles, La.

• • •

Mr. Frederick McCracken, who has been ill of typhoid fever at the Norton Infirmary, is convalescent and is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey McCracken, in St. James Court.

• • •

Miss Elsie T. Swann, who has been attending school in Harrodsburg, is visiting Miss Lillian Harris for several weeks before leaving with her mother for Salt Lake City, where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Adsit for several months.

• • •

Mrs. Chester Mayer, who has been ill of the grip for the past month, is better, though she is still confined to her bed.

• • •

Mrs. Frank Espenhain, of Milwaukee, arrived last night to visit her parents, Col. and William B. Haldeman and Mrs. Haldeman.

• • •

The concert and ball which are to be given under auspices of the First Kentucky regiment at the Armory next Monday evening, promise to be splendidly attended. The prospect of dancing to the music of the Cincinnati band, under John C. Weber, has aroused enthusiasm among the young people who have been giving their undivided leisure time to skating. A delightful dance programme has been arranged.

• • •

Dr. Henry Dixon and Mrs. Dixon, who are at The Seelbach, will leave this week for the East on an extended visit.

• • •

Mr. Robert Brandeis has returned from a short visit to Cincinnati.

• • •

Miss Agnes J. Hart, of Henderson, who has been the guest of Miss Gertrude E. Atkins on Chestnut street, returned home yesterday, accompanied by Miss Atkins, who will visit her for several weeks.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rowland will leave to-morrow for Los Angeles, Cal., where they will spend a month.

• • •

Mrs. Adelia A. Conniff has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ethlyn Conniff, to Mr. Charles M. Elliott. The wedding will take place early in June.

• • •

The girls and young men of the Commercial High School, under the direction of Mr. Tello Webb, an amateur actor well known in Louisville, are to present at Scottish Rite Cathedral a programme of unusual merit on Wednesday, April 17.

Two comedies, "The Mouse Trap," by William Dean Howells, and "A Proposal Under Difficulties," by John Kendrick Bangs, are to constitute the entertainment. A piano recital, by Mr. Joseph Hahn, a graduate of the school, will be used as an interlude.

Mr. Webb, assisted by Miss Alice Weller and Miss Rose English, are to take the leading parts in the plays. The other characters are to be personated by pupils of the school.

The performance is to be given for the benefit of the Cynosure, a bright, little periodical published by the pupils of the school.

The casts are as follows:

"THE MOUSE TRAP."

Mr. Willis Campbell.......Mr. Tello Webb
Mrs. Amy Somers.Miss Mary Alice Weller
Mrs. Roberts (Mr. Campbell's sister).
Miss Ruth Zachery
Mrs. Bemis............Miss Glover Girdler
Mrs. Curwen...........Miss Ruby Hoffman
Mrs. Miller...........Miss Lucile Wuersch
Jane (Mrs. Somer's maid),
Miss Bessie Wilkinson

"A PROPOSAL UNDER DIFFICULTIES."

Mr. Robert Yardsley.......Mr. Tello Webb
Miss Dorothy Andrews.Miss Rose English
Mr. Jack Barlow.......Mr. Clyde Kilburn
Jennie (Dorothy's maid),
Miss Ruth Zachery

• • •

A birthday party was given Saturday night in honor of Miss Rebecca Martin and Miss Maggie Martin at the residence of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Martin. Those present were: Misses Minnie Koerner, Katie Koerner, Gertrude Morton, Kitty Bohn, Mattie Lambert, Rebecca Martin, Maggie Martin, Florence Hilderbrand, Lula Martin, Josephine Burke, Pearl Martin, Mesdames Louisa Schiffcar, Lillie Berryman, Emma Axe, Margaret Stone, Messrs. George Martin, Henry Niemann, Louis Delph, Lester Carnell, Dan Martin, Robert McDowell, John Rogers, Charles Epperson.

• • •

Mr. Marion Terry, of Indianapolis, will return home this week after a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Moss Terry.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. Leon Solomon will leave the latter part of the week to spend several weeks in Southeastern Illinois.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Webb, who have been visiting in the city for several weeks, will return to their home to-day.

JACKSON and ROOSEVELT

A PARALLEL

By GEORGE HARVEY

—IN THE—

North American Review

Now Published.

Price 25 Cents. For Sale at All News-stands.

DEATHS.

ACKLEY—Fell asleep, Sunday morning, April 7, at 8 o'clock, at Chattanooga, Tenn., Mrs. W. S. Ackley, aged 35 years, wife of W. S. Ackley.

Funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Dellme, Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock from the Portland Presbyterian church. Interment in Cave Hill cemetery.

GOSS—Entered into rest Sunday, April 7, at 8 p. m., Frank Goss, beloved husband of Sallie [nee Barker], aged 38 years.

Funeral Wednesday, April 10, at 8:30 a. m., from residence, 1831 Shelby street, and from St. Vincent de Paul's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Michael's cemetery. Burial private.

OTTO—Entered into rest, Monday, April 8, at 3 p. m., Olive Otto, aged 68 years, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Knoop. She leaves two sons and one daughter.

Funeral from late residence, 1005 Campbell street, Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment St. Louis cemetery.

ROBINSON—Entered into life eternal, Sunday afternoon, April 7, 1907, at 2:30 o'clock, George Anderson Robinson, in the 50th year of his age.

Funeral from St. Andrew's church Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

MEETINGS.

DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T., will meet in asylum, Sixth, near Walnut, in stated conclave this (Tuesday) evening, April 9, 1907, at 7:30 o'clock. Election of officers and other very important business. Members of Louisville Commandery, No. 1, K. T., and sojourning Sir Knights are invited. By order of
THOS. J. ADAMS, Commander.
PHIL T. ALLIN, Recorder.

Louisville Commandery, No. 1, K. T., will meet in special conclave in their asylum, Masonic Temple, this (Tuesday) evening, April 9, 1907, at 7:30 o'clock, to confer the order of the Temple. Members of DeMolay Commandery, No. 12, K. T., and sojourning Sir Knights are courteously invited to attend. By order of
ROBT. J. SNYDER, Commander.
THOS. E. WILSON, Recorder.

Abraham Lodge, No. 8, F. and A. M., will meet in called communication in their hall, Masonic Temple, this (Tuesday) night, April 9, 1907, at 8 o'clock. Work in E. A. degree. All Masons sojourning in the city and all members of sister lodges cordially invited.
JOHN GRADEL, Master.
CHAS. A. SOMMERVILLE, Secretary.

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AL S. SMITH, Proprietor.
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
809 West Jefferson Street.

IN WESTERN KENTUCKY

FROST BELIEVED TO HAVE DAMAGED FRUIT GREATLY.

Union, Crittenden, Webster, Henderson and Hopkins Counties Suffer Most of All.

Matthew Waller, a well-known banker of Morganfield, was at the Old Inn yesterday, and expressed the belief that the fruit in Union and adjoining counties had been greatly damaged, if not killed, by the cold snap of last week.

"Many farmers from over the county were in my bank Saturday," said Mr. Waller, "and nearly all expressed themselves as being confident that the fruit crop had been practically killed by the cold snap of a few days ago. While Union county is more of an agricultural section, yet a great deal of fruit is grown in the county for home consumption and the local market. Crittenden county is a large fruit-growing county, especially is the production of peaches in that county large in good fruit-growing years. The information from that county is that the fruit crop has been destroyed. Large quantities of dried fruit are shipped from Crittenden county yearly; in fact, many farms have been converted into fruit-growing farms altogether. In these instances the killing of the fruit means a heavy loss.

"I understand that the fruit in Henderson, Webster and Hopkins counties has been greatly injured, if not entirely killed. As a general thing, large quantities of fruit are grown in Webster county. Outside of the fruit crop, the prospects for crops look well in my county. The business outlook in my town and county is very bright for the year."

ALLEGED KENTUCKY HORSE THIEF TRIES SUICIDE.

Slashes Wrist With Buckle of Suspenders, But Is Unsuccessful.

Springfield, O., April 8.—[Special.]—On the charge of horse stealing, Samuel J. Wilson will have to answer at Winchester, Ky. B. A. Crutcher, from whom it is charged Wilson stole a valuable animal on March 31, arrived here to-day, accompanied by A. R. Spaher. They immediately identified the horse and phaeton. The vehicle belongs to Spaher.

After being placed in the city prison yesterday, Wilson tried to commit suicide by cutting his wrist with a suspender buckle. The attendants discovered him in the act and took the buckle away from him. Wilson threatened to end his life at the first opportunity. A bank book in his pocket showed that he had $100 on deposit in the bank at Florence, Ky. Wilson claims that his home is in Pennsylvania.

THE young business man, who has shown ability to conduct a small business successfully, will receive special attention and consideration here.

Commercial Bank & Trust Company,
(Incorporated.)
346 West Jefferson St.
Later in Paul Jones Building.

Reo Performance.



$1,350 With Top, Delivered.
Ask what you will about the ability of the REO CARS. The answer is "PERFORMANCE."
Come try the car that proves; also see the Premier.
Kirchdorfer Auto Co.
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Renting. Repairing. Storing.

Hotel Sinton
Cincinnati
Finest Hotel West of New York
400 Rooms
Grand Convention Hall
Absolutely Fire-Proof
Magnificently equipped
Large, Light Sample Rooms
Service unsurpassed
FAIR Prices
EDWARD N. ROTH,
Managing Director

The French Fancy Dye Works
(Incorporated.)
KID GLOVES............... 5c
All Sizes and Lengths.
Odorless Dry Cleaning and Fancy Dyeing.
LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED, All Hand Work.
734 Fourth Ave.
Both Phones 2788.
Between Chestnut and Broadway.

FIRM CHANGES.

Notice.

Louisville, Ky., April 1, 1907.

The fire insurance and bonding department of John A. Stratton & Co. (Incorporated), which has been under the management of Mr. Harry B. Fitch has this day been discontinued by mutual consent. Mr. Fitch, having acquired this branch of the business, has assumed all assets and will pay all liabilities. All accounts due John A. Stratton & Co. for this department should be paid either to John A. Stratton & Co. or Harry B. Fitch, at the office of John A. Stratton & Co., either of whom are authorized to receipt for same.

JOHN A. STRATTON & CO.
(Incorporated.)
By T. V. PEMBERTON, Pres.
HARRY B. FITCH.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of A. M. Emler Company (Incorporated) was dissolved on the first day of April, 1907. The business will be conducted in the future under the firm name of A. M. Emler & Co. All parties holding claims against the former company will please present for payment at their earliest convenience.
A. M. EMLER & CO.

New Construction Company.

Henderson, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—The Engineering and Construction Company to-day filed articles of incorporation here, with a capital of $25,-000. The incorporators are W. M. Williams, of New Jersey; W. A. McDonald and B. C. Hubbard, of Evansville, Ind.

STEAMSHIPS.

North German Lloyd.
Fast Express Service.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.
K. Wm. II., Apr. 9, 1pm | Kronprinz, May 21, 10am
Kronprinz, Apr. 23, noon | Kaiser, June 4, 10 am
Kaiser, May 7, 10 am | K. Wm. II. June 11, 6am
K. Wm. II., My 14, 7:30am | Kronprinz, June 18, 10am
Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
BREMEN DIRECT AT 10 A. M.
Rhein........April 11 | Main............May 16
Breslau.......April 18 | *Friedrich......May 18
Chemnitz.......May 2 | *P. Alice.......May 23
*Kurfuerst......May 9 | *Bremen........May 28
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Mediterranean Service.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA, at 11 A. M.
Friedrich......April 13 | K. Luise.......May 11
P. Irene.......April 20 | K. Albert......May 18
*Neckar........April 27 | P. Irene........June 1
Barbarossa......May 4 | *Neckar.........June 8
*Omits Genoa.
From Bremen Piers, 3d and 4th sts., Hoboken.
North German Lloyd Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y.
PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.
HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.

Hamburg-American.
Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.
*‡Bluecher....April 11 | Amerika.........April 25
‖Batavia.......April 18 | *Pretoria.......April 27
‡x†Kaiserin (new) | Deutschland.....April 30
Apr. 18
*Grill room. ‡Gymnasium. xPalm Garden. xRitz-Carlton Restaurant. †Electric Baths. ‖Hamburg direct.
TOURIST BUREAU.
R. R. Tickets, hotel accommodations, and general information about foreign travel. Travelers' Checks. Good All Over the World.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 35-37 BROADWAY, N. Y.
HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.
J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.

WHITE STAR LINE.
FAST TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS
of 11,400 to 15,800 tons.
To the MEDITERRANEAN Via Azores, Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa, Alexandria.
FROM NEW YORK:
REPUBLIC.................April 20, 10 a. m.
CRETIC.........May 9, noon; June 20, Aug. 1
FROM BOSTON:
CANOPIC.........April 10, 8:30 a. m.; May 18
ROMANIC.........April 27, 9:30 a. m.; June 8
For plans, etc., apply to J. PINK CUNEO, 336 W. Main st.; HUMMEL & MEYER, 307 W. Main st.; M. SHEEHAN, 1834 Portland ave., or any agent in Louisville or vicinity.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
"Empress" Line of the Atlantic.
Nothing better afloat than our new express steamers, Empress of Britain and Empress of Ireland (14,500 tons). Quebec to Liverpool in six days; less than four days at sea. Superior accommodations available. Comfort, elegance and safety. Send for illustrated booklet and sailing list.
A. L. THOMPSON, Gen. Agent, 15 East Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.

ALLAN LINE OCEAN STEAMSHIPS
LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, LONDON, HAVRE.
New Steamers VICTORIAN and VIRGINIAN, triple-screw turbine engines, and TUNISIAN, CORSICAN and IONIAN, twin-screws. Remember, our sailings are Weekly from MONTREAL, passing down the picturesque St. Lawrence River by daylight. Accommodations unsurpassed. Rates: Saloon $60 and upwards; second cabin $40 and upwards. One class Cabin Steamers $40 and upwards.
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Direct to
Norway, Sweden and Denmark
Sailing from New York at Noon.
C. F. Tietgen ..May 2 | United States ...June 6
Oscar II. ....May 9 | C. F. Tietgen ..June 13
Helig Olav ....May 23 | Oscar II. ....June 20
Saloon, $60 and upward; second cabin, $50. After May 10, Saloon $70 and up, 2d cabin $55.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., 1 Broadway, N. Y. Or to Local Agents.

$950 Leisurely, Comprehensive European Trip
3½ MONTHS
Sailing June 19, S. S. Adriatic, London to Naples. Eight Countries Visited. High class tours—Exceptional for ladies.
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DEPT. IN BASEMENT is where all GOOD HOUSEKEEPERS go to secure the proper necessities for HOUSECLEANING.
Step Ladders, Curtain Stretchers, Dusters and Brushes, Silver, Brass and Furniture Polish, Chamois Skins, etc., etc.,
J. Dolfinger & Co.
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NEAR WALNUT.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Notice of Annual Meeting.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the KENTUCKY INTER-SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO. (Incorporated) will be held at the office of the company, Board of Trade building, Louisville, Ky., on Wednesday, April 10, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m.
H. K. COLE, Secretary.
Louisville, Ky., April 1, 1907.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the LOUISVILLE AND CINCINNATI PACKET CO. for the election of directors and for the transaction of any other business which may come before the meeting will be held at the Galt House at 10 o'clock a. m., Monday, April 15, 1907.
C. C. FULLER, Superintendent.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
HOTEL TRAYMORE,
ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
A magnificent ten-story fire-proof addition has been added, making this famous hostelry the newest and most up-to-date of Beach Front Hotels. Bed-rooms averaging 19 feet square, and every room with an ocean view, bath attached, sea and fresh water, telephones and Cheval-glass. Music. Spacious solarium. Golf privileges. Write for illustrated booklet.
Chas. O. Marquette, TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.
Manager. D. S. WHITE, President

Marlborough-Blenheim
Atlantic City, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

Shoe Quality
$6.00 to $8.00
Some at $5.00
Shoes made to meet a price are limited in quality and workmanship.
No limits are placed upon



THE STETSON SHOE
THE STETSON SHOE CO., SO. WEYMOUTH, MASS.
either in quality of materials, skill of the craftsmen or the good taste of the designers.
The price represents money's worth in actual wearing value, while the "price-made" shoe tells you just how much the real value is limited.
See The Stetson Shoe and judge for yourself.
Full lines—all styles—all lasts.
Ask your dealers for the Stetson Shoe.

FORM PLAYERS GET HARD RAP

Naran Upsets Calculations of Wise Ones At New Orleans.

BOYLE LOSES ON ESTERJOY.

John L. Inglis Takes Feature Event, Handicap, After Hard Drive In the Stretch.

JOCKEY BOLAND IN FINE FORM.

NEW ORLEANS SELECTIONS

First Race—Lady Irene, Pat Ornus, Carasco.
Second Race—Lights Out, Little Wally, Twenty Shot.
Third Race—Bellestrome, Rusk, Prince Brutus.
Fourth Race — Envoy, Golden Mineral, Rebounder.
Fifth Race—Emergency, Charlie Eastman, Frontenac.
Sixth Race — Sally Preston, Kaiserhoff, Capt. Hale.
Seventh Race—Gamara, Tancred, Rather Royal.
Two Best Bets — Bellestrome, Sally Preston.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 8.—[Special.]—The beans were upset and spilt badly in the jumping event this afternoon when Naran, running in the colors of Ed Corrigan, and quoted in the betting ring at 20 and better, grabbed the race in a driving finish from the odds-on favorite Esterjoy.

The most unfortunate feature, apart from the hard hit the talent received, was the fact that Mr. Corrigan had not even a sympathy bet on his colt, having gone along with the rest of the "fall guys" in backing Esterjoy off the boards. There was not a possible excuse for Boyle to lose the race and the fact that he lost a stirrup at the last jump was a glaring mishap.

John L. Inglis and Jockey Minder were the winning combination in the feature event, a handicap affair at a mile and a sixteenth, in which four horses started. The Fizer trick, however, did not get the decision without a struggle, Peter Sterling hooking up with him in the final furlong and forcing Minder to ride his mount out to win. Mortiboy, the early pacemaker, easily got third money from Donna, which ran a very disappointing race, being outrun at all stages.

Jockey D. Boland made his first public appearance here this afternoon and made a good impression, especially in the sixth race, when he shot Flavigny across the wire a winner over the favorite, Grenade, after a long stretch drive. Jockey J. Russell was given the rest of the meeting on the ground for misdemeanor at the post in the third race.

On Wednesday, the Juvenile Stakes, at four furlongs, for two-year-olds, will be run; also the Orleans Handicap, for three-year-olds, at six furlongs, and the Ladies' Stakes, for two-year-olds, at four furlongs. In the Orleans Handicap the best sprinters at City Park will contest. Among the entries are: Gargantua, Ohiyesa, Royal Breeze, Meadowthorpe, Toboggan and Belle Strome. Colloquy will be a starter in this race if too much weight is not assigned.

In the Ladies' Stakes Mollie Montrose is carded to start. This one is undefeated and is regarded as the swiftest trick here. If she starts Wednesday she is more than likely to win. Mollie Montrose will be heard from all along the line this season, barring mishaps.

The work of demolishing the Fair Grounds for the purpose of making improvements, is under way. The lawn is to be widened. A number of old exhibition buildings, including the brick barn, will be torn down. A portion of this space will be used for a carriage inclosure and the balance of it will be set out in flower beds and devoted to beautifying the entrance to the track.

The features to-day were the second, a steeplechase over the short course; the fourth, a handicap, at a mile and a sixteenth, and the sixth, at a mile and an eighth.

George Brazier, acting for Charles Ellison, has sold to Walter O'Connor the Lamplighter colt James Reddick. The horse will be rested up and raced on the Canadian circuit this summer.

At a sale of horses in training the following were disposed of: Major Carpenter, to L. C. Houbre, $170; Joe Davis,, to Police Commissioners, $140; Effie Gene, to H. E. Wright, $75; Bert Osra, to J. Carroll, $250; Limit, to D. Herans, $115; Amber Jack, to S. Ferris, $90; St. Tammany, to S. Perrin, $100; J. D. C., to S. Perrin, $50; Lacksley, to Police Commissioners, $100; Hop o' My Thumb, to S. Perrin, $85; Miss Royal, to F. M. Favey, $115; Sanction, to F. Rector, $145.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—One-half mile:

Index. Horse.	Wt.	Index. Horse.	Wt.
1485..Salnisaw	106	1876..Bosom Friend	106
1864..Pat Ornus	106	1402..Rose Daly	106
1786..Florence Keil	106	1827..Carasco	109
......Auburndale	106	1864..Water Cooler	109
1876..Ada O. Walker	106	1870..Oriandot	109
1867..Lady Irene	106	1850..Ben Sand	112
1695..Sophomore	106	1827..Bayou Lark	112
		1870..Bitter Man	112

SECOND RACE — Steeplechase; short course:

1863..Buveno	125	1682..Dr. Heard	120
1842..Oural	125	1874..Weberfields	130
1863..Twenty Shot	125	1751..Little Wally	139
1842..Signal Light	125	1876..Lights Out	140

Buveno and Oural, Corrigan entry.

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; selling:

1861..Lady Carol	107	[1882]Airship	112
1619..Bertha E.	107	[1825]Arby Van	112
1841..Verdant	109	1880..Excitement	112
1560..Clifton Forge	110	1872..Limerick	115
1882..Mafalda	110	1773..Dargin	116
1799..Optional	110	1816..Rusk	116
1828..Kohinoor	112	1866..Bellestrome	116
1872..Prince Brutus	112		

FOURTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:

1874..Miss Dustin	102	1860..Ancestor	106
1826..Ferroniere	102	1868..Tolbert	108
1882..Mazonia	102	1868..Golden Mineral	108
1866..Lady Charade	102	1882..Tom Mankins	108
1661..Ida Merimee	104	1882..Rebounder	111
1766..Grand Duchess	106	1845..Kleinwood	111
1672..Kate Powers	106	1602..R. F. Williams	111
		1858..Envoy	113

FIFTH RACE—Three-quarters of a mile; handicap:

1861..Miss Leeds	94	1733..The Englishman	100
1816..Sir Mincemeat	94	1866..Frontenac	108
1874..Lucy Young	95	1865..Charlie Eastman	112
[1877]Morales	100	[1858]Emergency	122

SIXTH RACE—Seven-eighths of a mile; selling:

1872..No Quarter	102	1846..Bertmont	107
1867..Sally Preston	105	1765..Moccasin	107
1874..Duchess of Montebello	105	1883..Fieldwick	107
1881..Agra	105	1747..Druien	110
		1876..Western	110
		1855..Capt. Hale	110
		[1874]Schroeder's Midway	110
[1887]Warner Griswell	107	1881..Pianute	110
[1846]Kaiserhoff	107	1681..Jay Swift	110

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:

1869..Lady Goodrich	101	1873..John McBride	107
1856..Mingita	104	1784..Merry Pioneer	108
1868..Pentagon	104	1860..Savoir Faire	108
1868..Cull	104	1740..Little Red	108
1853..Horse Radish	106	1887..Rather Royal	108
1853..Telegrapher	107	1848..Gamara	111
1880..Knighton	107	1853..Tancred	111
1881..Adbell	111		

NEW ORLEANS FORM CHART

NEW ORLEANS, April 8.—[Special.]—Thirteenth day spring meeting of the New Louisiana Jockey Club. Weather clear; track fast.

1883—FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds. Start good. Won easily; second and third same. Winner, M. Goldblatt & Co.'s br. c., 3, by Giganteum—Aster; trained by M. Goldblatt. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :23 3-5, :48 3-5, 1:14 4-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
1876	Gargantua	117	1	......	2...1	2...3	2...5	1.1½	Foy	4-5	7-10
1747	Maelstrom	117	5	......	1...1	1.1½	1...2	2...3	J. Lee	4-1	5-1
1874	Blacklock	114	4	......	5...1	4...1	3...1	3...2	Diggins	20-1	40-1
1560	McAllister	117	11	......	9...1	7.1½	7...1	4...h	J. Daly	8-1	25-1
1846	Fieldwick	114	10	......	6.nk	6.nk	5...½	5...1	A. Martin	8-1	12-1
1446	Sam Taylor	112	8	......	7...1	9...2	8...4	6...3	Pickens	15-1	8-1
1834	Ellsmere	114	7	......	4.1½	3.1½	4.1½	7...½	Troxler	10-1	20-1
1815	King Brush	109	9	......	11...2	10...2	9...2	8.nk	W. Walker	30-1	[illegible]
1833	Paxton	114	2	......	8.1½	8...1	6.1½	9...2	D. Boland	10-1	25-1
1014	Little Lighter	112	3	......	10.1½	11...3	10...3	10...4	Gaugel	60-1	100-1
......	Must Golong	109	12	......	12	12	11...3	11...6	B. Davis	60-1	100-1
1681	Fond du Lac	109	6	......	3...1	5...h	12	12	F. Keyes	30-1	100-1

Gargantua, outrun the first part, closed stoutly, running over Maelstrom at the end. The latter, used up setting the early pace, was stopping badly at the end. Blacklock held the others safely. McAllister ran a good race from a poor beginning; will improve.

1884—SECOND RACE—Steeplechase; handicap; short course; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; second and third easily. Winner, E. Corrigan's b. g., 5, by Bathampton—Phida; trained by J. Collins. Value to winner, $300. Time, 2:56 2 5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	1st j.	5th j.	9th j.	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos.
1848	Naran	113	5	2...1	2...1	2...2	2...3	1...1	Hueston	8-1	20-1
1848	Esterjoy	159	1	1...4	1...4	1...3	1...2	2...4	Boyle	1-1	3-5
1848	Molo B	142	6	3...4	3...4	3...6	3..10	3...5	J. Ford	5-1	[illegible]
1877	Henry A. Schroeder	138	2	5...5	5...5	4..20	4..20	4..20	McKinney	15-1	[illegible]
1863	Profitable	145	3	6	6	5	5	5	McClure	3-1	5-1
1848	Subador	138	4	4...6	4...6	*			W. Gaylor	3-1	12-1

*Lost rider.

Naran, jumping well, closed with a terrific rush; hooked up with the leaders going to the last jump, taking command when the latter made a bubble. Esterjoy, much the best, had race at her mercy until rider lost stirrup at the last jump. Molo B. held the others easily.

1885—THIRD RACE—Four and one-half furlongs; purse $500; for two-year-olds. Start good. Won driving; second and third easily. Winner, T. Capo's ch. c., 2, by Blues—Leeta; trained by D. Vitatoe. Value to winner, $400. Fractional time: :23 4-5, :48 4-5, :55 3-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
1857	Blue Lee	106	4	......	5...h	5...1	1...1	1...1	Foy	5-1	8-1
[1843]	Parisian Model	109	6	......	3...h	3...½	3...1	2...3	Gaugel	1-1	9-5
1648	Whisk Broom	105	9	......	7.1½	6...3	5.1½	3...2	J. Lee	3-1	4-1
1814	Ziephen	116	2	......	2...1	2...1	2...½	4...3	Boland	3-1	4-1
1736	Gremse	100	5	......	1.1½	1.1½	4...½	5.nk	T. Taylor	30-1	50-1
1804	Brawney Lad	103	8	......	4...3	4...h	6...½	6.1½	W. Walker	20-1	50-1
1876	Hazel M	100	1	......	9...4	8...2	7...2	7.1½	Pickett	20-1	60-1
1814	Dew of Dawn	109	3	......	6.nk	7.1½	8...½	8...½	Farrow	8-1	15-1
1870	Rubywick	102	10	......	10...4	10...2	9...1	9.nk	F. Keyes	20-1	60-1
1806	Bitter Sir	109	7	......	8...1	9...½	10...4	10...6	Troxler	20-1	40-1
1850	Vic Lorch	106	11	......	11	11	11	11	J. Russell	50-1	200-1

Blue Lee raced Gremse into early subjection, took command at the head of the stretch and hung on gamely at the end under a vigorous drive. Parisian Model, off well in motion, but sharply cut off at the turn, closed fast through the stretch; would have won in a few more strides. Whisk Broom held the others safely.

1886—FOURTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; handicap; purse $600; for three-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won cleverly; second and third easily. Winner, W. H. Fizer & Co.'s b. c., 4, by Giganteum—Bloomer; trained by W. H. Fizer. Value to winner, $500. Fractional time: :24 4-5, :49, 1:13 4-5, 1:39 2-5, 1:45 4-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
[1871]	John L. Inglis	110	2	2...2	2...2	2...2	1...1	1.1½	Minder	1-1	3-4
1871	Peter Sterling	105	3	3...1	3...1	3...h	2.1½	2.nk	D. Boland	6-5	11-5
1871	Mortiboy	87	1	1...2	1...2	1.nk	3...2	3...3	Delaby	12-1	30-1
1827	Donna	95	4	4	4	4	4	4	A. Martin	4-1	6-1

John L. Inglis took command when ready and, under a vigorous ride, stood off Peter Sterling's determined challenge. The latter, from a sluggish beginning, closed with a belated rattle in the stretch. Mortiboy hung on long enough to show.

1887—FIFTH RACE—One mile; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won cleverly; second driving; third easily. Winner, P. Dunne's br. g., 3, by Ornus—Sarah T.; trained by F. Hanlon. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 1-5, :48 4-5, 1:14 1-5, 1:41 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
1865	Warner Griswell	105	3	......	1...2	1.1½	1...2	1.1½	J. Lee	7-10	3-5
1868	Rather Royal	106	7	......	3...½	3.nk	3...2	2...1	Farrow	6-1	7-1
1852	Roseboro	106	5	......	2.1½	2...2	2.1½	3...3	D. Boland	6-1	8-1
[1688]	Goldess	98	4	......	3...½	4...1	4...½	4.nk	T. Taylor	8-1	12-1
1874	Grandita	91	9	......	6...1	5...1	5.1½	5...1	Bilac	30-1	60-1
1833	Arno	86	8	......	7.nk	7...3	6...2	6...2	A. Williams	50-1	60-1
1876	Western	96	6	......	8...3	6...½	8...4	7...2	Pickens	10-1	15-1
1841	Pat Bulger	109	2	......	9	9	7.nk	8...2	B. Davis	30-1	100-1
1856	Iole	104	1	......	4...h	8...1	9	9	Foy	20-1	60-1

Warner Griswell, off well in motion and taken the shortest route, had the foot all the way, but had to be hustled the last sixteenth to stall off Rather Royal. The latter closed with a terrific rush and outfooted Roseboro at the end. Grandita ran a good race after being left.

1888—SIXTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse $400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; second driving; third easily. Winner, R. E. Watkins' br. f., 4, by Hastings—Flavia; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 2-5, :49, 1:14 1-5, 1:40, 1:53 2-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
[1860]	Flavigny	106	2	......	2.1½	2...3	1.nk	1...2	D. Boland	4-1	7-2
1866	Grenade	115	5	......	1...4	1...1	2...3	2...1	Troxler	3-2	8-5
1642	MacBeth	103	4	......	4...4	4...6	4...6	3...5	J. Ford	50-1	200-1
[1844]	Jungle Imp	111	6	......	3...½	3.1½	3...1	4...6	Farrow	3-2	9-5
1881	Lady Ellison	108	3	......	5.nk	5...h	5...½	5...½	J. Lee	8-1	17-1
1873	Sincerity Belle	106	1	......	6	6	6	6	Foy	12-1	25-1

Flavigny wore Grenade down going to the head of the stretch and took command when ready, winning going away. Grenade, made too much of in the early stages, was stopping badly at the end. MacBeth, coming with a belated rattle, outfooted Jungle Imp at the end.

1889—SEVENTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds; selling. Start good. Won driving; second and third same. Winner, L. F. Bartle's ch. g., 3, by St. Blaize—Souveraine; trained by R. J. Levy. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :23, :48, 1:01, 1:08.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos
1872	Sagapanak	108	3	......	1...1	2...1	1...h	1...½	Farrow	4-1	16-5
1872	Dorothy Duncan	108	4	......	2...1	1...1	1.1½	2...h	Pickens	10-1	9-1
1846	Solly M	111	1	......	6...½	7...1	4...½	3.1½	J. Lee	5-2	5-2
1872	Spider Web	109	9	......	9...4	8...3	3...1	4...½	Troxler	7-1	8-1
......	Bellemina	106	11	......	8...h	9...6	7...h	5...½	Pendergast	50-1	100-1
1854	Little George	108	7	......	7...h	6...h	5...½	6...3	B. Davis	12-1	20-1
1854	Royal River	106	6	......	4...½	3...h	6...½	7...2	Foy	6-1	8-1
1443	Decklaw	106	8	......	5...½	4...h	9...6	8...2	Gaugel	5-1	7-1
1867	Baleshed	117	3	......	3...½	5...1	8...2	9...6	F. Keyes	6-1	8-1
1861	Louisanne	107	10	......	10...2	10...2	10...2	10.1½	T. Taylor	50-1	30-1
1862	Lady Cecilia	102	2	......	11	11	11	11	D. Boland	50-1	60-1

Sagapanak and Dorothy Duncan raced as a pair to the stretch turn, where the latter hung slightly. Solly M., sharply interfered with at the start, closed up a lot of ground and came with a rush through the stretch; would have been second in another jump. Royal River quit.

LITTLE WORK FOR PLAYERS

Weather and Grounds Operate Against Training of the Colonels.

THE NEW MEN FAIL TO ARRIVE.

Manager Cooley, Outfielder Woodruff and Other Local Stars Are Expected To-day.

SOME LIVELY DIAMOND GOSSIP.

FROM all indications the bad weather of the past few days is going to prove a serious handicap to the members of the Louisville baseball team. For nearly a week after the men who are now here reported for duty the weather was fair and warm and just right for baseball, and during that time the old players as well as the youngsters "let out a few links" and played the best ball of which they are capable. Since then, however, the weather has been cold and raw and anything but first class for athletes to train in in the open air, and as a consequence some of the local players, especially some of the older men, are feeling the effects of the let-up.

In spite of the cold, raw wind and rain, with occasional flurries of snow, the Colonels reported for duty at Eclipse Park yesterday afternoon and took part in practice, which lasted for more than an hour. The diamond was very muddy and there was no attempt to field grounders, but the practice consisted mainly of batting out flies and catching them from pitched balls, which the pitchers did not try to pitch. Acting Captain Brashear warned the youngsters, Wright and Bunton, against showing speed, and the men who pitched simply "lobbed" them over, while the batsmen hit 'em out to the delight of the small crowd of fans which was present. After the batting and fielding practice the players took a run around the park, and then after a hot bath repaired to their respective hotels.

* * *

It was confidently expected by the Louisville management as well as all the local players now under contract that Manager Dick Cooey and Outfielder Orville Woodruff would arrive before sundown, but up to a late hour last night neither player had made his appearance. Cooley is said to have left Topeka, Kan., on Saturday and he should have arrived here yesterday, while the report was general on Saturday afternoon and night that Woodruff was ready to report at a moment's notice and would be here early yesterday morning.

Why these players were delayed is a question which the other Colonels are unable to answer. The nonarrival of Woodruff concerns Dan Kerwin particularly, because Kerwin is eager to leave Louisville and report for duty in Kansas City where his wife is anxiously awaiting his arrival. If Woodruff fails to report for duty to the Louisville club the chances are that Kerwin will have to remain here and play right field for the Colonels, in spite of the fact that Owner Tebeau and Manager Jimmy Burke, of the Kansas City club, desire his services.

When Woodruff reports he will play in either right or center, the other place being taken by Cooley, while Stanley will play in left. This will leave Suter Sullivan on first, Brashear at second, Quinlan at short and Offa Neal at third.

This team will present a formidable front, in spite of the discouraging conditions which existed a week ago. The club will have Sullivan, of Kansas City, Stoner, Hughes and Schan as catchers, while the pitching department will be composed of Kenna, Stovall, Wright, Bunton and Sudhoff, who was also secured from the Kansas City club.

Cleveland 8, Cincinnati 6.

Cincinnati, O., April 8.—The Cincinnati baseball team was defeated in an exhibition game this afternoon by the Cleveland American League team. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—	6	9	2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	—	8	14	2

Batteries—Mahon, Coakley and Schlei; Moore, Leibhart and Bemis.

Washington 7, Columbus 6.

Columbus, O., April 8.—The Washington Americans to-day defeated the Columbus American Association team in a loosely played game. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0	0	0	2	0	4	3	0	*	—	7	12	6
Columbus	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	—	6	8	2

Batteries—Patton, Hughes and Blankenship and Heydon; Robertaille, Veil and Blue.

South Atlantic League Results.

At Jacksonville—Jacksonville, 5; Columbia, 1.
At Charleston—Charleston, 4; Macon, 1.
At Savannah—Savannah, 1; Augusta, 2.

W. H. Shanks Nominated.

Stanford, Ky., April 8.—William H. Shanks was nominated by the Democrats of Lincoln county for Representative this morning. He had no opposition.

NEXT BIG RACE IS RUN MONDAY

Carter Handicap To Take Place At Aqueduct, Worth $10,000.

FIRST REAL EVENT OF SEASON.

Roseben, Glorifier, Horace E. and Other Cracks of Last Year, Expected To Start.

SOME FACTS ABOUT THE RACE.

NEXT Monday, at Aqueduct, the home of the Queen's County Jockey Club, will be run the first big handicap of the metropolitan turf season of the present year. This will be the seventh renewal of the Carter Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, at seven furlongs.

Regarding the coming race, a well-known Eastern turf critic says: "This year's renewal is worth $10,000 guaranteed, which, by the way, makes this first of the season's handicaps quite a pretentious affair and well worth the attention of the biggest stables in training. Already the racing folk here on the scene of turf activity at Benning are commencing to canvass the field of probable starters with the idea of picking out a winner. In fact, from now on, the big thing in a racing way here in the East will be the Carter Handicap.

"After a winter's layoff from their favorite pastime, thousands and thousands of New Yorkers will tumble over one another on Carter Handicap day to catch a glimpse of the horses and beslikened jockeys—not to say anything of the mild gentlemen known as the bookmakers. So it comes to pass that annually some 15,000 enthusiasts brave the chill early April 'blow' off the nearby Atlantic in order to leand a hearty welcome to King Thoroughbred returning to his realm.

"A Carter Handicap is not without its romance and tragedy. It is only a short way down the vista of the turf to a memory of Capt. Carter. The captain was one of the old school of turfmen. Ten years ago he lived in a heyday. With a few horses and a small bank roll he gathered $100,000 in a short while, assisted by truly wondrous luck. Seven years ago he endowed and founded a race at Aqueduct. He gave $2,000 out of his own purse as added money to the entry fees, declarations, etc., of the owners of the several candidates. The late Thomas Reilly, of the Queens County Jockey Club, called the race the Carter Handicap. Year by year it grew in importance until now it is worth a small fortune—$10,000. The mighty Roseben won it last year, while looking down the list of Carter Handicap winners one may discern the names of Ormonde's Right, Ethics and the mighty Beldame. Here is the sentiment interwoven with the Carter Handicap: Two years ago, while the great crowd rushed to acclaim the winner, a poor old man, bent and broken, stood at the railside least observed in all the great throng. It was Capt. Carter. His name was on every lip, yet for himself not a passing glance. The years since the fixture had come into being through his devotion to the turf had not treated him kindly. So there he stood, a human sermon on the fickleness and the frailty of the world. Then the tragedy of the Carter Handicap comes into mind. On the day Beldame won, the late 'Caesar' Young first met 'Nan' Patterson. The mare brought home a complimentary bet for 'Nan' that day. The swirl and the long story with its Tenderloin trimmings was there begun.

With the running but a few days off, it looks as if Trainer Frank Weir may scratch Roseben. The big horse has been doing well in his work up at Gravesend, but he is an older horse than he was a year ago, and consequently harder to "edge up" for a race so early in the spring. Then again, Handicapper Vosburgh asks him to pack no less than 135 pounds. There is nothing certain about it, but if the big sprinter starts he will be favorite, all right, for he is beloved of the average New York racegoer. So far as Washington and Benning are concerned a three-year-old, Horace E., is given a royal chance, despite a bad race a week ago at Benning. Trainer Billy Garth is smiling in confidence whenever he talks of this son of Bannockburn and the Carter Handicap. Last spring in California Horace E. raced under Barney Schreiber's colors. So impressed was his form that Roy Rainey, the Cleveland millionaire, gave $25,000 for him. Then, after a dismal race or two about New York in May, he was given up as a two-year-old possibility. When Horace E. was turned over to Garth, the colt was found to be "thrushed," his hoofs being soft and shelly. However, he is in grand condition right now. Under 105 pounds he will fly. Miller will probably ride him in case Inquisitor, McCarter or J. C. Core, of the Newcastle stable, are not started, the "marvelous one" being under contract to this establishment. De Mund will probably scratch from the Carter Handicap, where he is asked to take up 108 pounds—top weight for the three-year-olds—and go in the Metropolitan Handicap, at Belmont Park in May. This De Mund may be one of the greatest three-year-olds ever known, and a conqueror of Salvidere, say his admirers. New Orleans says to look out for Glorifier, a grand horse, who ran six furlongs in 1:12 1-5 recently.

Elsewhere will be found the probable field of starters, together with the engagements for the race so far entered into by the jockeys. The 1907 Carter Handicap is a very open race at best.

Racing about New York is a certainty for at least another year. This becomes possible through the adjournment of the Senate of the State of New York at Albany, N. Y., without having had the Anti-Racing Bill before its sessions. The bill never left the Codes and Privileges Committee. According to the general gossip about the Benning clubhouse the lobby of the Jockey Club had the bill so tightly hamstrung in the above committee that it might have been kept right there until Doomsday. The State legislators do not convene again for a year. It will be seen then that the turf has a better chance in the battle of politics here in the East than in the West. The fanatics may call special meetings of this and that society and raise a great agitation, but when it comes to a showdown at Albany, N. Y., the Jockey Club throws down a strong hand. In the recent flurry at Albany, N. Y., one thing which threw a lot of cold water on the anti-racing propaganda was the reading before the Codes Committee of a declaration made by District Attorney Jerome, of New York county, in reference to the betting evil some months previously. Said the celebrated District Attorney, who now stands allied with the reformers and who did all he could to pass the recent anti turf legislation: "The Rev Dr Slicer has done more to kill the insidious poolroom evil in Manhattan than myself and the four preceding District Attorneys combined."

It appears the Rev. Dr. Slicer, who is a man of wealth, culture and genuine civic influence, agreed with August Belmont that should be (Slicer) retire an Anti-racing Bill under contemplation, he (Belmont) should agree to cut off the poolroom trackside information, thereby crippling the traffic beyond repair. This compromise was accepted by both factions. There was no bill introduced and the Jockey Club has certainly crippled the poolroom traffic. The rooms have been unable to secure a single line of advance information, such as scratches, jockeys, prices, etc. Visitors to the race tracks about New York last summer wondered at the great sails of canvas spread out on high masts down near the quarter stretch and outside the back fence. The poolrooms had a way of employing a powerful telescope in an observatory outside the fence. In this way the operator on his high station would get the jockeys, prices, etc., from a confederate in the stand, who would hold a simple programme in such a way that the telescope would bring the lettering as close to the poolroom operator as if he were standing four feet away, though the distance was always half a mile or so away. The fight is still on, and the sails are up here at Benning. Racing in the East is therefore prolonged for another year. Hostile legislation then will only serve to abolish the bookmaker. The speculative end of the sport will be patterned much after the style in vogue abroad.

The jockey problem is the chief concern of owners and trainers right now, considering that within a few weeks some of the richest stakes of the year will be run at Belmont Park. Oftentimes an incompetent rider will lose a $20,000 stake on the best colt in the field of starters. At this time "Marvelous" Miller seems to be as much ahead of his rivals as he was last year. There is no race riding Lochinver in sight at the present time. With the two-year-old, Miller will be unbeatable when conditions are anywhere near equal, for he is without an equal as a post rider. He breaks off so rapidly he has a half-mile race for two-year-olds won before the (average rider gets into stride. Of course, "Jack" Martin, of the Farrell-Sullivan confederacy, will be the great money rider. In the handicaps over a distance of ground, Martin will be the peer of 1907 riders. Of course, he cannot do the 100 pounds Miller will make. Martin's 108 pounds will keep him out of many a stake engagement. San Francisco gave the East Hildebrand and Miller, but this winter the Golden Gate failed to produce a real star. Sandy may do well, but his genius will scarcely scintillate. Los Angeles sends back young Koerner, a finished horseman, but not up to Miller. New Orleans graduated three good boys in "Dave" Nicol, Goldstein and Mountain. Nicol, like McDaniel, can ride like a whale in the winter, but when he comes East he fades away to nothing. Neither boy ever did much here in the East, while their form at New Orleans and Los Angeles, respectively, has been undeniably good. Experts say that if a manager like "Jimmy" McCormick had Nicol, he would make him a formidable rival of Miller, for the boy can be brought back to do 100 pounds through the hot summer months. By the way, McCormick has made a fair rider out of Garner. Still, this youngster is not a class star. He is too pudgy and coarse in his method and style. All in all, it looks as if Miller will be the "one best bet" of the majority of handicappers and race players this coming summer.

PROBABLE FIELD OF THE 1907 CARTER HANDICAP

RUN AT AQUEDUCT, L. I., MONDAY, APRIL 15.

Horse.	Age.	Wt.	Owner.	Jockey.	Pr. Odds.
Roseben	6	135	D. Johnson	J. Martin	9—5
Glorifier	5	119	J. H. McCormick	Garner	5—1
Keator	5	111	J. H. McCormick	Lee	5—1
Horace E	3	105	Paul J. Rainey	Radtke	4—1
Suffrage	4	110	J. R. Keene	McDaniel	8—1
Inquisitor	4	115	Newcastle Stable	*Miller	12—1
Halifax	4	118	E. R. Thomas	Mountain	10—1
Juggler	4	110	Burlew & O'Neil	Nicol	15—1
Oxford	5	122	J. McLaughlin	Hennessey	15—1
Brookdale Nymph	4	115	H. P. Whitney	Koerner	20—1
Southern Cross	5	106	W. H. Snyder	Smith	12—1
Graziallo	5	106	Columbia Stable	Notter	8—1
Wes	4	104	J. Hamil	Moriarity	6—1
Malacca	3	99	Frank Nolan	J. Johnson	25—1
Don Diego	4	108	August Belmont	Englander	20—1
Okenite	3	99	August Belmont	Goldstein	20—1
Rye	4	102	C. Sullivan	Lee	12—1

*If the Newcastle Stable's entries are withdrawn, Miller will likely ride Horace E.

There are sixty-eight eligibles to the Carter Handicap. The above horses are the most likely to start.

MANAGER CLYMER IS WELL PLEASED

American Association Champions Look As Strong As Ever To Columbus Leader.

EITHER wet or cold weather has bothered the Senators all week, and it's been a case of seeing the veterans nurse themselves along on every possible occasion in an effort to keep from going back to the condition they held before training was started, says a special from Columbus.

Perhaps the most significant utterance of the week was one made by Manager Clymer the other night in which he said: "We'll have a ball club here by April 11."

While "Derby Day" didn't go into details, he meant nothing more nor less than that one or two seasoned players are coming out of the majors to the A. A. championship club.

Some of the conservatives round town would like to see Kihm replaced at first base by a man who can hit more reliably than the mute veteran. Then there's some doubt about young Reilley's ability to hold down the center field job for which Tom McCreery was cast originally.

The Buffalo youngster can field all right and is able to get around the bases, but the fear is that he won't be able to get to first often enough. There is the chance that the management will be satisfied if a new face is placed in one of the two somewhat shaky positions. However, no good bet will be overlooked and just as strong a "paper" team as possible will be collected. Then Clymer will be at liberty to take the club out and get results.

Practically all of the pitching done to date has been by youngsters, of whom there are half a dozen around. Best of the lot appears to be George Upp, a left-hander, who was with the Lancaster (Ohio-Pennsylvania) League club last year. As there is no south-paw among the veterans Upp looms up as a regular.

Fred Vell, "Chic" Robertaille, Bob Wicker and Jack Townsend are the pitchers of experience at Manager Clymer's command and he's as fussy about them as a mother hen is of her brood. Bill's heart will be heavy if even one of the four are not in trim for work in the games that count. Robertaille coached West Point pitchers the last three weeks of March and reported here early in the week in excellent condition.

With Jack Ryan gone to the Buffalo club Catcher Blue knows that he's expected to be the premier backstop of the club and he's getting along with his work much easier than he did that of a year ago. His catching pal, Lee Fohl, is having it rather hard to get the kinks out of his muscles.

Shortstop Hulswitt is holding the condition he displayed during the work in that warm March weather, and Second-baseman Wrigley is just as much a fixture. And it doesn't look as if any youngster is going to crowd Bill Friel off third base. Jim Jackson and Frank Judge are popularly considered as fixtures in left and right field respectively. They've been hitting conditioned pitchers very well.

KLING FINALLY SIGNS A CONTRACT.

CHICAGO, April 8.—John Kling, the mainstay of the Chicago National League team in the catching department, who has been holding out for more money, signed a contract to-day and will be seen behind the bat in the opening game here Thursday, with St. Louis.

MARE ALMOST TIES RECORD

Ormonde's Right Runs Fast Seven and One-half Furlongs.

FAVORITE FINISHES SECOND.

Jockey Miller Makes His Reappearance At Benning, But Cuts Little Figure.

MADDEN WINS WITH BECKON.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—As a horse race, the most interesting event on the card of the Washington Jockey Club at Benning to-day was the handicap at seven and one-half furlongs. Faust, with Miller up, was a receding favorite, while Ormonde's Right was always in strong demand. Sailor Boy broke first and made the pace for half a mile. On the turn he was overhauled by the favorite and Ormonde's Right. In the stretch the latter came away and won by a length in 1:37 1-5, within a fifth of a second of the course record.

Jockey Miller made his first appearance after a week's enforced idleness, in the second race. His mount, Awless, cut no figure in the result, the winner being Beckon, with Merryman second and Long Ball third.

There is no doubt that the meeting at Washington has been remarkably successful in every respect, except in the racing itself. It has been as good as could reasonably be expected in view of the average low class of the horses in daily action. But it has not been as good as it should be. That more good horses do not run at the Washington meetings is due solely to the somewhat narrow policy of the management in not offering sufficient money to induce their presence.

The card to-day was mediocre, with two allowance affairs and a handicap being the only events that brought together horses of any class.

In the day's introductory, Chippewa, a rank outsider, at 6 to 1, and hailing from the barn of W. H. Mosby, took the measures of the two first choices, Wabash Queen and Jack McKeon. Both of the latter were held at odds of 9 to 5 and 8 to 5 respectively, and though Goldstein, on Wabash Queen, tried hard to get up in time, she was not good enough to land. Mountain, on Jack McKeon, was driving with whip and spurs, but the old son of G. W. Johnson quit like a dog and did one of those acrobatic stunts in the form reversal line.

John E. Madden, the famous Kentucky horseman, sent his good two-year-old Plaudit filly, Beckon, to the post in the second, and at odds of 7 to 2 she did nothing but show a clean pair of heels from flagfall to the wire. Radtke, on Merryman, was simply not there with the goods and anchored in second place.

Herman Radtke, the jockey, who was ill the latter part of last week, is about all right. Radtke now claims his illness was due to biliousness and not due to reducing his weight, as was reported.

Brookdale Nymph, it is said, is sure to start next Monday in the Carter Handicap at Aqueduct. She will carry the colors of Harry Payne Whitney.

The "walk around" system of bookmaking which is in vogue here is practically a failure. The system had a good trial and the persons who commended it last fall have since become antagonistic, as it turns out that the system allows the sharks to have a shade, which, of course, is not inclined to keep racing in a healthy condition. Some of the layers who thought that their individuality would be the means of bringing them a great deal of custom have concluded that it was all a dream. As for the casual racegoer and player, it may be said that he is inconvenienced to such an extent that he finds making and fining a winning bet an unusual hardship. It is also a fact that his companion invariably beats him to the price, which is anything but pleasant.

Furthermore, the betting is paraded on the lawns and all over the race track inclosure, a state of affairs that is not in any way desired by those who have the best interests of racing at heart. This particular evil, it seems, cannot receive the sanction of the Jockey Club in the long run, as the body has always frowned upon the speculative end of the game, and is at present using every means to curtail it as far as possible. As far as the racing itself is concerned, it has been above reproach; yet the conditions have been framed so that there have been very few contenders in the various events. But now, that the weather and track conditions are more favorable, the horses that have been backward will be sent to the post, while within the next few days a number of good two-year-olds will be shown, together with several candidates for the Carter Handicap. The attendance so far has been far above the former average. The books have had a pretty hard road to travel, too.

Here is a tip straight from Gen. Townes, owner of Marster, the fatherless gelding, which won here recently. He is in the Carter Handicap at 93 pounds.

"You may think I am romancing," said the General, "but the fact is that Marster can run half a mile on the Columbia course in 46½ seconds. I do not think that Roseben with 135 pounds up can do so. If I can get the services of a good jockey for Marster, it by no means follows that the Carter Handicap will be won by a fashionable horse in a big stable." Gen. Townes, once Consul General at Rio Janeiro, is doing admirably as trainer of his own horses. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; seven furlongs; Columbia course:
Chippewa, 95 (McCarty), 7 to 1........ 1
Wabash Queen, 87 (Goldstein), 9 to 5.. 2
Jack McKeon, 112 (Mountain), 7 to 5.. 3
Time, 1:31 4-5. Tom Lawson, Edwin H. and Jupiter also ran.

Second Race — Four furlongs; the old course:
Beckon, 107 (J. Johnson), 18 to 5...... 1
Merryman, 107 (Radtke), 12 to 1....... 2
Long Ball, 107 (L. Smith), 12 to 1....... 3
Time, :51 4-5. Gossoon, Luzetta, Awless and John Lee also ran.

Third Race—Six furlongs:
Lord Boanerges, 104 (Mountain), 3 to 1 1
Workmaid, 99 (McDaniel), 4 to 1........ 2
Anna May, 101 (Miller), 9 to 2........ 3
Time, 1:16 2-5. Berkley, Golfball and Degrose also ran.

Fourth Race—Selling; five furlongs:
Anna Smith, 111 (Miller), even......... 1
Cousin Kate, 111 (McDaniel), 5 to 1..... 2
Kankakee, 94 (Englander), 8 to 1........ 3
Time, 1:03 4-5. Idle Dream, Bettie Bouncer, Merry Lassie, Alegrie, Diamond Flush, Princess Royal, Venus, Ossineke and Umbrella also ran.

Fifth Race—Selling; one mile:
Cobmosa, 106 (McDaniel), 11 to 5...... 1
Delphie, 100 (Englander), 14 to 5....... 2
Dekaber, 100 (Hyland), 15 to 1......... 3
Time, 1:44 2-5. Turbulence and Monacodor also ran.

Sixth Race—Handicap; seven and one-half furlongs:
Ormonde's Right, 121 (McDaniel), 11 to 10.......... 1
Faust, 95 (Miller), even.......... 2
Sailor Boy, 91 (Yorke), 15 to 1......... 3
Time, 1:37 1-5. Three starters.

BENNING ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six and one-half furlongs; Columbia course:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Parkville	113	Lally	94
Belle of Jessamine	106	Fusillade	91
Orphan Lad	98	Cobleskill	91
Tudor	94	Old Colony	89

SECOND RACE—Half mile; old course:

Meno	104	Black Mask	104
Kate Carney	104	Oredon	104
Cartwheel	104	Helen B	104
Matchee Mary	104	Black Domino	104
Desideratum	104	Gallant Lizzie	104
Virlando	104	Miss Marjorie	104
Wedding	104	Laudable	104
Easter Bells	104		

THIRD RACE—Four and one-half furlongs; old course:

Patrician	107	Hartford Boy	107
Senator Barrett	107	Marston	107
Bob Callahan	107		

FOURTH RACE — Steeplechase; about two miles:

Setauket	161	Paprinka	137
Guardian	158	Sir Tristan	137
Adaline B.	156	Mooksie	135
Lysistrata	137		

FIFTH RACE—Seven furlongs; Columbia course:

Millstone	108	Queen of Knight	106
Trenton Blue	108	Lucy Strome	106
I Am Trying	108	Sally K.	106
Grumbling Soph.	106	Willdo	106
Titmouse	106	Puritan Girl	106

SIXTH RACE — Selling; one mile and one hundred yards; old course:

Toscan	109	Lord Badge	102
Flexion	107	Jobstown	94
Blue Buck	107	Winchester	102
Sentry	107	Venus	96
Waterdog	103		

NO RACING DATES FOR DENVER JOCKEY CLUB.

CHICAGO, April 8.—The application of the Denver-Overland Racing Club, Denver, Colo., to race upon dates sanctioned by the Western Jockey Club, was passed for future action at the regular monthly meeting of the board of stewards here to-day. No reason was given by the stewards for the postponing of the allotment of the dates for the Colorado track.

GOOD SPORT AT OAKLAND.

Raleigh Furnishes Day's Surprise By Beating Heatherscot In Two-Year-Old Event.

San Francisco, April 8.—An attractive card and fine weather brought out a large crowd at Oakland, where interesting sport was furnished. The two-year-old race proved a surprise, Raleigh, at 10 to 1, winning from Heatherscot. Summaries:

First Race—Five furlongs; selling:
Raleigh, 110 (Rice), 10 to 1 1
Heatherscot, 109 (Borel), 18 to 5 2
Husky, 122 (Keogh), 13 to 5 3
Time, 1:01 4-5. Valoski, Bardonia, Balnade, Katie Rains, Gage Taylor and Willa Pink also ran.

Second Race—Six and one-half furlongs; selling:
Silver Line, 110 (McRae), 10 to 1 1
Mechant, 108 (E. Rice), 8 to 5 2
Duke of Orleans, 105 (Grote), 20 to 1 3
Time, 1:21 2-5. Blanche C., Tony, Telanus, Bon Vivant, Lugano, Doc Craig and Melitah also ran.

Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs:
F. Nuegent, 109 (Fischer), 21 to 5 1
Johnny Lyons, 111 (J. Hayes), 5 to 1 2
Larose, 110 (Keogh), 9 to 1 3
Time, 1:07 4-5. Como, Fair Fagot, Galvestonian, Vinton, Poinsett, May Pink, Arcourt and Altanero also ran.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs; selling:
Sir Brillar, 106 (Graham), 16 to 10 1
The Mist, 98 (Kirschbaum), 7 to 2 2
Nigrette, 94 (McLaughlin), 11 to 2 3
Time, 1:13 1-5. Gateway, Pontotoc, Plausible and Homage also ran.

Fifth Race—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:
Dutiful, 110 (Palms), 9 to 5 1
Cadichon, 107 (Goodchild), 13 to 1 2
Invader, 107 (H. Smith), 9 to 10 3
Time, 1:48 3-5. Gov. Davis, Talamund, Anvil, Vincentio and Watercure also ran.

Sixth Race—One mile:
Confederate, 106 (Buxton), 13 to 20........1
Dorado, 112 (Hunter), 7 to 1 2
Boloman, 108 (Jarrett), 7 to 1 3
Time, 1:42 1-5. Milshora, Mamie Algol and Tony also ran.

OAKLAND ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Four furlongs; purse:

Horse.	Wt.	Horse.	Wt.
Charay	112	Rio Vista	112
Belle Brady	112	Tia Juana	112
Dally	112	Agripena	112
Last Go	112	Tallen	112
Vespa	112	Baboo	112
Follie	112	Mariana	107

SECOND RACE—One and one-eighth miles; selling:

Nabonassar	125	The Only Way	122
Sinner Simon	112	Hugh McGowan	122
Little Joker	112	Mai Lowry	120
Bonar	112	Wartimes	119
Briarthorpe	112	Martenor	116
Royal Red	122	Early Hours	111

THIRD RACE—Six and one-half furlongs; selling:

Head Dance	112	Comilfo	109
Frolic	112	Bonnie Reg	109
The Mighty	112	Princess Wheeler	109
Lem Reed	109	Silver Sue	109
Gov. Orman	109	Cerro Santa	104
Hippocrates	109	Sheen	102

FOURTH RACE—Five furlongs; Narcissus Handicap:

Fireball	116	Hector	104
Collector Jessup	116	Billy Mayham	102
Lisaro	111	Ingham	95
Cloudlight	111		

FIFTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; selling:

Cabin	108	Glissando	100
Waswift	107	King of the Mist	100
Oratorian	104	Lone Wolf	99
Andrew Mack	101	Elevation	96
Tarp	102	Edith James	95
Sahara	100		

SIXTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs:

The Skipper	112	Salable	109
Dr. Tom	105	Massa	109
St. Sinicus	105	Entre Nous	107
Fisher Boy	112	Misty's Pride	107
E. M. Brattain	105	Wild Blossom	104
Smithy Kane	109		

HORSES SHOWN AT LEXINGTON.

Big Crowd Sees Trotting Stallions Paraded At Bluegrass Track.

Lexington, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—This was April court day here, which, from time immemorial, has been Horse Show day in Lexington—an important event in the trotting horse world all over America. On this day the cream of the trotting horse stallions of the Bluegrass region are paraded at the trotting horse track, many of them showing their gaits on the drive through the grounds. Few if any of the great thoroughbred horses are ever paraded and though occasionally some saddle or coach horses are exhibited, it is essentially the trotting horse day.

The exhibition this afternoon was one of the best ever seen in Lexington, and a large crowd of horse enthusiasts were out to witness it. Among the spectators who came from a distance were: S. Deysher, of Reading, Pa.; James V. Morris, of Cleveland, O.; David Todd, of Youngstown, O.; H. H. Stambough, of Youngstown, O.; A. Albright, Jr., of New York, and Joseph T. Quinn, of Detroit, Mich.

Lasker Wins Chess Game.

New York, April 8.—The chess match for the championship of the world between Dr. Emanuel Lasker and F. J. Marshall, which was begun January 26, was concluded to-day when the champion won the eighth game of the contest after thirty-seven moves. The final score was: Lasker, 8; Marshall, 0; drawn, 7.

Present For "Jiggs" Donohue.

Springfield, O., April 8.—The first game of the series with the Chicago American team and Springfield was won by the visitors to-day by a score of 10 to 2. When "Jiggs" Donohue stepped to the bat in the first inning ex-Mayor Bowlus presented him with a diamond scarf-pin, a gift from his friends in his home town.

SQUIRES REACHES HONOLULU AND SAYS HE'S AFTER JEFFRIES.

HONOLULU, April 8.—William Squires, the heavyweight pugilist of Australia, arrived here to-day on the steamer Ventura, en route to San Francisco. In an interview he said that this was the first time he had been out of Australia and expressed his willingness to meet and has confidence in his ability to defeat Champion Jeffries.

FAMOUS TURF TRIAL IS AGAIN DELAYED

Juror In Lou Dillon Case Excused On Account of Child's Illness.

NEW YORK, April 8.—The suit of the Memphis Trotting Association against Elmer E. Smathers to recover a gold cup won by his horse, Major Delmar, from Lou Dillon, was given to the jury to-day without argument by counsel for either side.

Thomas G. Scarborough, a turf reporter of Memphis, who was the only witness to testify to-day was called by the defense. He said that ten days prior to the race Millard Sanders told him that he had doubts as to Lou Dillon's staying powers after her illness in the summer of 1904.

Justice Greenbaum in his charge to the jury said the case had become a question of whether fraud had been committed. The jury then retired.

To-night Juror Steiman informed the court that one of his children was ill with scarlet fever, and he was immediately excused. The other eleven jurors were locked up for the night and told that if they reached a verdict to return it, sealed, to the court to-morrow morning.

The jury returned for instructions this evening, the foreman asking if suspicious was enough on which to base a conclusion. The judge instructed them that all the circumstances in connection with the matter should be taken into consideration, and that the plaintiff should prove his case by a preponderance of evidence. The foreman stated that there was small hope of an agreement.

About 9 o'clock the jury returned a sealed verdict.



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If you want the Purest Liquors.
We are headquarters for the Famous
Old McKenna Whisky.

THE
Waverley Hotel
AMERICAN PLAN.
Walnut St., Bet. Sixth and Seventh.
$2.00 PER DAY.
Rooms with private bath attached. Special rates by the week or month.

WHEN YOU COME TO LOUISVILLE
You want to be comfortable — a nice room, with the best things to eat, at reasonable rates. That's what you get at
RUFER'S Hotel and Restaurant,
Fifth St., Near Main.

1st POOL
PITTSBURG LUMP — $3.75 PER LOAD.
All Sizes
ANTHRACITE — $7.75 PER TON.
POCAHONTAS — $5.00 PER TON.
COAL
ECLIPSE COAL CO., 339 W. Market St. WM. EVERING, Manager. Phones 1821

AMUSEMENTS.

Mary Anderson Theatre SHUBERT THEATRICAL CO. DIRECTORS
TO-DAY MATINEE ... 2:15 EVENING ... 8:15
MARY MANNERING
IN HER BIG SUCCESS
"GLORIOUS BETSY"
Prices—25c to $1.50.
THURSDAY THREE NIGHTS Saturday Matinee
David Belasco Presents
BLANCHE BATES
IN THE
"GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST"
Complete Metropolitan Production.
Prices—50c to $2.00. Box Seats $2 & $2.50
SEAT SALE TO-MORROW FOR MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM.

MACAULEY'S—To-night Only,
ROSENTHAL
The Noted Pianist.
Prices 50c, $1.00, $1.50.
Next: Forbes Robertson and Gertrude Elliott.

CONCERT and BALL
JOHN C. WEBER'S BAND
of Cincinnati.
Given for the Benefit of the
FIRST KENTUCKY REGIMENT
At the Armory, April 15, 1907.
$1 admits both lady and gentleman to concert and ball. Supper served by Miss Jennie C. Benedict.
Tickets can be secured from Smith & Nixon; Albert J. Schoettlin, drug store, Fourth and Chestnut; T. P. Taylor & Co., Fourth street; T. P. Taylor & Co., Third and Jefferson; Buschemeyer Bros., Fourth and Green; H. Ackerman, cigar stand, Louisville Trust building; Louisville Hotel cigar stand; Old Inn cigar stand; R. D. Bakrow, cigar stand, Main street; C. E. Pfau, Third and St. Catherine.

THE NEW MASONIC To-night, All Week 15, 25, 35, 50, 75c.
BILLY B. VAN in MATINEES TUESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY.
The Musical Comedy Success
Patsy in Politics. Best Seats... 25c
Next Week—Montana.

Matinee TO-DAY EVERY DAY AVENUE
Prices 10c, 15c, 25c. To-night 15c, 25c, 50c.
The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER. A Story of Intense Heart Interest Powerfully Acted.
Next Week—The Cow Puncher.

HOPKINS Mat. and Night.
High-Class Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC MUSICAL FOUR; Lew Sully; Apollo Quartette; Rome & Ferguson; Inness & Ryan; Chas. Sharp; Walter Beemer and Girl; White Sox-Cubs Championship Game and other Kinodrome Pictures.

MUSIC FESTIVAL APRIL 18, 19 and 20.
SEASON TICKET SALE April 10, 11, 12 and 13 only. Box office: D. H. Baldwin & Co., 529 Fourth. Prices $7.50 and $4.50. SINGLE SEAT SALE OPENS APRIL 15.

The Woman's Club
Edward Howard
GRIGGS.
LECTURE
GOETHE'S FAUST
This Even'g 8:15

Scanlon Coal Co.
(Incorporated.)
Only Local Dealers Handling
FOX RIDGE COAL
25 Bushels Lump $3.75
25 Bushels Nut $3.50
Best By Every Test.

2 Bargains!
Both in good locations with STREETS MADE.
Apartment building of 4 flats of 3 rooms and bath each
Rent $648 Price $4,250
The other has 4 flats of 4 rooms and bath each.
Rent $840 Price $5,600
E. T. FARMER,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent,
445 West Jefferson.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE
For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE and EVANSVILLE PACKET CO. For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamer GLENMORE, Monday and Thursday. Steamer TARASCON, Tuesday and Friday. Steamer TELL CITY, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot of Fourth. Both phones 495-827.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

LEE LINE STEAMERS
To MEMPHIS; Peters Lee Leaves April 11, noon; Georgia Lee Leaves Apr 18, noon
$9.50 One Way; $16.00 Round Trip. $2.50 to Evansville; $2.50 to Cincinnati.
Through freight and passengers for all Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers north to St. Louis, south to Vicksburg; Arkansas river points to Pine Bluff. Office 353 W. Main. Phones: Cumb. M. 26; Home 7610.
W. F. BRANDENBURG, A. F. and P. A.

A stitch in time saves nine. A few doses of Wintersmith's Tonic at the beginning of a cold will cure it.

FOR SALE.

One 100-K. W. American Engine Co. 125-volt belt-type Generator. Speed 450 r. p. m

Also the following shafting, hangers, boxes, etc.:
2 Medard Pulleys.
1 piece 3 15-16-inch shafting, 14 feet long, with three boxes 15 inches long for same.
1 cast iron drop hanger, 14 inches deep.
1 wall box.
1 Medard steel pulley in halves, 44 inches diameter, 21-inch face and 3 15-16-inch bore.
1 Medard steel pulley, 64 inches in diameter, 17-inch face, 3 15-16-inch bore, 3 15-16-inch thrust collars.

Condition good as new.
Delivery immediately.
Apply to Courier-Journal Counting Room.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 1o'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended April 9 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	84	.00	Marquette	24	.88
Amarillo	76	.00	Memphis	58	.00
Atlanta	52	.00	Modena	78	.00
Bismarck	40	.06	Montgomery	62	.00
Cairo	54	.00	Nashville	54	T
Cincinnati	40	.01	New Orleans	70	.00
Charlotte	48	.00	New York	36	.90
Chattano'ga	52	.06	Oklahoma	78	.00
Chicago	38	T	Omaha	50	.00
Cor. Christi	72	.00	Palestine	76	.00
Davenport	46	T	Pittsburg	42	T
Dodge City	74	.00	Shreveport	74	.00
El Paso	84	.00	St. Louis	50	.00
Fort Smith	74	.00	St. Paul	42	.00
Galveston	70	.00	Vicksburg	68	.00
Indianapolis	38	T	Washington	50	.71
Jacksonville	36	.34	Yellowstone		
Kansas City	56	.00	Park	54	.00
Little Rock	70	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, April 9, 1907.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	29.73	29.80
Temperature	38	37
Dew point	30	25
Relative humidity	74	60
Wind velocity	11	20
State of weather	Cloudy	Cloudy

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, April 9, 1907.

Maximum temperature	43
Minimum temperature	36
Mean temperature	39
Normal	54
Departure for day	—15
Departure for month	—48
Departure since March 1	+238
Prevailing winds	West
Mean barometer	29.76
Mean relative humidity	67
Character of day	Cloudy
Total precipitation	.02
Normal	.16
Departure for day	—.14
Departure for month	—.45
Departure since March 1	+.58

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Louisville from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould from and to Carrollton....Tarascon from and to Evansville.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenbern, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Tell City, Capt. Howard, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was rising last evening, with 8 feet 2 inches in the canal, 6 feet on the falls and 19 feet 5 inches at the foot of the locks. Business good. Weather cloudy and cool.

DRIFTWOOD.

Tell City for Evansville at 4 p. m. to-day....The Tarascon had a good trip out last evening....The Peters Lee for Memphis to-morrow....The Evansville boats are now doing a heavy business both in freight and people....Falls City for Kentucky river Friday....The directors of the Cincinnati Packet Company hold a meeting here next Monday....The steamer Blue Wing, sunk near Frankfort a few days ago, has been raised and taken to Madison to be rebuilt on the Marine ways....The Ohio is so low at Pittsburg that towboats cannot reach the harbor....The Sam Clarke and Charlie Brown are laid up at Sewickley....It was the John Moren and not the Jim Moren that burned at Cairo Monday night....The Dick Fowler is to have her machinery changed to the Swain compound condensing pattern of Stillwater, Minn. ....The Blue Wing, sunk in the Kentucky river, was raised Sunday and brought to Madison by the John Mackey. ....The R. P. Gilham took a big tow of empties up the river from here....The Jim Wood took a big tow of empties to Pittsburg from Cincinnati....John A. Wood and Sea Lion brought down rafts and went back up the river....Lighthouse Inspector James H. Oliver, who has been ordered to report at Newport, R. I., has been succeeded by Commander William Braunersreuther, of Portsmouth, N. H. ....The Little Kanawha is rising rapidly. ....The river fell three feet at Memphis in forty-eight hours a few days ago.... The recent rough weather on the river has rather put a check to the movements of towboats upstream and down....Pilot Dan Kane has returned home from a trip down the river on a big towboat....The raising of the wickets in the Bonde dam puts more water in the canal....The packets were busy yesterday and the wharf presented a lively scene....The Peters Lee went up night before last.... The Tarascon had good trips in and out yesterday....The canal is in good condition and fine working order....Among the old-time well-known steamboat agents here of antebellum days the names of I. S. Moorhead, B. C. Live, "Mase" Irvin, J. C. Buckles, Judge O. Forsee, B. J. Caffrey and Tom Small may be mentioned and none were more prominent than Capt. Sam W. Black, who has outlived them all and who is now about to go the way they went—all gone down the "dark valley," having made their last landings. Capt. Sam Black began his career on the river as a barkeeper on the big boats of the Louisville and New Orleans trade. Promoted from one position to another he was clerk, pilot and captain on many fine, large boats in the New Orleans trade and was well known all along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers. Only during the later years of his life was he an agent in this city, and closed his career as an agent. His health has been declining during the past few years of his long and useful life and he will die as he has lived, highly respected and much loved by a host of friends and relatives. He was for many years agent here for the Kentucky river packets....The weather for the past few days has been too fresh on the levee for the negro loafers. A negro doesn't like wind or snow. ....Pittsburg towboatmen are having a rest....Not many towboats on duty on account of low water.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, April 9.—[Special.]—United States Inspectors George H. Atkinson and Isaac B. Williams will hold a hearing in the Federal building Friday afternoon to take testimony in regard to the collision of the towboats Carbon, owned by the River Coal Company, and the Sailor, owned by the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company. The accident occurred on February 26 in the Monongahela river at Elizabeth, and Harvey L. Johnson, pilot of the Sailor, in his sworn statement of the case, declared that he was asleep at the wheel and was awakened by danger blasts of the Carbon. The towboat Henry Lourey, owned by the River Coal Company, is aground at Deadman's Island. The Coal City is also still aground at Wallery Bar. Towboats are not endeavoring to reach the harbor now, as the water has fallen too low. It is expected to get both boats off the bars without much damage to them. The Little Jutte that sank in the Allegheny river above Herr's Island dam, was raised to-night and towed to the Manchester docks for repairs by the towboat Charles Jutte. The damage is about $2,500. There was 63 feet at Davis Island dam to-night and 5 feet at No. 2, Ohio river, and the water was stationary.

Wheeling, April 9.—River 8 feet and 2 inches. Stationary.

Cincinnati, April 9.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 24 feet 7 inches and rising. The departures of packets to-day were Tacoma for Pomeroy; Courier for Maysville; Lizzie Bay for Madison, and City of Cincinnati for Louisville. Clear and cold.

Evansville, April 9.—River 18 feet and falling. Clear and warmer.

Cairo, Ill., April 9.—River 29.3 and falling. Fair and cool. Arrived: Charlotte Boeckeler, Cincinnati, 11:30 a. m.; Government boat Titan, Memphis, 2 p. m.; Georgia Lee, Cincinnati, 3 p. m. Departed: Georgia Lee, Memphis, 5 p. m.

St. Louis, April 9.—River 16.9, a rise of .2 in twenty-four hours. Arrived: Russell Lord, Paducah. Departed: Stacker Lee, Memphis, Russell Lord, Paducah. Clear and cold.

Memphis, April 9.—[Special.]—River 28.6, a fall of 2.2 in twenty-four hours. Lucille Nowland departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas river, going through to Little Rock. The first boat to go through from this place to that point in three years.

New Orleans, April 9.—Arrived: W. W. O'Neil and barges, Louisville. Departed: Sprague and barges, Louisville.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, April 9.—Sailed: Steamers Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen; Caronia, Liverpool.

Sable Island, April 9.—Steamer Potsdam, Rotterdam for New York in communication with Marconi station 125 miles southwest 9:40 a. m. Will probably dock 8 a. m. Thursday.

Libau, April 3.—Arrived: Steamer Smolensk, New York.

Trieste, April 4.—Arrived: Giuliana, New York.

Naples, April 9.—Arrived: Virginia, New York.

Bremen, April 8.—Arrived: Steamer Main, New York.

Cherbourg, April 8.—Arrived: Steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, New York, for Bremen and proceeded.

Gibraltar, April 9.—Arrived: Steamer Hamburg, New York.

Naples, April 5.—Sailed: Liguria, New York.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR TROTTING HORSE TRAINER.

The funeral of Sidney Beard, who died at the City Hospital Sunday, April 4, was held yesterday afternoon, the interment being in the Eastern cemetery. Beard was a noted trotting horse trainer and during his career in the sulky he trained and drove some of the most famous horses on the turf. He was a native of New York State, but came to Kentucky years ago and settled in Louisville. He trained at various times for John McFerran and Bethel Veech, of Louisville, and formerly conducted a stable of racers for himself. He is survived by a widow and three children, two daughters and one son. He was about fifty years old.

INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE OPERATORS TO MEET.

The second annual meeting of the Kentucky Independent Telephone Association will be held at The Seelbach Tuesday, April 16, and will be attended by a number of prominent telephone men from throughout the State and adjoining States. The officials of the Louisville Home Telephone Company and the Central Home Telephone Company have arranged to give a banquet to the visitors, which will be after the meeting. Much business of importance will come up in the meeting.

DE MUND LIKED FOR HANDICAP

Eastern Horsemen Favor Rainey Colt For Next Big Race.

COVERS FAST SIX FURLONGS.

Negotiates Distance Over Slow Track In 1:16, Pulled Up, At Benning Course.

OTHER EASTERN TURF CHAT.

Horsemen favor De Mund to win the Carter Handicap. They declare that the big son of Goldfinch has the opening event of the racing season in New York at his mercy. This high opinion is based on the colt's recent work at the Benning track, says a special from Washington.

In a trial De Mund went six furlongs a trifle better than 1:16. He carried a big boy, and his weight exceeded by a great many ounces the 108 pounds he will carry at Aqueduct to-morrow week. His work was accomplished so easily that all the trainers and "clockers" are now united in the belief that no horse in training has such a bright chance to win.

Metropolitan racegoers may not be impressed with the time of the trial, but horsemen here, familiar with the heavy nature of the soil of the Benning track, regard it as work of great importance. The track is two and one-half to three seconds slower than the one at Aqueduct. If the move had been made over the latter track trainers say the six furlongs would have been run close to 1:13.

As De Mund was never extended to the full limit of his speed, and as he fought hard for his head, it was apparent to all the men who watched the move that he could have clipped another second off the mark had his rider so desired.

It is not known that De Mund is the chief reliance of the Rainey brothers. They were so delighted with his move that they decided yesterday to send him to the post as their representative. Horace E. and Measlip, their other entries, have been relegated to the slow division of their stable, which will not be called upon for service until later in the season.

Horace E. is undergoing a course of physic and will not be called upon for an effort in the Carter. A well-known trainer, who has watched De Mund carefully in all his gallops, told a reporter that he was the most improved horse in training.

"He is big and lusty now," he said, "and seems to be much more sensible than last year. He used to fret a great deal when he was a two-year-old, but Billy Garth's training has brought about a wonderful change for the better. The sight of the track made him nervous last season and he would frequently sweat and lather until exhausted. Now he takes his exercise like an old campaigner. He has plenty of fire and dash, but he is in no wise nervous."

Radtke will have the mount on De Mund. Besides being the stable jockey, he is regarded as the best rider for the colt because he rode him frequently last year. The weight will just suit him. He tried to reduce to 100 pounds last week, but found the task a severe one and became ill. He is rapidly regaining strength and will be in good form for the race.

Jockey Miller's suspension expired yesterday and he is expected to resume riding to-morrow. He will be punished more severely in the future, the stewards have declared, if he deliberately fouls his opponents.

MEMPHIS JOCKEY CLUB PEOPLE ARE INDICTED.

Memphis, Tenn., April 9.—Charged with permitting betting at its matinee races, held Saturday, April 6, and thereby violating the Foust anti-race track betting law, recently passed by the Tennessee Legislature, the New Memphis Jockey Club was indicted late to-day by the Shelby county grand jury after a number of witnesses had been examined. The claim is made that a hand-book was operated and that odds were offered on horses in every race.

Typhoid Fever Fatal.

Mrs. Lydia Keiser, wife of Samuel Keiser, of Meade county, died at the City Hospital last night from an attack of typhoid fever. Mrs. Keiser was brought to the institution April 4. She had been an invalid for several years. The body was taken in charge by C. Miller and Sons, the undertakers, and will be sent by boat to her former home to-day, accompanied by her husband.

REWARD FOR ARREST OF THOSE GUILTY OF TOBACCO WAR OUTRAGES

Governor Beckham, It Is Said, May Also Employ Detectives If This Step Proves Ineffectual.

Frankfort, Ky., April 9.—[Special.]—Governor Beckham to-day issued a proclamation offering $500 reward for the apprehension and conviction of every person who participates in the burning or injury of any barn or warehouse wherein is stored tobacco, or who participates in the destruction of tobacco plant beds. The rewards are to be payable upon allowance of the Circuit Court of any county in which the conviction is secured. The proclamation reads as follows:

Proclamation of Reward, Commonwealth of Kentucky, Executive Department:

Whereas, numerous complaints have been made to me of the wanton destruction of property in Western Kentucky, to wit, beds of tobacco plants and warehouses wherein tobacco has been stored for keeping and for sale.

And, whereas, the banding together of persons for the purpose of destroying such property or to intimidate persons in charge of same is denounced as a felony by our statutes, and is a menace to the peace and good order of the Commonwealth.

Now, know ye, that by virtue of the authority invested in me by law, I do hereby offer a reward of $500 for the apprehension of every person who participates in the burning or injury of any barn or warehouse wherein is stored any tobacco, or who participates in the destruction of any bed of tobacco plants, such reward to be paid upon allowance of the Circuit Court having such jurisdiction.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed. Done at Frankfort this 8th day of April, 1907, and in the 115th year of the Commonwealth.

J. C. W. BECKHAM.

By the Governor:
H. V. McCHESNEY,
Secretary of State
By W. F. GRAYOT,
Assistant Secretary of State.

The proclamation is issued under the Section 1,241A, Kentucky Statutes, the Toll-Gate Raiders act of 1897, which has been invoked but once in the ten years it has been upon the law books of Kentucky. Rewards are generally offered under Section 1,932, Kentucky Statutes, but the act of 1897 better fits this case. The act also authorizes the executive to employ detectives, and this may be done, it is said, if the reward system proves ineffectual. At the Executive Department it is stated that the Governor did not act earlier in this matter for the reason that he was disposed to give the courts of the districts in which recent outrages have been committed, and the Fire Marshal Department of the State Government, full opportunity to make investigation. His action now is not intended as any criticism of either, but he feels that their endeavors should be supplemented to the end that convictions may be more speedily secured. It is further stated at the department that the Governor, in issuing his proclamation, does not believe that either of the tobacco growers' associations, or their members, are responsible for the outrages committed in the tobacco-growing districts. The Governor charges the acts to irresponsible and lawless parties who have taken advantage of the movement among the growers. He believes that the reward system will have the desired effect.

JURY RENDERS VERDICT IN FAVOR OF SMATHERS IN LOU DILLON TROTTING SCANDAL

New York, April 9.—Elmer E. Smathers will retain the gold cup won by his horse, Major Delmar, in a race with Lou Dillon in 1904, as the result of a verdict returned to-day by the jury in the suit brought by the Memphis Trotting Association. The association sued to replevin the cup on the ground that Smathers had engaged in a conspiracy to put C. K. G. Billings' mare, Lou Dillon, out of condition by the use of a drug. No evidence was given to show that a drug was administered other than that Lou Dillon quit unaccountably during the last heat, and the testimony of a former trainer as to an alleged attempt to corrupt the trainer of Lou Dillon. The jury returned a sealed verdict for Mr. Smathers, who now holds the cup.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By WILLIAM T. SUMMERS, Agent, 416 Fifth st.:

335 E. Oak, 10 rooms	$32 50
1812 Preston, 6 rooms	25 00
1426 Brent, 3 rooms	8 75
Flat, 5 rooms, 206 W. Chestnut	35 00
Flat, 4 rooms, 1920 Floyd	20 00
Flat, 5 rooms, 1314 W. Chestnut	17 50
Flat, 4 rooms, 939 E. Jefferson	12 00
3 rooms, 1603 W. Walnut	10 00
3 rooms, 1801 Preston	9 75
3 rooms, 118 W. Walnut	8 50
3 rooms, 709 E. Chestnut	8 00
4 rooms, 1805 Gallagher	7 50
3 rooms, 118 W. Walnut	6 50
3 rooms, 1620 Pirtle	6 50
2 rooms, 118 W. Walnut	6 00
2 rooms, 702 Sixteenth	5 75

FOR RENT—1408 First st., 9 rooms and all conveniences, $45 per month. C. O. EWING, 312 W. Breckinridge st.

FOR RENT—211 Galt ave., 8 rooms; all conveniences and furnace. Apply at 114 Galt ave., Crescent Hill.

FOR RENT—2530 W. Jefferson st., 6-room cottage, $22 per month. C. O. EWING, 312 W. Breckinridge st.

FOR RENT—My residence, furnished, 25 St. James Court, for the summer. W. I. M'NAIR.

FOR RENT—1402 Garvin; 7 rooms, bath, yard, $30. Apply Fidelity Trust Co.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—5-room flat; modern conveniences; Fifth, near Broadway. Apply PHIL J. GRAUMAN, 431 W. Jefferson.

FOR RENT—Modern 5-room flat. 4 Central Apartments, Third st., near Ky. J. BORNSTEIN, Home phone 4621.

FOR RENT—New modern 4-room flat, s. w. cor. Seventh and Walnut.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms furnished for housekeeping; cooking gas. 712 W. Broadway.

FOR RENT—One beautiful room in apartment, third flat. 917 Second st.

FOR RENT—First-class furnished room. 733 Third st. Phone 4621.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 817 Fourth avenue, just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building, and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. For further information apply on the premises or telephone South 1308.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Storeroom; size 17x34 feet. Walnut, near Seventh.

FOR RENT—Large office space. 605 W. Market st.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

George W. Wyman to Matilda Wyman, 25 feet south side of Mary, 125 feet east of first alley east of Swan ....$ 1

Emily Reedhar to Mary L. Burns, 31 feet south side of Breckinridge, 298 feet west of Fourth 1

R. I. Nugent to Henry R. Lord, 7 lots, Rerervoir Park subdivision 1

Sylve Rothchild to Julia David, 42 feet north side of Bloom, 157 feet east of First .... 2,000, etc.

Thomas M. Knight to Hannah Irion, 50 feet southeast corner Franck and Payne 850

Charles Coleman, etc., to G. B. Frazee, 20 feet west side of Clay, 180 feet south of Chestnut .... 600, etc.

Bennett H. Young to Jefferson County Stone Co., interest in 2 acres Jefferson county 250

Home Building Co. to Mary A. Thomas, 37½ feet east side of Cypress, 362 feet south of Dumesnil 1

G. C. Terry to J. D. Joyce, lot 24, block 32 Vance Land Co. subdivision 1

H. M. Engleman to C. Wedekind, 29 feet north side of Maple, 292 feet west of Eleventh 1

H. R. Lord to Edward B. Nugent, 36 feet west side of Sixth, 305 feet north of Hill 2,250

Samuel Ouerbacker to Charles W. Gheens, 100 feet northwest corner of Fifth and Hill 1

William M. Brown to Charles Vaupel, 45 feet northwest side of Edgeland, 233 feet west of Baxter .... 2,400, etc.

William M. Bauer to Gertrude M. Wyman, 35 feet south side of Mary, 505 feet east of Swan 1

George M. Dimming to Parrolee Foree, ½ interest in 33 feet north side of Bismarck, 166 feet east of Twenty-eighth 700

J. J. Kelly to Albert Shranz, 42 feet north side of High, 30 feet west of Eighteenth 1

James E. Bell to Antoinette Grubitz, 12 7-12 feet west side of Bellvue and northeast corner of 55 foot lot 1

Thomas M. Knight to Margaret Sabel, 40 feet east side of Frank, 105 feet south of Payne 600

William A. Earl to Clara P. Earl, 40 feet, northwest side of Ransdell, 80 feet southwest of Ray 1,000

Lena Gernert, etc., by commissioner, to F. Tobe, 25 feet northeast corner of Burnett and Hancock 805

Lena Gernert, etc., by commissioner, to Columbia Trust Co., 25 feet southeast corner of Burnett and Hancock 310

HOUSEBREAKING CHARGED AGAINST THIS PLUMBER.

George W. Miller, a plumber, of 1917 West Walnut street, was arrested yesterday on a charge of housebreaking, by District Detectives Condley and Gare. It is charged that Miller broke into a vacant house at Twentieth and Main streets last Saturday and stole the lead piping and brass gas fixtures. Last night at the county jail Miller denied all knowledge of affair and said that it was the first trouble he had been accused of since he had been in the plumbing business, thirteen years.

Child Catches Afire.

Versailles, Ky., April 9.—[Special.]—Gerald, the infant son of S. W. Landsberg, a well-known dry goods merchant of this place, was seriously burned to-day, his clothing catching fire. Mrs. Landsberg was badly burned on her hand in extinguishing the flames.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Public sale of desirable town property at Taylorsville, Ky., Monday, April 22. A handsome new residence on Main st., 5 rooms, with closets accessible from 4 rooms, on 1st floor; second floor designed for 5 rooms, but unfinished; suitable outbuildings.
One of the most desirable buildings lots in town, fronting Water st., and having thereon a good lumber warehouse.
One unimproved lot, good depth and front, having large garden attached, on Water st.
One lot, with lumber warehouse, near the depot; large enough for nice residence.
One small 2-room cottage, on Water st.
The James W. Beauchamp homestead; a large 2-story frame of 9 rooms and hall; all in good repair; suitable outbuildings; fruit; large country yard, with abundant shade.
Large 3-story flour mill, with modern machinery and excellent water power; financiers consider this one of the best pieces of property in the county.
First-class sawmill, including extra saws, pony planers, adjustable rip-saw, lathe machine, etc.; in first-class condition; run by water power second to none; building is a good 2-story structure.
20 acres bottom land, a part of which can be made into town lots; very productive soil.
Terms made known on day of sale, or upon application to I. W. BEAUCHAMP, Admr., Taylorsville, Ky.

FOR SALE—FARMS—100 acres, 3 miles from city, about one block from car line; 7-room dwelling, nice barn, icehouse, chicken house, all necessary outbuildings; splendid land and fine fruit — pears, peaches, apples, etc. This is a very attractive place, and is worth looking into. We will take about one-half in city property.
3 tracts on Crum's lane, 16 acres, 33 acres, unimproved, 10 acres with 5-room dwelling and stable, about one mile from car line.
Shelby county, 500 acres first-class land, nicely improved, convenient to car line; will sell part or as a whole. A large list of very attractive suburban property from 5 acres up. See us if you want a nice country place. H. J. McCLAIN & CO., 345 Fifth st., first floor. Phones 1349.

FOR SALE—UP - TO - DATE 9-ROOM BRICK residence, 1933 First st., south of Magnolia; lot 32x200 ft.; reception hall, 2 stairways, china closet, laundry on first floor next to roomy kitchen; closet in each bedroom; separate toilet and bath; woodwork, floors and interior in beautiful condition; cabinet mantels; bedrooms have southern exposure; furnace, gas, natural gas and electric gas lighting; bearing fruit trees, grapes and flowers; prettiest home of its size in Louisville; now open for inspection. Go right out and see it and make me an offer. It is to be sold. SUTCLIFFE, 55 Courier-Journal bldg.

FOR SALE—6-room modern 2-story frame; reception hall, enamel plumbing, hot-water heater; must be sold to wind up nonresident's holdings; a bargain can be had by one wishing an "up-to-date" home on Alta ave.; we set the price at $3,300; if you inspect you will surely buy; immediate possession.
100 feet, Southern Heights; highest point; nicely shaded with large maples; $10 asked; offer.
O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., 516 W. JEFFERSON.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY—A 4-apartment, modern flat building in a splendid South First-st. neighborhood, one of the best renting properties in Louisville, commanding the best of tenants, and the only popular-price flat building in this aristocratic section; rent $648 per year; price only $4,500; will pay 14 per cent.; owner leaving city. You'll have to hurry. KY. REALTY CO., (Incorporated) 416 W. Jefferson st. Phone 6400.

FOR SALE—Highlands, modern 5-room cottage, bath, hot and cold water; concrete walks; price $2,600.
Near Cherokee Park we have a modern 2-story 6-room frame, reception hall, bath, gas, etc. Owner wants to sell; $4,300.
Twenty-fourth and Broadway, 2-story 6-room frame residence; bath, gas, etc.; nice lot; $3,250.
ARTHUR KAYE & CO., 448 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Want country people to see our lots in Highland Park and Beechmont; if you will invest $5 or $10 monthly in lots certainly increasing in value will pay your fare here and back; you WON'T HAVE to buy, but do give us your opinion to-day. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones; both phones.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—River farm of 217 acres; 7-room house, 2 barns, large fish pond, henhouse, meathouse, 1 mule, 3 mares, harness, farming implements, 1 cow, 20 hogs, 500 bushels of corn; will sell at a bargain. J. TOM FOSTER, 428 W. Jefferson st.; Home phone 3935.

FOR SALE—We MUST SHOW our Highland Park and Beechmont lots to our railroad friends; it's just 10 minutes' from your great shops and daily work; your best interests will be served by living in Highland Park. Let's look to-day. Both phones. 823 Paul Jones. TERRY & TICE.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One of the finest and best improved 20-acre garden, fruit and chicken farms in the county; 4½ miles of Louisville, on pike; can be bought for the price of an ordinary house. WM. H. STINE, 131 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. Cumb. phone Main 1140.

FOR SALE—A proposition on an attractive lot overlooking beautiful Cherokee Park that cannot fail to interest you, whether for investment or for home site. Let me give you the details. M. W. BURD, 631 W. Main st., or Home phone 2245.

FOR SALE—We are making streets in our Beechmont property; everything else is there to make it desirable; positively the best about Louisville. Let us SHOW YOU to-day, that's all we ask, but do insist upon that. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones; both phones.

FOR SALE—8-room frame; rented to good negro tenants at $312 yr.; bargain at $1,900; central; always rented. O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., Agents, 516 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Fruit trees, shade trees, grape vines, flowering shrubs, roses, pansies, hollyhocks, honeysuckles, clematis vines. Now is the time to plant them. F. WALKER & CO., Florists, 634 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Horses and mules. 1 dapple gray horse, 5 years old, 1,400 lbs., sound; 3 general purpose horses; 1 driving mare; 2 broodmares; 3 cheap plugs; 1 fresh cow; 1 runabout. 2423 Griffiths ave. Home phone 6787. PHIL HALBLEIB.

FOR SALE—Horses and mules. The Melbourne Construction Co. will sell at public auction Saturday, April 13, at 123 E. Market, 50 head of horses and mules regardless of price. Sale starts promptly at 10 a. m.

FOR SALE—Automobile; 4-cylinder touring car; first class condition; will be sold at bargain. Apply 421 W. St. Catherine st. Cumb. Phone South 253.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Lot of good second-hand lumber and bricklayers' trestles. JOHN PEIRCE CO., Fourth and York.

FOR SALE—High-grade fresh Jersey cows, at reasonable prices. Write to KNOBEDGE FARM, New Albany, Ind.

FOR SALE—Cow peas; car lots or less; special prices. J. LINDSAY WELLS CO., Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Citizens' Life Insurance stock at $24 as long as it lasts. Apply 750 Fifth st.

FOR SALE—3 horses and 1 four-wheel dump wagon. 2026 W. Market; telephone Home 4191.

FOR SALE—9 horses, 5 mares and 4 mules, at BOURBON STOCK YARD STABLE.

FOR SALE — 9 country horses. GREEN ALLEY STABLE, rear of 2008 W. Jef.

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third st.

FOR SALE—Driving mare, 2 mules. MAGNOLIA STABLE, bet. 6th and 7th.

FOR SALE—Weekly country newspaper. Address D 38, this office.

FOR SALE — Gray mare. 2814 Cleveland ave. H. SCHRIEN.

FOR SALE—Buggy and harness. 905 Third st.

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; 10 days' trial free. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main.

THE BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITER CO. is located at 343 Fifth st.

Wintersmith's Tonic knocks out that tired feeling and tones up the system. Now is the time to take it.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—$10 in GOLD FREE to the first person who guesses the contents of a sealed jar on exhibition at my office, 207 Columbia building. CHARLES THRUSTON JOHNSON, Fire and Tornado Insurance Agent.

WANTED—Board in a nice private family, or where there are few boarders, for lady and gentleman; two single rooms. Address, with terms, Box 93 Bowling Green, Ky.

WANTED—I will pay $3 a day to a limited number of teachers and students during their vacation. DR. JAMES MORGAN, 120 W. Chestnut.

WANTED—Lace curtains to launder; all work done by hand; orders called and delivered; both phones 596. GEM LACE CURTAIN LAUNDRY.

WANTED — To buy second-hand household goods, feathers and carpets. E. GROSSMAN, 115 E. Market. Home 6233.

WANTED — Second-hand furniture and carpets; highest price paid for feathers. J. COHEN, phone 7927, 259 E. Market.

WANTED—2 rooms, unfurnished, for light housekeeping, bet. First and Winter. Address M. K., 1206 Winter ave.

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—Cottage, with garden, in country. Address C 174, this office.

WANTED—Bicycles. LIPSKI'S, 104 W. Mkt.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Experienced and reliable insurance and building and loan agents; most liberal contracts. STANDARD REAL ESTATE LOAN CO., Home Life bldg., Washington, D. C.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—2 more salesmen. Good proposition with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Nonunion boilermakers and riveters; 50c per hour; hold-on men, 35c; heaters, 25c. These prices will include free board and room and free transportation. Open shop. Call at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st.; also SOUTHERN AGENCY, 230 W. Jeff.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE. No end to good places for all persons who truly want work. Pay for necessary record only; no charge for places at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. Make your own contracts.

WANTED—Expert bookkeeper who also thoroughly understands wholesale whisky business and family liquor department, to go to Butte, Montana, at once. Good salary. Ask for HART E. HARRIS, Seelbach Hotel.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. The Moler system is short and practical. Wages Saturdays, tools given; busy season now. Great demand for barbers; positions waiting; write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—Weavers on Broad Knowles looms; woolen blankets, 15c pair 10-4, and 17c pair 11-4; 32 pick work, looms running about 100 picks minute; steady work; healthful location. Write M'GEE MFG. CO., Greenville, S. C.

WANTED—Man to represent high-class enterprise in connection with our selling department. Liberal compensation and rapid advancement. THE CATAS VIEJAS MINING CO., Iron block, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—GO TO SEA! If you are between 17 and 25 years of age, or a mechanic under 35, call at the Recruiting Office in the Federal building, and investigate positions in the navy.

WANTED—Heavy floor molders; open shop; good wages; steady employment. THE HOOVEN, OWENS, RENTSCHLER CO., Hamilton, O.

WANTED — First-class architectural draftsman at once; must be experienced, reliable and thoroughly capable; give references and all particulars. Address F. L. PACKARD, Columbus, O.

WANTED—Partner in a well equipped machine shop; no other shop within 30 miles; he must be able to do all kinds of work. Address Box 27, Russellville, Ky.

WANTED—Bookkeeper—Experienced energetic young man, able to attend to office and command some trade. Apply CAMDEN COAL CO.

WANTED—$100 per month and traveling expenses paid salesmen to sell goods to dealers; new plan; experience unnecessary. PURITY CO., Chicago.

WANTED—Salesman; lubricating oil and paint specialty; salary and commission to reliable men. UNITED SPECIALTY MFG. CO., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—Iron molders; gray iron work; highest wages; permanent position for good men. ST. LOUIS CAR WHEEL COMPANY.

WANTED—A first-class cupola man; must be steady, sober and reliable; steady job to the right man. Address W 198, this office.

WANTED—Good warehouseman; must be accurate in figures and willing to work. Address H. J. HEINZ & CO., 112 W. Main st.

WANTED—Students to learn telegraphy. Louisville School of Telegraphy, 3d floor, cor. Fifth and Market, 307 Fifth st.

WANTED—An old colored man to attend to horses. Apply at Meagher's grocery, 1441 Seventh street.

WANTED—A sober, steady man to drive team. Steady job to the right man. Address V 152, this office.

WANTED—Elderly man not able to do manual labor; elevator. Apply FOREMAN, Louisville Hotel.

WANTED—Boys to work in canning room. Apply TORBITT & CASTLEMAN, 127 Second st.

WANTED — Lumber inspector. KY. HARDWOOD FLOORING CO., Beech and Woodland ave.

WANTED—Young man; one with credit business experience pref. P. O. Box 485.

WANTED—Barber at Johnson's, 420 Third.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS. Citizens get the best cooks, nurses, maids, housekeepers, etc. They all come to LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. Places in city, country and abroad. High wages.

WANTED—Lady demonstrators. Call on CHAS. MELLIS, Willard Hotel, at 6 o'clock to-night.

WANTED—A middle-aged white woman for upstairs work; reference required. 1628 Third.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation as editor of weekly newspaper by young man of twenty-three; college education; thoroughly experienced. B 100, this office.

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE — On railroad and canal, near Eighteenth st.; lots for coal or lumber yard, or small factory; above highest floods. ROWAN BUCHANAN, 518 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor.

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Gold chain necklace with monogram J. N. A reward will be paid if returned to 404 Twentieth st.

LOST OR STRAYED.

LOST OR STRAYED—Monday evening, dark bay horse; last seen on Jacob Park road. Reward if returned to 3212 Hahn st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

We make loans on HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS OR ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE.
We offer all of the inducements advertised in this paper and GUARANTEE YOU FAIR, HONEST TREATMENT AND A SQUARE DEAL.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., 413 W. Market st., second floor. Call Home 1516 for our agent.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? If you are Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE" KENTUCKY LOAN CO.
All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with that of other companies.
423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or phone 2495.

WE WON'T MISLEAD YOU
By advertising one thing and doing another. We guarantee to advance you money just as reasonable as any other loan company in the city and at a lower rate than most of them. Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc.
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
407 Fourth st. Above Tea Store.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, AND SALARY.
LOWEST RATES,
EASIEST PAYMENTS.
502 FOURTH ST.,
OVER
KIRBY'S 10c STORE.

$5.00 TO $200.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., Without Removal.
LONGEST TIME——LOWEST RATES.
Easy Payments—Strictly Private.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
To loan on your plain note, in any amount from $5 to $500.
Loans on your salary, furniture, piano, diamonds, watches and jewelry; goods left in your possession.
ALEX MYERS, 333-335 W. Market st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

Money Loaned on Household Goods, etc. THE PHOENIX LOAN AND INV'T CO., 448½ W. Jefferson st., upstairs. Home phone 4059.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—And it's making a living every day; grocery business in rapidly growing industrial suburb; good, clean stock; handsome 2-story store and dwelling; about $3,800 handles all, or you may buy stock and rent house. TERRY & TICE, 823 Paul Jones; both phones.

STOCK companies incorporated. If you have stocks or bonds for sale, let me try to sell them for you. GEORGE M. KELLOGG, Broker, 540 Ellicott Square, Buffalo.

WANTED—Good man that understands saw mills and timber lands, with $1,250; take half interest in business; clears $500 per month. 316 Louisville Trust bldg.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

ONE Decker Bros. piano, in good condition for $1.65. MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC CO., 628-630 Fourth ave.

$175 for a new piano, mahogany case. MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC CO., 628-630 Fourth ave.

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—MME. BABEY'S NEW CURTAIN LAUNDRY, formerly 625 Second; hand work exclusively; family washing and ironing. Both phones 2631.

PERSONAL—Massage and baths. MISS McCLELLAN, 634 4th Tel. Main 3539.

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING — Furn. rooms, with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office corner Main and Fourth streets. Both 'Phones 258.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S. Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.
This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati	* 2:15am	a* 2:25am
Cincinnati	a* 8:50am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:30pm
Cincinnati	x a* 5:05pm	xa*11:40am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:00pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:50am
Knoxville Mail	* 8:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 7:25am	xa †12:20pm
Frankfort and Lexington	xa † 2:00pm	xa † 6:00pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 7:40am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 8:20am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 3:00pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort and Lexington	xa 6:00pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:10pm	10:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:30pm	10:09am

From First and Water-Street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	....	† 7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 2:50pm	* 8:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 5:00pm	* 8:20am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	† 8:00am	† 5:25pm
La Grange Accommodation	† 5:40pm	† 7:[illegible]

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville and Bristol, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis and New Orleans.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station: City Ticket Office 234 Fourth avenue.
N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.
7:30 a. m. daily—Evansville Express—Evansville, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and way stations.
10 a. m. daily—St. Louis Special—Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.
5 p. m. daily—Evansville Limited—Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville and way stations.
10:15 p. m. daily—St. Louis Limited—Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.
Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and 6:10 p. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive 12:35 p. m., 6:10 p. m. and 10:58 p. m. daily.
TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.
Trains leave Fourth avenue crossing twenty minutes later.
6:30 a. m. daily—Local for Lexington and way stations.
7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.
4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.
7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Danville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Atlanta and Southeast.
Trains from Lexington and local stations arrive 9:40 a. m., 6:25 p. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from Danville arrive 9:40 a. m., 11:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect July 1, 1906:
Pewee Valley Line..............To Beard, Ky.
From Fifth and Green—First car leaves 6 a. m. Every half hour thereafter until 7 p. m.; then on the hour.
Prospect Division—Cars for Prospect leave the terminal station at 5:30 a. m. and six minutes after the hour thereafter.
Jeffersontown Division—First car leaves East End barn for Jeffersontown at 5:20 a. m. Leaves terminal station at 6 and 7 a. m. and 15 minutes after each hour thereafter.
Salt River Division—First car leaves terminal station at 4:55 a. m. and fifty minutes after each hour thereafter.
Okolona Division—First car leaves terminal station for Okolona at 5:30 a. m. and 30 minutes after each hour thereafter.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and river. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, Dec. 2, 1906:

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans	12:01pm	5:25pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:50pm
Central City Accom.	4:30pm	10:00am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:50pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	4:30pm	10:00am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:50pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays & Fridays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

	East.		West.
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.)	7:50am	Arr.	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.)	12:00m	Arr.	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville	12:45pm	Arr.	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond	1:40pm	Arr.	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine	2:50pm	Arr.	2:40pm
Arr. Beattyville	4:30pm	Lv.	1:00pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

One of the Important Duties of Physicians and the Well-Informed of the World

is to learn as to the relative standing and reliability of the leading manufacturers of medicinal agents, as the most eminent physicians are the most careful as to the uniform quality and perfect purity of remedies prescribed by them, and it is well known to physicians and the Well-Informed generally that the California Fig Syrup Co., by reason of its correct methods and perfect equipment and the ethical character of its product has attained to the high standing in scientific and commercial circles which is accorded to successful and reliable houses only, and, therefore, that the name of the Company has become a guarantee of the excellence of its remedy.

TRUTH AND QUALITY

appeal to the Well-Informed in every walk of life and are essential to permanent success and creditable standing, therefore we wish to call the attention of all who would enjoy good health, with its blessings, to the fact that it involves the question of right living with all the term implies. With proper knowledge of what is best each hour of recreation, of enjoyment, of contemplation and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and the use of medicines dispensed with generally to great advantage, but as in many instances a simple, wholesome remedy may be invaluable if taken at the proper time, the California Fig Syrup Co. feels that it is alike important to present truthfully the subject and to supply the one perfect laxative remedy which has won the appoval of physicians and the world-wide acceptance of the Well-Informed because of the excellence of the combination, known to all, and the original method of manufacture, which is known to the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

This valuable remedy has been long and favorably known under the name of—Syrup of Figs—and has attained to world-wide acceptance as the most excellent of family laxatives, and as its pure laxative principles, obtained from Senna, are well known to physicians and the Well-Informed of the world to be the best of natural laxatives, we have adopted the more elaborate name of—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as more fully descriptive of the remedy, but doubtless it will always be called for by the shorter name of Syrup of Figs—and to get its beneficial effects always note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package, whether you simply call for—Syrup of Figs—or by the full name—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—as—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—is the one laxative remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. and the same heretofore known by the name—Syrup of Figs—which has given satisfaction to millions. The genuine is for sale by all leading druggists throughout the United States in original packages of one size only, the regular price of which is fifty cents per bottle.

Every bottle is sold under the general guarantee of the Company, filed with the Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., that the remedy is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of the Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. U. S. A. London, England. New York, N. Y.

FOR STATE FAIR.

Commission Will Meet and Begin Work Friday.

WILL DISCUSS AND MAY DETERMINE ON PERMANENT SITE.

PAYMENT OF CITY'S BONUS AFTER SELECTION IS MADE.

ADVICE OF CITY ATTORNEY.

To consider and decide upon a premium list for the Kentucky State Fair, which will be held in Louisville September 16-21, inclusive, and to consider the question of a permanent site for the institution, the State Fair Commission will meet at the Commercial Club at 10 o'clock Friday morning. The call for the meeting was issued yesterday by Hubert Vreeland, Commissioner of Agriculture and chairman of the Commission.

It is possible that the permanent site for the fair will be decided upon at the meeting, at which time the Special Committee appointed to recommend a site, will report its findings. The Commission is anxious that the matter of a site be settled as soon as possible in order that it may receive the $50,0000 appropriated by the city of Louisville for the fair.

* * *

Exhibitors Applying Already.

As soon as the matters of site and premium list have been decided upon the members of the State Fair Commission will begin active work in preparation for State Fair week. Robert E. Hughes, the secretary, already has received many applications from prospective exhibitors in all sections of Kentucky. Indications are that the week of September 16 will see the largest and most successful fair in the history of Kentucky.

This year the State Fair will be under the direct supervision and control of the State Board of Agriculture, which probably will appoint local committees to have in charge the details. The committees, if decided on, will be appointed as the time for holding the fair approaches. The members of the State Fair Commission are Hubert Vreeland, of Frankfort, chairman; M. A. Scovell, of Lexington; G. N. McGrew, of Bayou, Livingston county; W. R. Moorman, Jr., of Glendeane, Breckenridge county; Guthrie M. Wilson, of Bardstown; Lawrence Jones, of Louisville; Desha Breckinridge, of Lexington; William Addams, of Lexington; John C. C. Mayo, of Paintsville.

* * *

Payment When Site Is Chosen.

Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, has advised Mayor Paul C. Barth that in his opinion it is not incumbent upon the city to pay over to the State Board of Agriculture the $50,000 appropriated for the Kentucky State Fair until the permanent site for the fair has actually been purchased. Hubert Vreeland, chairman of the State Board of Agriculture, and Clarence Sale called on Mayor Barth in his office at the City Hall yesterday afternoon, and the Mayor informed them of Judge Richard's decision. He assured them, however, that just as soon as the permanent site has been definitely decided upon, provided it is in or near Louisville, the city will be ready to pay over the $50,000 immediately.

Some time ago Mr. Vreeland and Mr. Sale called at the Mayor's office and asked that the money be turned over to the State Board of Agriculture immediately, they having been under the impression that the ordinance by which the amount was appropriated provided that the money be paid as soon as it was definitely decided to locate the fair permanently in or near Louisville. They argued that although the actual site had not been determined upon, it had been decided to locate the fair in or near Louisville and that in having reached that decision the terms of the ordinance had been complied with.

The State Board of Agriculture has no immediate need for the $50,000 at present, but Mr. Vreeland and Mr. Sale desired to have it in bank to the credit of the board in order that it might benefit by the interest on the money. Mayor Barth has taken the stand that the city can make as good use of the interest on the money as can the State Board of Agriculture.

was formally announced, and a committee appointed to express, by suitable resolutions the sympathy and regard of his associates in the administrations of the club's affairs.

In pursuance of this action, the committee adopted the following resolutions of respect:

The long line of presidents of the Commercial Club has been invaded for the first time by death, and the passing away of George Anderson Robinson, its first presiding officer, is recorded with peculiar emotions.

As the first guiding star of the destinies of Louisville's great commercial body, his foresight, wisdom and courage, as well as his ability and energy, have been signally beneficial to the community in which his blameless life was spent, and his loss will be felt wherever the battle for good citizenship is waged.

While we deeply sympathize with his family and deplore his loss to the organization he so ably piloted and so long sustained, we know that his labors were not in vain and that his example and influence will be a lasting testimony of the great value of his useful life and a monument of his citizenship.

John S. Morris, E. H. Bacon,
Charles F. Huhlein, W. R. Belknap,
Frank N. Hartwell, Sam P. Jones,
Owen Gathright, Jr., Clarence Dallam,
George Braden, Charles B. Norton,
Marmaduke B. Bowden, D. P. Curry,
R. A. McDowell,
Peyton N. Clarke, V. H. Englehard,
Angus Allmond, Fred Levy.
T. L. Jefferson,

Resolution Adopted On the Death of Mr. George A. Robinson.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the John N. Norton Memorial Infirmary, held April 8, 1907, the following minute was adopted:

We, the members of the Board of Trustees of the John N. Norton Memorial Infirmary, have heard, with profound sorrow, of the death of Mr. George Anderson Robinson, for many years a member of this board, and we desire to express, with heartfelt feelings, the deep sense of personal loss which we realize and sustain. No words of ours can fitly pay tribute to one whom we loved and shall ever retain in grateful memory. Nor are any words of ours felt to be necessary as a memorial to him whose life now speaks more forcibly than anything we could say. As a member of this board, we shall miss the wise counsel and helpful suggestion of our brother and coworker. We shall ever remember him as a man of splendid endowments, stalwart in character, true and reliable in all which he undertook, helpful and stimulating in every association—he was representative of everything that makes manhood an honor, and integrity a title to esteem. We shall ever regard him as worthy of the highest tribute as a man, as a friend who never failed, and as a counsellor ripe in wisdom and rich in experience.

To his bereaved family we would convey our deepest sympathy, and pray that, He who guards and keeps His children, will sustain them in this great hour of need. For the board by

JOS. G. McCULLOCH, President.

Attest:

CUSHMAN QUARRIER, Secretary.

A Tribute To the Memory of Mr. George A. Robinson.

Resolved, With sincere sorrow, we, the members of the Board of Directors of the Union Cement and Lime Company, record the death of a most valued and beloved member, George A. Robinson. It has been said of his good father, the late Richard A. Robinson, "He was in intellect clear, in purpose strong, in business successful and honorable, in sympathy tender, in affection faithful, in judgment wise, in industry untiring, in temperament gentle, in religion devout, in all things just and leaving behind the mild radiance of a life patterned after his Master's.' " To have deserved like praise with his honored father, at the end of a useful life, would, we believe, have fulfilled the highest ambition of George A. Robinson's heart, and we here record our belief that deserve it he did.

Resolved, That we express our profound sympathy for the bereaved family, that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this board and a copy be sent to the family.

WALTER DREW

Will Address Employers' Association Next Tuesday.

IS LEADER OF MOVEMENT THROUGH UNITED STATES.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS AT THE FOURTH ANNUAL MEETING.

PROMISE INTERESTING TALKS.

The fourth annual meeting of the Employers' Association is announced to take place on Tuesday night, April 16, at 8 o'clock at the office of the association in the Tyler building. Announcement is also made that the feature of this occasion will be an address by Walter Drew, commissioner of the National Erectors' Association, of New York City, and one of the best known men in the Employers' Association movement in this country.

The Erectors' Association is a national organization of structural iron and bridge plants, and includes in its membership the American Bridge and Iron Company, the largest concern of its kind in the world. This association was only formed in 1906 and it came as the result of a general demand among the employers that the business be placed throughout the country on an open-shop basis. It was a particularly high compliment paid Mr. Drew that he was selected after the entire country had been looked over for a man to take active charge of this movement. From the time he took charge it was apparent that the right man had bene selected and he has made a brilliant record in the discharge of the duties of this office.

* * *

Mr. Drew Otherwise Active.

The above however is by no means the sole activity of Mr. Drew in the Employers' Association movement. After graduating in the academic and law departments of the University of Michigan he entered the practice of law and shortly after became attorney and secretary for the Employers' Association of Grand Rapids. Soon after taking charge of the Erectors' Association he also became identified with the allied iron associations of New York City.

His work in Grand Rapids has placed that city among the leaders in the Employers' Association movement. It is a thoroughly open-shop town and there has been no labor trouble there for two years of any consequence. Mr. Drew also organized associations at Saginaw and Bay City following street car strikes in these cities that much resembled the recent Louisville strike in point of violence.

One of the greatest compliments to Mr. Drew in his work was an invitation to address the Michigan Judges' Association recently on the subject of Labor Law, and he was also selected by the National Civic Federation of New York to take the employers' side of the question of Government by Injunction, which was argued at its last meeting in January, the speakers on the labor side being John Mitchell and Samuel Gompers. Mr. Drew is an author also, having published a treatise on the law relating to the Closed Shop Contract that is considered a standard work.

* * *

Interesting Meeting Expected.

The annual address of President Ballard will be the first order of business and it is promised that some very interesting things will be brought out in this connection. Following this will be the election of officers, consisting of the president, two vice presidents and treasurer. The executive and other committees are appointed by the president, and the secretary is elected by the Executive Committee.

In accordance with the custom of the Employers' Association the entire programme will be completed within an hour and fifteen minutes, and the meeting will be commenced at 8 o'clock sharp. Tickets of admisison may be secured at the office of the association from Wednesday on.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Monday Evening, April 8.—Money on call was easy in the New York market to-day, rates ranging between 1¾ and 2½ per cent., with the ruling rate 2. Time funds were dull and easy, rates being quoted at 4½ for sixty days, 5 for ninety days and 5 to 5¼ for six months. Locally conditions were unchanged. Rates for both call and time funds were quoted at 6 per cent., with a rather active demand. However, easier conditions in New York are bound to soon result in relaxing the local situation.

New York exchange is quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$2,536,917
Balance	203,878

The local market was dull and featureless today. There was a fair inquiry for bonds. International Traction 4s were in good demand at 72 and some sold at a higher figure. Columbus brokers sent in bids on one or two issues common to both markets. No interest was shown in the session at the Stock Exchange. Louisville Traction common was quiet, being passed without bids or offerings. East St. Louis and Suburban common and preferred were a shade stronger. The common sold in Columbus at 50. Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was up a quarter of a point. In the outside market St. Louis United Railways common and Kansas City Railway and Light common were easier.

At the Stock Exchange $1,000 Paducah Traction and Light 5s were offered at 96 and interest. Springfield 5s were offered at 94¾ and interest. For $4,000 City 4s of 1928 103½ and interest was bid. For five shares of American National Bank 145 was bid. Twenty-five shares of First National Bank were offered at 158. For twenty shares of Central Home Telephone 12 was bid. Federal Chemical common was 50 bid for fourteen shares and fourteen offered at 55. Louisville Gas was 127 bid for three shares and seven offered at 130. Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was 62 bid for thirteen shares, fifteen offered at 62¾ and 61⅛ bid for ten. East St. Louis and Suburban common was 49¾ bid for fifty shares. For ten shares of the preferred 81¼ was bid.

Toledo sold in New York at 26¼. United Railways Investment common sold at 44, 44¼, 45 and 44¼ and the preferred at 64. Detroit United was quoted at 74 to 80, L. and N. unified 4s at 99½ to 100½ and the collateral trust 4s at 95 to 97. Subway closed at 19⅝ to 20, Giroux 8⅛ to 9 and Crucible Steel common at 9⅛ to 9¼. St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 37⅛ bid and 38 asked; the preferred at 72 to 73 and the 4 per cent. bonds at 82¼ to 83. Kansas City Railway and Light common closed in Chicago at 53 bid and 54¼ asked. New Orleans common sold in New Orleans at 25¼ and the preferred at 70½.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities on the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s.	...	89½
Chattanooga Railway 5s	99	100
City 6s, old L., 1911	*104	105
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	*102½	103
City 4s, Municipal, 1928	*103½	104
City 4s, Parks, 1936	...	...
City 4s, refunding, 1937	*103½	104½
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	*96	97
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	*96	97
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	*96	97½
City 3s, sewer and parks, 1941	*86½	87
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*97½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*99	99½
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	*70	82
Houston Electric 5s	...	*99
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	*94¼	94¾
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*105¾	106¼
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*103	104½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*76½	80¼
L., H. and St. L. first mor. 5s	*106	107
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	...	*97¾
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	100	101¾
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	83½	85
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*99
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	*94	...
Paducah Trac and Light 5s	...	*96
Peoria Light Co. 5s	...	*96
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*97¾	98¼
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*94	94⅝
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	*99½	101
Seattle Electric Ry. 5s	*104¾	107
Savannah Electric 5s	...	*99
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	*99	100
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	*100

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
American National Bank	147	147¾
Bank of Commerce	...	197
B. F. Avery & Sons com.	100	102
B. F. Avery & Sons pref.	...	100½
Birmingham Ry. and Light com.	97½	98¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref.	102¾	104¼
Bourbon Stock Yards	99¾	101¼
Citizens' National Bank	210½	220
Columbia Trust Co.	128½	140
Central Home Telephone	12½	15
Chattanooga Railway com.	35	40
Chattanooga Railway pref.	75	80
Col'bus, Delaware & Marion Ry.	...	43
Dallas Electric com.	35	45
Dallas Electric pref.	...	75
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	49¾	51
E. St. Louis and Suburban pref.	81¼	83¼
Evansville Light com.	45	46½
Evansville Light pref.	87	89½
First National Bank	...	158
Fayette Home Telephone	27	28½
Federal Chemical com.	50	55
Federal Chemical pref.	...	‡100
Fidelity Trust Co.	...	358
German Bank	385	...
German Insurance Bank	385	425
German Security Bank	174	176½
Grand Rapids Ry. com.	...	74
Grand Rapids Ry. pref.	...	90
Houston Electric com.	...	43½
Houston Electric pref.	...	92½
Kentucky Wagon Works	...	161
Knoxville Ry. and Light com.	54	57½
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref.	95	97
Louisville and Eastern com.	20	23
Louisville and Eastern pref.	74¾	75
Louisville National Banking Co.	...	148
Louisville Title Co.	99	99¼
Louisville Bridge stock	140½	145
Louisville Gas stock	126	‡130
Louisville Heating com.	50	57
Louisville Heating pref.	86	88
Louisville Home Telephone	‡45	50
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	62	62¾
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref.	124½	...
Louisville Traction com.	104½	105
Louisville Traction pref.	111	116
Lexington and Interurban Rys.	...	15
Louisville Trust Co.	170	185
Mayfield Woolen Mills com.	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref.	...	108
Michigan Light com.	85	88
Michigan Light pref.	...	101
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	85	98
Memphis St. Ry. com.	68	75
Memphis St. Ry. pref.	80	82½
National Bank of Kentucky	197¾	199¼
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	36	40
Nashville Ry. and Light pref.	75	78
New Albany St. Ry. pref.	85	...
New Galt House com.	40	46
New Galt House pref.	100	110
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	24	25¼
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref.	70	71½
Northern Texas Electric com.	38	42¼
Northern Texas Electric pref.	84	85
Norfolk Ry. and Light	17	...
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	19½	22
Paducah Trac. and Light pref.	...	75
Peoria Light com.	45½	46
Peoria Light pref.	90¼	90½
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	90	92
Rochester Railway pref.	97	99
Rehm-Zeiher Co. pref.	100	...
Springfield Ry. and Light	76½	79¾
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	...	46¾
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref.	...	88
Southern National Bank	...	148
Stock Yards Bank	125	127
Seelbach Realty com.	95	...
Seelbach Realty pref.	...	...
Seattle Electric com.	85	88
Seattle Electric pref.	101	103
Savannah Electric com.	...	23
Savannah Electric pref.	87	87¾
Third National Bank	108	109
Turner, Day & Woolworth com.	...	112
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref.	...	119
Toledo Railways and Light	25¼	26¾
Union National Bank	229	232
United States Trust Co.	...	130
United Railways Invest. com.	42½	44¾
United Railways Invest. pref.	60½	63
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon	57	60
Western National Bank	85	90
West Penn Rys. com.	...	38¼
West Penn Rys. pref.	72	75

‡Less than ten shares.

The Everett-Moore syndicate will immediately expend between $80,000 and $100,000 for the improvement of the Toledo and Western, recently purchased from the Nutt syndicate.

Shirley E. Johnson, formerly of Louisville, and recently with the New York banking house of Fisk & Robinson, has been elected vice president of the Continental Engineering Construction Company.

Recent gross earnings of the United Railroads of San Francisco have been as follows:

	1907.	1906.
March 28	$18,074	$20,280
March 29	18,079	19,776
March 30	22,236	18,870
March 31	21,806	22,048
April 1	19,438	20,836
Average	$19,936	$20,374

These returns are the largest for any period since the fire and earthquake, April 18, 1906, and compare very favorably with the maximum earnings of the company for any period.

The feature of the earnings of the Harriman roads for February is the continued tremendous development of the earnings of the Southern Pacific. Its gross increased more than $2,000,000, or 25 per cent., and its net increased $1,148,000, or 57 per cent. This is the biggest increase relatively in net earnings the Southern Pacific has ever recorded. In fact the increase alone in net earnings in February was nearly as great as the entire net earnings in the month of February of the 1905 fiscal year. The earnings of this road have been one of the phenomena of the railroad world in the past year, and are so interesting that the increase both in gross and net are shown below for the eight months so far recorded:

	—Gross.— Increase.	P. C. Inc.	—Net.— Increase.	P. C. Inc.
February	$2,055,254	25	$1,148,520	57
January	2,514,840	30	1,045,291	45
December	1,831,256	20	751,347	24
November	1,606,018	16	1,219,714	13
October	1,521,523	16	970,380	27
September	832,578	16	463,906	13
August	1,119,114	9	701,172	24
July	1,037,244	12	777,373	10
Totals	$12,537,828	18	$7,077,795	30

It appears that to date net earnings have increased more than $7,000,000, or 30 per cent. This increase in net earnings, which to all intents and purposes, may be considered as an increase in the surplus applicable to common dividends, amounts to about 3½ per cent. on the common stock of the Southern Pacific Company.

As a result of better transportaiton facilities in the South the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company and Sloss-Sheffield Company report a heavy reduction in stocks. Several weeks ago it was estimated that 50,000 tons of pig iron had accumulated in the Birmingham district. Stocks on hand are now estimated at 25,000 tons. Some fair sales of spot iron have been made over the last few days. A sale of 1,000 tons was made at top prices Thursday for delivery in New England. The large producers say they have no intention of coming down in their prices.

The St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Company reports for March:

	1907.	1906.	Inc.
Gross earnings	$66,820	$65,406	$1,414
Operating expenses	33,971	33,387	584
Net earnings	$32,849	$32,019	$830
From January 1 to March 31—			
Gross earnings	$198,230	$192,198	$6,032
Operating expenses	105,280	97,225	8,055
Net earnings	$92,950	$94,973	*$2,023

*Decrease.

The saving of $830 for the net out of a gross gain of $1,414 during March probably marks a turn for the better.

The passenger earnings of the Toledo Railways and Light Company for March were $129,587, a gain of $14,772.

Negotiations looking toward the carrying out of the financial plan of the Chicago Subway Company are progressing favorably, and an official announcement bearing on the transaction is expected in the near future. The financial plan involves an issue of bonds for the purpose of taking up the bonds of the Illinois Tunnel Company and the merging of the company with the Chicago Edison Company. The latter transaction has been virtually completed. The Chicago Subway Company is dominated by E. H. Harriman and other large interests identified with railroads entering Chicago.

The fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of March, as compiled by the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, shows a total of $20,559,700. The following table gives a comparison by months of the losses this year with 1905 and 1906:

	1905.	1906.	1907.
January	$16,378,100	$17,723,800	$24,064,900
February	25,591,000	18,249,[illegible]	19,876,600
March	14,751,400	18,727,[illegible]	20,559,700
Totals	$56,720,500	$54,700,900	$64,501,200

It is officially announced that at meetings of the stockholders and directors of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company, of Atlanta, held on March 26, the common capital stock of the company was increased $2,004,800. A resolution was also adopted declaring a stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. to the common stockholders of the company, payable in this increased common stock at par on May 20 1907, to the common stockholders of record at the close of business May 10, 1907. The stock itself will be distributed and not the proceeds.

Reports from Pittsburg show that the Philadelphia Company's earnings were favorable February and in March. The figures for the calendar year ended December 31, 1906, show 9.8 per cent. earned on $30,000,000 common stock and the fiscal year ended March 31, 1907, should be somewhat better than the owing to the increase in the quarter ended March 31, 1907.

Electricity will be utilized by the Great Northern Railway Company instead of steam as motive power on at least one division its transcontinental line in North Dakota, well as in hauling its trains through the famous Cascade tunnel, in the Rocky mountains. The stretch of road where it has been decided to use eltcricity is between Minot and Williston, where the road's supply of water is so full of mineral salts that an engine must be taken into the roundhouse after every run to have its boiler cleaned. The road between Minot and Williston has been giving the company a great deal of trouble and at times the difficulties experienced have been sufficient to interfere materially with the operation of trains.

The purchase by the Toledo Railways and Light Company of the capital stock of the Toledo and Western gives the first-named company control by ownership of the entire capital stock of three suburban trolley companies. The companies owned are the Maumee Valley Railways and Light Company, the Toledo, Ottawa Beach and Northern and the Toledo and Western. It is believed that the ownership of these roads by the Toledo Railways and Light Company will prove profitable in the future and will very greatly aid the company in funding its debt at a satisfactory rate of interest in 1909, says the Cleveland Finance. Traction men are also confident that the ownership of these suburbans by Toledo will very greatly assist the Toledo Railways and Light Company in adjusting its franchise difficulties with the city whenever the time for adjustment arrives. The ownership of suburban lines by city trolley companies has been carried on very extensively by the Detroit United where it has been very successful. The suburban lines owned by the Detroit are many and the earnings on these suburbans are growing rapidly. It is quite likely that Toledo will eventually secure other suburban lines leading out of Toledo.

Telegraphic advices from the United Railroads of San Francisco state that the company has had to face an expenditure due to the earthquake and strike and for betterments and improvements from March 1, 1906, to March 1, 1907, amounting to $4,294,271. This had all been provided for, so that the company on March 1, 1907, had current liabilities amounting to $2,810,209, against which it had current assets of $2,177,410. In addition to this it had sold securities which were delivered in March that netted it an amount in excess of $900,000, and still left in its treasury over $2,500,000 of its 4 per cent. consolidated bonds. It is claimed that by the sale of securities the $4,294,271 above mentioned has been provided at a cost not exceeding 5 per cent. interest.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Twenty-one New York banks report less than 25 per cent. reserve in Saturday's bank statement, against twenty last week and twenty-seven in the corresponding week of last year.

London settlement begins to-morrow.

London expects early reduction in bank rate.

St. Paul officials report car situation better.

Thirty-one roads for the fourth week of March show an average gross increase of 10.26 per cent.

National City Bank shows principal decrease in loans in bank statement and largest increase in cash.

Strength in exchange largely due to paying off loans in London.

Twelve industrial stocks advanced Saturday .26 per cent.

Twenty active Railroads declined Saturday .65 per cent.

The following earnings were reported to-day: Chicago Great Western, February gross decrease $3,942; February net decrease $45,245; eight months' gross increase $468,610; eight months' net increase $15,575.

New York Central, March gross increase $289,800.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, March gross increase $116,483.

Big Four, March gross increase $105,667.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—After the rapid advance last week, a reaction was naturally to be expected to-day and the surprising thing about it is that it was not more marked. But with the ease in call money and the tendency of rates on time to also come down make it an easy matter for the bull party to manipulate prices against the bears. The short interest is still very stubborn and there is a strong demand for stocks in spite of the advance, the belief being gradually held that the larger shorts have not as yet covered their contracts. We hesitate to advise purchases of stocks at the present level, and if the market should rally up again, as it probably will before long, we

More Beauty Contest Pictures

Next Sunday

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For this reason, we show at this time an unusually large and complete assortment in this department.

Beginning at simple and inexpensive patterns in oak and white enamel finish, our stock grades up to the most elegant colonial pieces, in the finest of mahogany. All classes of designs, all woods and finishes are fully represented.

BRASS BEDS $30.00 to $140.00

IRON BEDS $4.50 to $20.00

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- M., L. & T. Shirt Co. .... Room 4. Home telephone 6957.
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- National Life and Accident Ins. Co. W. A. Johnson, Supt. ... Rooms 10 and 11
- Mme. Stokes .... Room 12. Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids.
- Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist. . Rooms 14 and 15. Telephone 3689—A.
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- Val P. Collins, Architect .... Room 16
- New Louisville Jockey Club ..... Room 17
- Dr. George H. Day .... Room 18. Hours 10 to 1, 4 to 7 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 a. m. Phone 7436 Home, Cumb. Main 735—A.
- Alice B. Hickey, Millinery Parlor, Rooms 19 and 20 (Formerly with New York Store.)
- Dr. Sue Neal Epperson .... Room 21. Cumb. Tel. 3733-Y. Hours 9 to 12, 2 to 4.
- Dr. William N. Spohn .... Room 22. Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m.; 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
- Geo. J. Monroe, M. D. .... Room 23. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10:30 a. m. Phone Main 30—M.
- Dr. C. C. Godshaw .... Room 24. Hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10 a. m. Telephone Main 218—A.
- Louisville Truss and Rupture Co., Room 24. Rupture Specialist. Tel. 218—A Main.
- Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist. Rooms 25 and 26. Tel. Cumb. Main 924—Y; Home 5305.
- Hunter & Hellman, Fire Insurance, Rooms 27 and 28
- Dr. W. C. McNamara, Osteopath. Room 29. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both phones.
- J. L. Hanser .... Room 30. State Manager the American Stars of Equity. Phone South 1871.
- Miss Kate Fitzgerald, Purchasing Agent, Room 31
- Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Company, Office, room 32
- A. Reichman, Ladies' Tailor, Rooms 37, 38, 39 and 40
- Mrs. K. C. Costigan, Millinery Parlors, Room 41
- Dr. S. B. Molin .... Rooms 42 and 43. State Manager National Protective Association.
- Sutcliffe, Leeming & Pryor (Inc.), Advertising Agency .... Room 44
- Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist .... Room 45
- Whist Club .... Room 46
- Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—Circulation Manager, Room 47. Both phones 240. Circulation Dept.
- The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co. ...... Room 49
- Thos. E. Grove, Artist .... Room 50. Portrait and Ivory Miniatures.
- Harvey Joiner, Artist .... Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome. 10 to 1 o'clock.
- Inland Farmer .... Rooms 54 and 55
- Miss Linda Nuss .... Room 56. Stamping, Art Needlework, Shirt Waists, Children's Clothes.
- Miss Margaret Euller .... Room 57. Approved Surgeon Chiropodist. Scientific Facial Massage. Ladies treated only.
- H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency, Room 58

FUNERAL SERVICES AT ST. ANDREW'S

LAST RITES FOR GEORGE ALEXANDER ROBINSON.

BURIAL IN CAVE HILL CEMETERY TO FOLLOW.

RESOLUTIONS OF REGRET.

The funeral of George Alexander Robinson, who died Sunday afternoon at his residence, 1109 Fourth avenue, will take place at St. Andrew's Episcopal church at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. Dr. J. K. Mason, assisted by the Rev. Frank W. Hardy, will conduct the services, following which the body will be taken to Cave Hill cemetery for burial.

The pallbearers will be: Temple Bodley, John W. Barr, Jr., Col. T. W. Bullitt, William R. Belknap, John H. Brand, Helm Bruce, W. S. Speed, George Gaulbert, C. B. Robinson, John Baskin and George C. Norton.

Mr. Robinson was one of the best-known business men of Louisville. He was one of the organizers of the Commercial Club and its first president. His death is felt as a personal loss among the members of the club, and yesterday morning meetings of the directors and ex-presidents were called at, respectively 10:30 o'clock and 11 o'clock. Both bodies adopted resolutions and decided to send flowers to the funeral and attend in a body.

Resolutions Adopted By Officers and Directors of Commercial Club.

Your committee, to whom was intrusted the sad office of preparing resolutions on the death of our first president and first honorary life member, submit the following as a public expression of their feelings on this sad event:

Resolved, That in the death of George A. Robinson the club has lost one of its most highly esteemed and valued members, and one to whom the club is most largely indebted for that spirit of enterprise and interest in the city's welfare and development which gave birth to the Commercial Club of Louisville, and by the infusion of whose enthusiasm and by reason of whose splendid executive qualities the club became a possibility and a reality.

Possessing all the noble qualities that go to make up the rounded man, with a personality that in its quiet charm, made his association with any enterprise a pervading influence, together with a sterling integrity that commanded always the confidence of his fellowmen, he was enabled to carry to a successful issue the undertakings to which he lent his services and his approval.

In his death the club has lost a wise counselor, a generous and faithful friend; the city has lost an enterprising and progressive citizen, and the community a Christian gentleman of rare and lovable qualities.

We extend to the bereaved family our most heartfelt sympathy and the assurance that we mourn with them the loss of one whose influence for good was felt in all the social and commercial life of the city.

Fred Levy, R. A. McDowell,
S. B. Lynd, Smith T. Bailey,
R. S. Brown, A. T. Macdonald,
W. H. Bradbury, James P. Gregory,
R. C. Watkins, Pinkney Varble,
C. J. Meddis, R. E. Hughes,
W. C. Williams, J. D. Winston,
C. M. Robertson, J. C. Van Pelt.

Resolutions Adopted By Presidents of Commercial Club.

At a meeting of the presidents, past and present, of the Commercial Club, held April 8, 1907, the death of Mr. George Anderson Robinson, the first president of the club,

Campbell Promoted.

St. Louis, Mo., April 8.—[Special.]—Vice President Powell, of the Southern railway, to-day announced the promotion of R. A. Campbell, assistant general freight agent, to the position of general freight agent of the St. Louis-Louisville lines, effective immediately. Campbell's headquarters are in St. Louis, at the Chemical building. He came to St. Louis in 1894 as general freight and passenger agent of the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis line. In 1901, when the reorganization of the Southern took place, he was appointed assistant general freight agent.

CORPORATIONS FILE ARTICLES AT FRANKFORT.

Frankfort, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Incorporation articles were to-day filed in the Department of Secretary of State as follows:

Ferndale Creamery Manufacturing Company, of Jefferson county, with $25,000 capital stock. The incorporators are Ferdinand Seim, Elmore Sherman and F. H. Wherries, of Louisville.

Northern Real Estate and Development Company, of Daviess county, with $10,000 capital stock. The incorporators are N. E. Birch and A. J. Chinn, of Owensboro, and Len Williams, of Knottsville.

Reimers Motor Car Company, of Jefferson county, with $10,000 capital stock. The incorporators are E. G. and I. J. Reimers and Francis S. Clark, of Louisville.

The Kentucky Association, of Fayette county, filed amended articles, providing that until the annual election of directors of the association, in December next, M. J. Winn, P. P. Johnston, J. N. Camden, Jr., H. P. Headley, G. D. Wilson, O. H. Chenault and D. G. Falconer shall be directors.

Life Insurance In Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., April 8.—[Special.]—According to reports filed with the Insurance Commissioner, the life insurance companies wrote in Tennessee last year $25,215,734, against $29,932,396 in 1905. The Tennessee losses incurred during 1906 were $1,710,958, as compared with $1,464,763 for 1905. The premiums received during 1906 were $4,872,894, compared with $4,508,607 in 1905. The industrial insurance written in 1906 amounted to $12,039,933, compared with $18,056,736 in 1905.

Painters Threaten Big Strike.

New York, April 8.—It is stated today that the strike of the Brotherhood of Painters for the new wage scale of $4 a day for plain painters and $4.50 for decorative painters, which has been ordered, notwithstanding the arbitration agreement, is to be extended to all the contracts in other cities throughout the country of members of the Master Painters' Association and the Interior Decorators' and Cabinetmakers' Associations.

Protracted Meeting Successful.

The Rev. M. F. Ham, the evangelist, who is conducting a protracted meeting at the Twenty-second and Walnut-street Baptist church, is meeting with excellent encouragement, both in attendance at the meetings and the interest manifested. Thirteen additions were secured to the church Sunday and six more were added to the roll last night. Services are held at 10 o'clock in the morning, 3 o'clock in the afternoon and 7:30 o'clock at night. The meetings will continue daily for two or three weeks.

HIGHER WAGES.

RAISE FOR LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN AND ENGINEERS.

Same Ratio As Granted Conductors and Trainmen—Agreement Signed In Chicago.

Chicago, April 8.—The agreement between thirty-one railroads west of Chicago and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers was signed to-day.

The pay of firemen on all classes of engines is to be increased twenty-five cents per day of ten hours or less, 100 miles or less, over the rate of pay in effect on January 1, 1907. No change is made in computing time and the advance is not to apply to men working on a basis of twelve and one-half miles an hour.

The rate of firemen in first-class yards is to be $2.25 per day of ten hours, overtime pro rata. In all other yards the rate is to be $2.15.

The minimum rate for firemen in the passenger service on engines having cylinders under eighteen inches in diameter is to be $2.25 per day of 100 miles or less and $2.50 on engines having eighteen-inch cylinders and over. An increase of fifteen cents per day of 100 miles or less is given to firemen on engines carrying a rate of $2.50 or more.

In addition to the increase of pay, the firemen are to be relieved of all work in the cleaning of engines.

The increase granted to the firemen is estimated to be about in the same ratio as that recently granted to the conductors and trainmen.

Machinists On Strike.

New Orleans, La., April 8.—About 150 machinists and helpers went on a strike to-day because their employers refused to agree to a minimum wage scale of $3.50 per day. Thirteen firms, comprising the New Orleans Metal Trades Association, are affected by the strike.

STATE MONTHLY REPORT INDICATES CROPS OF BETTER-THAN-AVERAGE SORT THIS YEAR

According to the monthly report of the State Commissioner of Agriculture the prospects for a better-than-average crop in all kinds of fruit and farm products is good. The weather during March was rather favorable for out-door work, enabling the farmers to do much of their plowing. Rapid growth of wheat was promoted and pastures were brought into good condition for early feeding. Fruit buds were also quite forward and were endangered to some extent by the cold wave which came on April 1 and 2. As compared with the averages of the past five years the prospects for full crops of all fruits is 86 per cent. Strawberries indicate a .93 crop. Reports as to the effect of the storm of Sunday and the cool weather which followed it have not, of course, been received, although, unless the weather becomes more severe than it is expected to, the bad effect will not be extensive.

The indications are that a full crop of corn will be planted this year, although considerable difficulty has been experienced in securing good seed corn. Nearly all the growers of seed corn report that the germ in most of their corn has been devitalized on account of the wet season.

A large sowing of alfalfa is indicated for this spring. Generally speaking, alfalfa is looking well, although many fields have suffered to some extent from the heavy frosts. This will have a tendency to set this crop back somewhat, although it will not cause permanent injury.

* * *

State Monthly Crop Report.

Corn—Prospect of acreage 1907, compared with a five-years' average, 98.

Wheat—Acreage sown last fall, compared with a five-years' average, 90. Condition of crop April 1, 1907, compared with a five-years' average, 99.

Oats—Acreage 1907, compared with a five-years' average, 90. Per cent. of crop sown April 1, 1907, 76.

Rye—Acreage sown last fall compared with a five-years' average, 93. Condition of crop April 1, compared with a five-years' average, 98.

Tobacco—Burley—Per cent. of crop of 1906 sold April 1, 1907, 59. Burley—Price of crop of 1906, compared with price of crop of 1905, 110. Dark—Per cent. of crop of 1906 sold April 1, 1907, 79. Dark—Price of crop of 1906, compared with price of crop of 1905, 105.

Grasses—Meadows — Acreage compared with average of five-years, 94. Meadows—Condition compared with a five-years' average, 100. Clover—Old, acreage compared with a five-years' average, 88. Clover—Condition compared with a five-years' average, 91. Clover—Acreage sown 1907 compared with a five-years' average 88.

Potatoes—Acreage prospect compared with a five-years' average, 98.

Live Stock—Cattle—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 86. Sheep—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 82. Lambs—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 86. Hogs—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 81. Horses—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 88. Mules—Numbers compared with a five-years' average, 86.

Strawberries—Prospect for full crop, 93.

Fruit—Prospect for full crop, 86.

Gardens—Prospect for garden truck, 98.

would rather sell than buy, for although prices are still attractive, a great many people have been seriously hurt and will have to liquidate when conditions permit. We have never yet seen a bull market start so soon after a great panic, such an event being followed by a readjustment in prices, for values swing much lower than they should, intrinsically, and when this readjustment is over transactions fall off in volume and a waiting situation develops, with a period of dragging prices. We see no reason to expect anything different in the present instance.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The market to-day ruled irregular, but in the face of London offerings in moderate quantity, profit taking, renewed short sales, the undertone has been excellent and recoveries from low points of the session were substantial in extent, some stocks showing net gains as compared with closing price of Saturday. Local bank reserves are now exceptionally large for this season, and the English bank rate may be reduced on Thursday. No disturbance is expected in money. Trade advices continue satisfactory from practically all sources, and crop news from Missouri and Kentucky indicates a high condition of winter wheat. The market has passed through a normal reaction, and in coming sessions an opportunity will be afforded for bullish interests to make a demonstration at the advanced level. We anticipate further improvement.—(Ennis & Stoppani to E. H. Morgan & Co.

New York.—Stocks closed firm, but dull. The bears made a number of attacks on stocks to-day, but did not bring out any considerable long stock. The significant thing was the absence of selling pressure, such as one would naturally expect after so sharp a rally. One thing should not be lost sight of. A very large number of small buying orders have been executed during the last few days, as well as many large ones, for that matter, and the stock has been taken out of the street. The floating supply is scarce and the bears will realize this when it is too late. There was a noteworthy absence of news to-day, but what occurred was for the most part favorable. As long as we have continued easy money, in spite of unfavorable developments, you may expect to see steady absorption of good stocks on small setbacks.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—The further reaction to-day seemed to be only natural after the recent considerable advance. There is nothing ominous in the present outlook and the prospect seems good for continued cheap call money and further easing of time rates. The short 4s are steadily coming into the Treasury and there are still $10,000,000 to be redeemed. The outlook seems to favor higher prices.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—At the end of the first hour there was a general hardening of the tone and specialties in the different stocks called attention to the fact that they had no selling orders on their books. Commission business was far smaller than at any time last week.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—The market has been irregular, owing to profit taking and a rumor that Secretary Root would resign. On the low rate for call money the market should be a purchase on recessions.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Six months money was offered at 5 per cent., and as this condition of affairs, moneywise, bids fair to continue, it is unreasonable to suppose that stocks are going to remain on a 6 or 7 per cent. basis as they are selling now. There appears to be some effort on the part of the larger interests to have the market quiet down and advance more slowly and orderly, which, of course, will be all the more healthy therefor. We expect the foreign monetary conditions to benefit greatly by reason of their ability to retain the gold arriving in London, and as they have been such heavy sellers they are likely to pay a lot more for our securities, as on previous occasions foreigners have been known to buy our stocks back at advanced figures, and we wouldn't be surprised to see this action again duplicated. We still continue to believe in higher prices. —(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—The market was dull and irregular to-day. The tendency of the general market was a dragging one, with prices slumping about a point on the average throughout the list. Many important interests here also turned sellers. Some of the big Western plungers and operators who loaded up with stocks late last week on the idea that easy money conditions would help the market are now anxious to lighten their loads. This sort of selling, together with further liquidation, will come out on every rally and as the buying power from bargain hunters has been exhausted, speculative conditions are likely to continue narrow and more professional than for some time. We therefore do not expect to see anything better than a traders' market pending further developments to make the political and money situation much more reassuring than at present. —(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—The reactionary movement continued this morning and the active list showed losses of from one to three points over Saturday by 12 o'clock. Not much long stock appeared to come out and the market grew very dull at the lower level. There was not much gossip, no news and not a great deal of outside participation. In the afternoon a rally set in which held up to the close and during which the market recovered almost all of its earlier losses and closed strong. The money market continues extremely easy and this makes the holders of stock disinclined to part with them.—(E. & C. Randolph to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—The market gave evidence this morning that important interests were realizing on all strong spots. The opening was irregular with a heavy tone displayed in the Harriman Pacifics, but with excellent buying in the Copper securities, due to an advance in the raw metal in London. Trading was exceedingly dull and there was little or no outside business. A noticeable fact was the extreme dullness on the declines and as soon as the market rallied activity was renewed. This is an excellent indication of the market's tendency, and although there has been considerable realizing by important interests on the recent advance, we believe the market is a purchase on all moderate declines. Prices were firmer in the late afternoon trading with an increase in activity. The closing was quiet.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, April 8.—Money on call easy at 1¾@2½ per cent.; ruling rate 2; closing bid 1½; offered at 2; time loans dull and easy; 60 days 4½; 90 days 5; six months 5@5¼; prime mercantile paper 6@6½. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8555@4.8560 for demand and at $4.82@4.8205 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.82½@4.83 and $4.86@4.86½; commercial bills $4.81¾. Bar silver 65¼c. Mexican dollars 50c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

The stock market showed increasing indications to-day of lapsing into professional hands and those of the smaller class of operators. The frequent turns in the course of prices, the narrowness of the fluctuations and the notable shrinkage in the aggregate sales for the day all pointed unmistakably to the abstention from the market of any large and consistent class of supporters. This was the response of the market to a rather general note of warning from responsible sources of the rate and the extent to which the rebound was running after the recent extreme depression.

In the money market situation particularly, although the reality of the relaxation from stringency is not questioned on any hand, there is inquiry as to the adequacy of the relief to meet all the needs to be faced. The terms to railroad corporations for borrowing large amounts are still onerous, as exemplified in the terms of sale of Erie notes last week. Any general resumption of the projects of extension by the railroads is dependent on the easier rates for money reaching to this field of borrowing, or to such revival of the demand for new capital issues as to justify a resort to that means of financing the work of betterments again. Even in the case of subscriptions to capital issues already made there is matter for the consideration of future borrowers dependent on money supplies.

To-day's maturity of four 10 per cent. installments of new Great Northern preferred stock, calling for $24,000,000, directs attention to the monthly recurrence for some time to come of a 5 per cent. installment of these subscriptions. For Northern Pacific new stock subscriptions also there will fall due quarterly installments of 12½ per cent., beginning July 1, each of which will call for upward of $11,000,000, while for St. Paul's $100,000,000 new stock 15 per cent. is payable June 1 and 20 per cent. installments on three half yearly periods after that, with a final 15 per cent. to be paid in March, 1909. In the meantime large note issues by corporations will mature, which are expected to call for refunding, with success [illegible]pendent on a revival of the demand for [illegible] be noted of the recent revival in the bond market that, besides the good effect of the easing of the money market, something is due to the demand by banks for bonds made available to secure Government deposits under the new ruling of the Treasury Department, and also to the movement toward reinvestments against the retirement of all but the $50,000,000 to be refunded of the outstanding Government 4 per cents. of 1907. The sterling exchange market also, by its persistent strength here, in spite of the decline in interest rates in London, points to the possibilities of unsatisfied money requirements abroad.

Brokerage houses to-day reported a small volume of orders for stocks, and early attempts to advance prices quite generally met with supplies of stocks which turned the room traders to the bear side of the market. The resulting decline was incompletely recovered later and the closing tone was rather heavy. The narrow net changes are significant in themselves of the professional origin of much of the day's transaction.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, April 8.—(Special.)—Clearings $12,148,172; balances $575,992. Call money 5½@6 per cent. New York exchange 5c discount bid, 15c premium asked.

Boston, April 8.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $20,543,962; in New York $183,367,498. New York funds sold at 25c discount.

Cincinnati, April 8.—(Special.)—Clearings $5,829,100. Collateral loans 5@5½ per cent. New York exchange par and 15c premium.

Chicago, April 8.—(Special.)—Clearings $39,312,983; balances $2,788,000. New York exchange 20c discount.

Memphis, April 8.—(Special.)—Clearings $827,775.54. Exchange par selling, $1 discount buying.

New Orleans, April 8.—Clearings $3,130,505. New York exchange 75c discount; commercial paper 7@8 per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Cl'sg Bid.
Adams Express				280
Amal. Copper	103,900	98¼	95½	96¾
Am. Car & F'dry.	1,300	37	36½	37
Do preferred	100	99	99	97¾
Am'n Cotton Oil	400	31½	31⅛	31
Do preferred				80
American Express				205
Am. H. and L. pf.	100	21¾	21¾	22
Am. Ice Securities	100	83	83	81
Am'n Linseed Oil				14
Do preferred				31
Am'n Locomotive	600	65	65	65
Do preferred				108
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	59,400	132¼	128¼	132⅜
Do preferred	900	108¼	108	108
Am. Sugar Ref'g	700	127	126	125¾
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	700	93⅛	92	92
Ana. Mining Co	21,600	64	62	63½
Atchison	22,500	97¼	96¼	97¼
Do preferred	400	95¼	95⅜	95
Atl. Coast Line	800	106¼	105¼	105
B. and O	4,800	101⅝	100	100⅝
Do preferred				89
Brooklyn Rapid T.	21,100	61¼	59¾	61¼
Canadian Pacific	8,500	176¼	173½	174½
Central of N. J.	200	195	190	190
C. and O	1,700	41¾	41	41¼
Chicago Gt. West.	900	14¼	13¾	13¾
C. and N. W	2,000	152½	150	152½
C., M. and St. P.	20,000	137⅞	136⅞	137½
Chicago T. and T.	200	6	6	6
Do preferred	300	15	13½	13
C.,C.,C. and St.L.	600	74¼	73½	73
Col. Fuel and I	5,800	37¾	35⅞	36¾
Col. and Southern	2,100	28	27⅜	27½
Do 1st pref	100	60¼	60¼	61
Do 2d pref	300	48⅞	48⅝	48¼
Consolidated Gas	200	130⅝	130⅝	123½
Corn Prod. Ref'g	1,100	20¼	20	20
Do preferred	100	81⅛	81⅛	80⅝
Central Leather	700	31⅛	30½	30⅝
Do preferred				95
Del. and Hudson	900	185	184	185
D., L. and W				460
D. and R. G	100	31¼	31¼	31
Do preferred				75
Dist. Securities	2,000	72	71	71¼
Erie	5,500	25⅜	24⅜	25¼
Do 1st pref	1,300	59⅛	59⅛	58¾
Do 2d pref	500	41	40½	40
Gen. Electric	200	150	149	149¼
Gt. Northern pref.	8,200	138¼	136	136⅝
Hocking Valley				81
Illinois Central	200	149	149	148½
Internat'l Paper				14¾
Do preferred	200	74¾	74⅝	74½
Internat'l Pump	200	30¼	30	29½
Do preferred				79½
Iowa Central	300	19⅞	19	19
Do preferred	200	37⅜	37⅜	37¼
Interboro-Met.	400	26⅜	26	26¼
Do preferred	500	62	62	60⅝
K. C. Southern	400	26⅜	26	26⅛
Do preferred	3,600	61	60½	60⅝
L. and N	800	120¼	119¼	119¼
Mexican Central	2,200	22¼	22¼	22⅛
Minn. and St. L				48
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie				108
Do preferred	200	140	139	137
Missouri Pacific	1,500	77¼	76¼	76⅝
M., K. and T	3,300	37	36⅛	36¾
Do preferred	600	66¼	66	66
National Lead	3,500	61½	60⅜	61¼
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.				53
N. Y. Central	5,500	120⅞	119¼	120¼
N. Y., O. and W	1,200	39⅝	38⅝	39½
Norfolk and West.	1,400	80	79	79
Do preferred				80
North American	400	75¼	75	75
Northern Pacific	21,100	136⅝	134⅝	135⅜
Pacific Mail	700	29	28⅝	29
Pennsylvania	59,600	128⅝	126⅜	127
People's Gas	2,700	93½	92½	92⅝
P.,C.,C. and St.L.				71
Pressed Steel Car	3,500	37⅛	36⅝	37⅝
Do preferred				95
Pullman Pal. Car	100	168	168	166
Reading	154,700	112¼	109⅝	111¾
Do 1st pref	200	86	86	85
Do 2d pref	100	85	85	84
Republic Steel	2,900	30	29	28⅞
Do preferred	1,000	86⅜	85⅝	85⅝
Rock Island Co	3,200	23¼	22½	22⅝
Do preferred	300	51	50½	50
Rubber Goods pfd				95
St.L. & S.F. 2d pf	100	38	38	36
St. L. Southwest	1,000	23⅝	22	23
Do preferred				55¾
Southern Pacific	42,100	85⅝	84	84⅝
Do preferred	100	116½	116¼	116
Southern Railway	1,600	22¼	22	22¼
Do preferred	700	71	70¼	70¼
Sloss-Sh'fi'ld Steel	900	56	54⅝	54½
Tenn. Coal and I	100	144¼	144¼	144
Texas and Pacific	600	29½	29	29
T., St. L. and W	200	29¼	29¼	29¼
Do preferred	400	53⅞	53½	53¼
Union Pacific	134,700	142	139⅜	141⅜
Do preferred	800	88⅜	88	86⅝
U. S. Express				102
U. S. Realty				77
U. S. Rubber	500	44	43½	43
Do preferred				104
U. S. Steel	55,700	37⅞	36⅞	37⅝
Do preferred	8,300	101	99⅞	100⅜
Va.-Car. Chemical	100	29⅛	29½	29
Do preferred				104
Wabash	100	14⅝	14⅝	14⅜
Do preferred	400	26⅝	26	25⅜
Wells-Fargo Exp.				230
West'house Elec.	100	147	147	146½
Western Union	400	82½	82½	82
W. and L. E	300	13¼	13¼	13
Wisconsin Central	1,400	19½	19¼	18⅜
Do preferred	100	41	41	40¼

Total sales for the day, 851,000 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, April 8.—The irregular tone of the bond market showed some reactionary tendency from the recent uniform strength. Total sales (par value), $2,068,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	103½
Do coupon	103½
3s, registered	102¾
Do coupon	103½
Old 4s, registered	101
Do coupon	101
New 4s, registered	130¼
Do coupon	130¼

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	73¾
American Tobacco 6s	106¼
Atchison general 4s	100¼
Do adjustment 4s	*91½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95¼
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	100½
Do 3½s	93¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s	86
Central of Georgia 5s	108¾
Do first income	85
Do second income	*76
Do third income	*64
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	102¾
Chicago and Alton 3½s	69¾
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	96½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s	72¾
Do collateral 5s	87½
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	99½
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A	64
Colorado Midland 4s	70
Colorado and Southern 4s	91¼
Cuba 5s	99½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	94½
Distillers' Securities 5s	84½
Erie prior lien 4s	97
Do general 4s	*83¼
Hocking Valley 4½s	104½
Japan 6s	97¾
Japan 6s, 2d series	97¾
Japan 4½s	90½
Japan 4½s, 2d series	90¼
Japan 4s	82½
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	100
Manhattan consol. gold 4s	98¾
Mexican Central 4s	81
Do first income	24¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	*89
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	97½
Do seconds	82½
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	*85½
New York Central general 3½s	93¾
New Jersey Central general 5s	123
Northern Pacific 4s	102¼
Do 3s	70½
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	98
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	93¼
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	95¾
Reading general 4s	97¾
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	*110
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	81½
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	76
Seaboard Air Line 4s	74½
Southern Pacific 4s	87¾
Do first 4s, certificates	93¼
Southern Railway 5s	111¼
Texas and Pacific firsts	117
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	80½
Union Pacific 4s	102
United States Steel second 5s	98⅞
Wabash firsts	112½
Do debenture Bs	62½

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.)

Albany and Susq. 3½s. $5,000 ... 99
American Tobacco 6s. $20,000 ... 106¼
American Tobacco 4s. $7,000 ... 74
Atchison conv. 4s. $15,000 ... 102
Atchison 4s. $1,000 ... 100¼; $50,000 ... 100⅜
Atch. adj. 4s, stamped. $10,000 ... 92
Atlantic Coast Line 4s. $8,000 ... 95¼
B. and O. gold 4s. $4,000 ... 100½
B. and O. P. L. E. and W. Va. 4s. $3,000 ... 94⅞
B. and O. S-W. 3½s. $10,000 ... 90
B. R. T. conv. 4s. $7,000 ... 86¼
Can. Southern 1st 5s. $11,000 ... 101
Cen. Ga. con. 5s. $12,000 ... 108¼
C., B. and Q. 4s. $65,000 ... 96½
C., R. I. and P. gold 5s. $7,000 ... 87¾
C., R. I. and P. 4s. $10,000 ... 73
C., R. I. and P. Ry. 4s. $9,000 ... 100
C., R. I. and P. ref. 4s. $6,000 ... 90⅜
C. T. 4s, coupon off. $15,000 ... 101
Colorado Midland 4s. $10,000 ... 70
Con. Gas conv. 6s. $15,000 ... 130½
Con. Tobacco 4s. $15,000 ... 73¾
D. and H. conv. 4s. $35,000 ... 102⅝
D. and R. G. 4s. $8,000 ... 94½
Detroit City Gas 5s. $6,000 ... 100
Dist. Sec. Corp. 5s. $7,000 ... 85
Erie conv. 4s, series A. $5,000 ... 82
Erie prior lien 4s. $18,000 ... 97
Imp. Jap. 6s, ster. loan. $129,000 ... 97⅝
Imp. Japan 6s, ster. loan, 2d series. $5,000 ... 97
Interboro-Met. Co. 4½s. $10,000 ... 80¾
Int. Trac. col. 4s. $10,000 ... 72⅝
Japan 4½s. $4,000 ... 90⅝
Japan 4½s, K. L. & Co. $30,000 ... 90⅞
Mex. Cen. 1st income. $10,000 ... 23¼
M., K. and T. 4s. $10,000 ... 97¼
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917. $4,000 ... 94½
N. Y. C.-L. S. 3½s. $10,000 ... 85½
Northern Pacific 4s. $19,000 ... 103⅜
O. & L. 5s. $5,000 ... 112
Penn. convertible 3½s. $10,000 ... 96
St. L. and S.W. con. 4s. $20,000 ... 76
Southern Pacific 4s. $3,000 ... 87½
Southern Railway 5s. $5,000 ... 111¼
Union Pacific 4s. $11,000 ... 101⅞
U. S. Realty and I. 5s. $20,000 ... 88¼
U. S. Steel s. f. 5s. $11,000 ... 98⅞
Wabash-Pitts. T. 1st 4s. $5,000 ... 71½
Wabash deb. B. ctfs. $10,000 ... 65
Western Union 4½s. $4,000 ... 98½
Wisconsin Central 4s. $5,000 ... 87

Total sales (par value), $2,171,000.

Western Maryland 4s	75½
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	*82
Wisconsin Central 4s	87

*Offered.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, April 8.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance	$253,698,458
Gold coin and bullion	108,431,937
Gold certificates	46,479,870

Statement of Board of Trade.

London, April 8.—The March statement of the London Board of Trade shows increases of $22,385,500 in imports and $15,359,500 in exports. In the imports the increases included raw materials, of which $12,500,000 was cotton from the United States, and in exports the increases were in manufactured goods, principally iron and steel.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, April 8.—The supplies of money were plentiful in the market to-day and rates were easy. Discounts were lower in anticipation of a reduction in the bank rate. The Bank of England secured all the gold available in the markets, $1,750,000, at a reduced price. The Indian Secretary secured an option of $625,000 in gold, due here shortly. Operators on the Stock Exchange were chiefly occupied with the arrangement of the settlement, though a cheerful tone prevailed, and prices, led by consols, hardened, chiefly owing to the easier rates for money. Foreigners improved, owing to Paris support. Russians recovering from an early decline. Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 closed at 103¾. Americans started at above parity and further improved, especially Canadian Pacific, but the bears sold Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and United States Steel, and trading became dull, with prices easy. Later New York sent a few buying orders, but the volume of business was not large and the market closed with prices quietly steady. Consols for money 86¼; do for the account 86 5-16; Anaconda 13⅝; Atchison 99½; do preferred 99; Baltimore and Ohio 103⅝; Canadian Pacific 179⅜; Chesapeake and Ohio 43¼; Chicago Great Western 14¼; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 141; De Beers 26⅞; Denver and Rio Grande 31⅝; do preferred 77½; Erie 26; do first preferred 62; do second preferred 43; Illinois Central 152½; Louisville and Nashville 124; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 37⅜; New York Central 123; Norfolk and Western 81¼; do preferred 86; Ontario and Western 40; Pennsylvania 65¼; Rand Mines 6⅞; Reading 57½; Southern Railway 22¼; do preferred 74; Southern Pacific 87¼; Union Pacific 144⅝; do preferred 91; United States Steel 38⅝; do preferred 103⅝; Wabash 15½; do preferred 27½; Spanish fours 95; Grand Trunk 31½. Bar silver steady at 30 3-16d per ounce. Money 2½@3 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4 1-16@4⅛ per cent.; do three months' bills 4@4⅛ per cent. Bullion amounting to £249,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day.

Paris, April 8.—Prices on the Bourse to-day opened firm, trading was active and the market closed dull on a reaction in Russians. Russian Imperial 4s closed at 73.40 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 488. Three per cent. rentes 94f 67½c for the account. Exchange on London 25f 28c for checks.

Berlin, April 8.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were weak. Americans were lower on the New York advices.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, April 8, 1907.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1907.	Ship'd 1907.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	56,600	212,560	32,400	222,745
Bagging, lbs	25,500	3,500	....	5,340
Boots and shoes, cases	253	371	370	482
Coffee, lbs	32,185	47,895	26,463	45,775
Cotton, bales	1			
Flour, bbls	550	2,611	480	2,042
Furniture, lbs	48,015	187,020	26,255	237,330
Corn, bush	8,115	28,990	34,180	29,995
Malt, bush	6,300	1,575	....	200
Oats, bush	7,000	16,467	9,800	13,230
Rye, bush	800	6,040	....	4,100
Wheat, bush	....	....	2,255	7,600
Hardware, pkgs	1,390	8,014	751	6,720
Hay, tons	150	20	104	45
Bacon, lbs	61,225	108,175	56,360	195,770
Hams, lbs	8,000	3,280	....	9,535
Lard, lbs	2,900	22,455	103,800	129,850
Pig iron, tons	100	17	376	76
Leather, lbs	827	20,410	560	63,475
Nails, kegs	435	308	620	651
Apples, gr., bbls	324	64	....	234
Onions, bbls	126	16	1	351
Potatoes, bbls	1,220	538	462	1,056
Seed, grass and clover, lbs	24,200	11,710	58,820	31,415
Soap, lbs	3,400	80,515	37,500	175,130
Sugar, bbls	600	557	800	622
Tobacco, leaf, hds	286	560	1,472	316
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	2,650	217,110	2,575	272,734
Whisky, bbls	447	1,663	784	2,074
Wool, lbs	....	24,047	1,775	3,825

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.60@3.60 per bbl.; Louisville cement 68@78c per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 16c; Western cheddars 10c; full cream flats and twins 16½c; full cream dairies 16c; full cream long horns 19c; dairies 17c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13¼@14½c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@29c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11½@13c; Santos 11½@15½c.

DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES—Kentucky and Indiana sun-dried apples (quarters) 7½c; dark and wet 5c; sun-dried peaches (halves) 8c.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 51@53c per lb.; gray 45@47c; No. 1 old 40@43c; No. 2 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old goose 15@35c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed dark 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $2@2.25 per bu.; clover $8@8.40 per bu.; orchard $1.25@1.50; bluegrass, fancy $1.85@1.95; red top, fancy $8.50@9; English bluegrass $1.60; Southern millet $1.00; rape 6½c per lb.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; plain patents $4.50; straights $4.50; family $4.50; low grades $4; winter patents $4.50@5; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 9@9½c; prunes, California new 5½@9c; peaches 14c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 12@14c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 17c; Persian dates 5½c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $21.50; clover hay $19; wheat straw $7@7.50; timothy, No. 1 $21; No. 2 $20. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides 1@1½c lower. We quote assorted lots: No. 1 dry flint hides 22c; No. 2 dry flint 20½c; No. 1 dry salted 20c; No. 2 dry salted 18c; dry kip and calf under 10 lbs. 19@21c; No. 1 G salt hides 11½c; No. 2 G salt hides 10½c; G S kip and calf under 15 lbs. 10½c; uncured stock ½@1c less; No. 1 horse G salted $3.75; No. 2 horse G salted $2.75; sheep wool skins 90c@$2.75; lambskins 50@70c; shearings, G salted 20@35c; shearings, dry 10@20c; goat skins 25@35c.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $22.50; shorts $22.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 26c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 55c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 37c.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 18c per lb.; filberts 12½c; California walnuts 12@15c; French walnuts 13½c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 8c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 15@18c; home-grown pecans 12c; cocoanuts $4.50 per 100; mixed nuts 15c per lb.; Brazil nuts 15½c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 $1.04 per gallon; No. 2 88c; linseed 41c for raw and 42c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 74c; extra No. 1 65c; No. 1 57c; No. 2 55c; gasoline, 87 degrees 23½c; stove gasoline 18½c; benzine, 63 degrees 16c; straits oil 23c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 22c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 58c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 60c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10½c; Indiana 10½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 78c; wood alcohol 40c; denatured alcohol 50c in bbls. and 40c in half bbls.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 7½c per lb.; red 7⅜c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6½c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6@6.25 per lb.; Indiana $6@6.50; Southern ginseng $6@6.25; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.20; Mayapple 2¾c; blood root 5c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split or unstrung and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.17@1.32; 5-bu. bbl. 98c@$1.08; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks 66c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 5¾c; No. 2 5c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1905: Single 90 and 10 per cent.; double 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 15@20c; clear grease 27@29c; medium tub-washed 39@40c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 34@38c; black wool 22@24c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	7.00	No. 3	4.70
Crystal dominoes	7.50	No. 6	4.50
Cut loaf	6.00	No. 7	4.40
Cubes	5.30	No. 8	4.35
XXXX powdered	5.25	No. 9	4.30
Powdered	5.25	No. 12	4.25
Stand. gran. bbls	4.90	No. 13	4.45
Stand. gran. 2-lb	5.25	No. 14	4.20

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry $0 77@78
No. 3 red and longberry 75@76
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.
CORN—
New No. 3 white 51
New No. 3 mixed 49½
OATS—
No. 3 white 45½
No. 2 mixed 45
RYE—
No. 2 Northwestern 76
No. 2 Western 75

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14⅝c; heavy to medium 14¼@14½c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11½c; regular clear sides 11½c; breakfast bacon 17c; sugar-cured shoulders 10½c; bacon, extra 11½c; bellies, light 12½c; heavy 12½c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 9c; pure in tierces 11¾c, in tubs 12⅛c, in firkins 12¼c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2 for base.
TOOL STEEL—9c per lb. for base.
SOFT STEEL—$1.95 for base.
STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.35; V-crimped $2.40 per square.
BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.40; No. 12 $2.45; No. 14 $2.50; No. 16 $2.60; Nos. 18 and 20 $3; Nos. 22 and 24 $3.05; No. 26 $3; No. 28 $3.15 per 100 lbs.
GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.
CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.15 base.
WIRE NAILS—$2.15 base.
PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$2 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.
GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.60 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.
BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.30; galvanized $2.60 per 100 lbs.
HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.95 base; Perkins $4.04½ base; Burden $4 per keg.
HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.
MACHINE BOLTS—Small sizes 70 per cent. discount.
CARRIAGE BOLTS—Large sizes 60 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 11c; strict middling 11⅛c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale:

BUTTER—Packing 18c per lb.; good country roll 20@21c; Elgin 32c in 60-lb. tubs, 32½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 33c; renovated 27c in 60-lb. tubs, 27½c in 30-lb. tubs, 28c in prints.

POULTRY—Hens 10@10½c per lb.; roosters 5@5½c; young chickens 12@18c; ducks 10c; turkeys 10@13c; geese 8c.

EGGS—14c, case count; rehandled 15c; goose eggs 40c.

FRUIT—Willow apples $3.75 bbl.; Ben Davis $3@3.50 bbl.; New York Baldwins $3.75 per bbl.; Florida oranges $4 per box; California navel oranges $2.75@4 per box; California lemons $4.50 per box; Messina lemons $4@4.50 per box; fancy red Spanish $5.50 per crate; bananas, fancy, 9 to 10 bands, in lots, per bunch, $1.60@1.75; fancy, 8 hands, in lots, per bunch, $1.25; fancy 4-bunch case, per case $7; fancy, 2-bunch ½ case, per case $3.50; fancy, 5 to 6-bunch case, per case $7; fancy, 3-bunch to ½ case, per case $3.50; extra large Jumbo, per bunch $2@2.25.

VEGETABLES—Onions, Northern red and yellow $1.25 per bushel; Southern parsley 40c per doz.; Southern radishes 50c doz. bunches; Southern new cabbage $2.50 per crate; green beans $3.25 per crate; new potatoes $2.75 per crate; green peppers $3 per crate; Florida tomatoes $3.75@4 per crate; home-grown potatoes $1.75@2 per bbl.; Northern potatoes 65c per bu.; cucumbers $1.25 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen strings; Southern spinach, per dozen bunches, 60c; Southern turnips, per dozen bunches, 60c; Southern beets, per dozen bunches, 50c; home-grown kale, per bbl. 75c; Florida strawberries $1.50 gal.; Alabama berries $2.75@3.50 crate.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, April 8.—Cattle—The receipts of cattle to-day were 1,083 head, against 1,163 last Monday, 857 a year ago and 1,251 two years ago. There was a fairly good attendance of buyers on the yards to-day and the market, generally speaking, averaged fully steady. There was a good, active demand for choice handy-weight butcher cattle, and, owing to the scarcity of that class, values were strong to a shade higher than last week; all other kinds of butcher cattle were fully steady to strong. There was also a good demand for feeders and stockers of all grades and values fully as good as last week, yet a good many of the salesmen claimed the trade did not have the wire edge that has characterized it for the past few weeks, and the general opinion is that the high time has been seen on feeders and stockers. The bull market was just about steady; canners unchanged. Good to choice milch cows and fancy springers found ready sale at current values; the common and trashy kinds slow. Not many heavy cattle here to-day and values were just about steady. The pens were well cleared this evening. The market closed fully steady on all desirable kinds of cattle.

Calves—The receipts of calves to-day were liberal, 152 head. As usual on Monday, there were plenty of common calves here, which were slow sale at low prices; good to choice veals were steady, with the bulk at $6@6.50.

Hogs—The receipts of hogs to-day were 7,253 head, against 3,994 last Monday, 4,350 a year ago and 3,519 two years ago. The market was slow in opening this morning; advices from other points were unfavorable and values generally 10c lower than Saturday's close; light shippers 15c lower; selected, 160 pounds and up, selling at $6.55; 120 to 160 pounds $6.50; 90 to 120-pound pigs $6.35; light pigs $6; roughs $6 down. The pens were fairly well cleared, but the closing tone of the market was rather slow.

Sheep and Lambs—The receipts of sheep and lambs to-day were 173 head, against 6 last Monday, 216 a year ago and 832 two years ago. The market ruled fully steady on good to choice fat sheep and good fat fall lambs; the common and trashy kinds continue dull at low prices. There is a limited demand for nice fat 40 to 50-pound spring lambs, but as yet there are not many wanted.

Quotations.

CATTLE.

Extra good export steers	$5 00@5 25
Light shipping steers	4 50@5 00
Choice butcher steers	4 50@5 00
Fair to good butcher steers	4 00@4 50
Common to medium butcher steers	3 25@4 00
Choice butcher heifers	4 00@4 50
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 50@4 00
Common to medium butcher heifers	3 00@3 50
Choice butcher cows	3 50@4 00
Fair to good butcher cows	3 00@3 50
Common to medium butcher cows	2 50@3 00
Canners	1 00@2 25
Choice feeders	4 50@4 75
Medium to good feeders	4 00@4 50
Common and rough feeders	3 25@3 75
Good to extra stock steers	4 00@4 50
Fair to good stock steers	3 50@4 00
Common to medium stock steers	3 00@3 50
Good to extra stock heifers	3 25@3 50
Common to medium stock heifers	2 75@3 25
Good to extra oxen	4 00@4 50
Common to medium oxen	3 00@4 00
Good to extra bulls	3 50@4 00
Fair to good bulls	2 25@3 25
Choice veal calves	6 00@6 50
Common to medium veal calves	4 50@5 50
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@4 00
Choice milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Plain, common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 55
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs	6 55
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs	6 50
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs	6 35
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs	6 00
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs	3 50@6 00
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to choice fat sheep	4 50@4 75
Fair to good sheep	3 00@3 50
Common sheep	2 00@3 00
Bucks	1 50@3 50
Choice shipping lambs	6 50@7 00
Choice butcher lambs	5 00@6 00
Culls and tail-ends	2 50@5 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, April 8.—Cattle—Receipts moderate. Market about steady on the desirable grades of butcher stuff, while common kinds were slow sale. Bulls and canners about steady. Stockers and feeders unchanged; good demand for the best grades. Shipping cattle lower. Milch cows unchanged.

Calves—Receipts liberal. Market steady, best calves selling at $6@6.50; coarse, heavy calves $3@5.

Hogs—Receipts moderate. Market 15@20c lower than Saturday's close. 160 lbs. and up selling at $6.55; 120 to 160 lbs. $6.50; 90 to 120 lbs. $6.30; light pigs and roughs $6. Market closed slow at decline.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. No quotable change in market; best lambs $6.50@7.50; sheep $4.50@5; good demand.

New York.

New York, April 8.—Beeves—Receipts 5,419; market slow; prime and choice heavy; steers steady; others 10c lower; bulls and cows steady; all sold; steers $4.65@6.30; bulls $3.50@4.60; cows $1.75@4.25; Liverpool and London cables quoted live cattle steady at 11½@13c, dressed weight; sheep and yearlings 14½@15¾c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef higher at 8¾@9c; shipments to-morrow 460 cattle and 4,000 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts 6,708; veals slow and $1@1.50 lower; about 300 unsold; veals $5@8; few tops exceeded quotations; dressed calves dull and lower; city-dressed veals 7@12c per lb.; country-dressed 6@10c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 5,657; sheep almost nominal, but full steady; lambs 25@35c higher; few ewes sold at $4.50@5.50; culls and bucks $3.50@4.10; unshorn lambs $7@9.25; clipped do $7.50@8. Hogs—Receipts 11,277; market steady at $5.15@7.30.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 8.—Cattle—Receipts 12,600, including 1,100 Southerns; market for steers steady to 10c lower; cows strong; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.25@6.40; fair to good $4.60@5.20; Western-fed steers $4.25@5.75; stockers and feeders $3.90@5; Southern steers $3.65@5.15; Southern cows $3@3.75; native cows $2.50@4.50; native heifers $3.75@5; bulls $3.25@4.25; calves $3.50@7. Hogs—Receipts 9,000; market 10@15c lower; top $6.50; bulk of sales at $6.45@6.47½; heavy $3.35@6.45; packers $6.40@6.50; pigs and lights $5.40@6.47½. Sheep—Receipts 12,000; market 10c higher; top lambs $8.20, highest price ever recorded; lambs $7.60@8.20; ewes and yearlings $5.60@8.20; Western-fed yearlings $6.50@7; Western-fed sheep $5@6; stockers and feeders $3.50@5.50.

Chicago.

Chicago, April 8.—Cattle—Receipts about 30,000; market mostly 10c lower; plain to best steers $4.40@6.70; heifers $2.75@5.25; cows $3.50@5; stockers and feeders $2.50@5.10; bulls $3.30@4.40; calves $2.50@7. Hogs—Receipts about 54,000; market 15@20c lower; choice heavy shipping $6.60@6.65; light butchers $6.60@6.65; light mixed $6.55@6.57½; choice light $6.55@6.60; packing $6.50@6.57½; pigs $5.75@6.50. Sheep—Receipts about 20,000; market strong to 10c higher at $4.50@6.65; yearlings $5.25@7.30; ewes $5@6.50.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 8.—Hogs—Market lower; butchers and shippers $6.65; common $6.35@6.40. Cattle—Market steady; fair to good shippers $4.40@5.40; common $2.25@3. Sheep—Market strong at $3@6. Lambs—Market steady at $5@8.25.

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, April 8.—The cotton market was quiet to-day, sales being estimated at only 75,000 bales, and fluctuations were narrow. The general tone seemed to be steady in the absence of important offerings, however, and the market closed steady, net unchanged to 2 points higher. The opening was steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 3 points and the active months generally sold about 3 or 4 points lower immediately after the call under scattering liquidation and bearish pressure, encouraged by lower cables than expected, reports of favorable rains in the eastern and central belt and claims of a less active spot demand. At the decline there was some covering and what seemed to be bull support, and with offerings light the market rallied, the advance being helped by the firmness of May at New Orleans, where that position advanced 10 points above the closing figures of last week. After selling some 4 points net higher the market turned irregular, closing a shade off from the best on the active months. There were some further complaints of dry weather from the Southwest, and a Memphis wire reported that the only spot demand was from Southern mills. Receipts were about even with last year's and a light estimate for Houston and New Orleans was followed by heavier figures from Galveston. Southern spot markets were unchanged to 1-16c lower.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 17,000 bales, against 13,085 last week and 17,084 last year; for the week 90,000 bales, against 110,127 last week and 115,676 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 2,901 bales, against 5,852 last year, and at Houston 4,284 bales, against 2,748 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 11c; do gulf 11.25c. Closed quiet and unchanged; sales 200 bales.

Futures closed steady. The price range was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
April	....	....	....	9.37
May	9.50	9.56	9.49	9.54
June	....	....	....	9.58
July	9.60	9.66	9.58	9.63
August	9.61	9.67	9.61	9.64
September	9.65	9.65	9.63	9.66
October	9.85	9.90	9.84	9.87
November	....	....	....	9.90
December	9.93	9.94	9.92	9.90
January	10.07	10.12	10.07	10.11
February	....	....	....	10.15

New Orleans, April 8.—Spot cotton closed quiet and steady, with prices unchanged. Sales were 700 bales on the spot and 500 to arrive. Quotations: Low ordinary 5 13-16c, nominal; ordinary 6 12-16c, nominal; good ordinary 8¼c; low middling 9 5-16c; middling 10 9-16c; good middling 11 7-16c; middling fair 12 7-16c, nominal; fair 13 1-16c, nominal. Receipts 2,901 bales; stock 239,902.

In sympathy with unfavorable reports from Liverpool futures opened from 4@6 points below the close Saturday. Weather reports, the most vital of which was the forecast of frost for Northeast Texas, Oklahoma, Indiana Territory and Northwestern Arkansas, caused an effort of shorts to purchase the early months, with the result that May sold up as high as 10.41c, while July reached 10.37c. Estimated receipts for Galveston after the noon hour caused a drop in the market, which closed quiet, prices ranging from 1 point above to 2 points below the close of Saturday. Prices ranged as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
January	10.23	10.32	10.23	10.26
April	10.25	10.33	10.24	10.26
May	10.25	10.41	10.25	10.32
June	10.27	10.36	10.26	10.30
July	10.29	10.37	10.27	10.32
August	10.25	10.30	10.25	10.27
September	....	10.24	10.20	10.22
October	10.16	10.23	10.16	10.18
November	....	10.21	10.18	10.18
December	10.18	10.24	10.18	10.19

Liverpool, April 8.—Good business done in spot cotton; prices unchanged; American middling fair 6.91d; good middling 6.45d; middling 6.03d; low middling 5.71d; good ordinary 5.11d; ordinary 4.73d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 9,400 American; receipts none. Futures opened quiet and steady and closed quiet.

Savannah, April 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10¼c; net and gross receipts 1,247 bales; sales 266; stock 73,422; shipments coastwise 517.

Memphis, April 8.—Cotton steady; middling 10⅝c; net receipts 1,922 bales; gross 3,142; shipments 3,270; sales 1,450; stock 152,923.

Galveston, April 8.—Cotton firm; middling 10 13-16c; net and gross receipts 5,899 bales; stock 246,970; shipments coastwise 2,067.

St. Louis, April 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 10⅝c; net receipts 625 bales; gross 2,216; shipments 2,190; sales 161; stock 41,133.

Boston, April 8.—Cotton quiet; middling 11c; net receipts 398 bales; gross 1,381.

COTTON COMMENT.

At present we advise selling on any good bulge for a few points and look for a dull, narrow market for several days.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

Leading interests are bullish, although not inclined to be aggressive until something adversely affects the new crop.—(Dick.

Speculation continues dull and it looks as though prices can be easily depressed.—(Hubbard Bros. to E. E. Paine & Co.

We see nothing to this market at the present time. If prices rally cotton is a sale on the strong spots.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

The moment the outlook begins to look doubtful for the new crop we will find eager buyers, hence crop developments from day to day will have an unusually important bearing upon prices.—(Edward Moyse & Co.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, April 8.—Wheat prices on the local exchange advanced more than 1c per bushel to-day because of the continued absence of rain in Kansas and Nebraska. At the close wheat for May delivery was up 1c. Corn was up ¼@⅜c. Oats were ¼c higher. Provisions were unchanged to 15c lower.

Although heavy showers were reported as having fallen yesterday in Missouri, Illinois and the Ohio valley no rain worth mentioning was reported in Kansas or Nebraska, and the official forecast was for clear weather in those States for the next twenty-four hours. The absence of the rain caused an urgent demand, which continued all day. Heavy snows in the Northwest, which are expected to interfere with seeding, gave additional strength to the market. The most bearish feature of the news of the day was the statement of an increase of 2,451,000 bushels in the visible supply, compared with a decrease of 146,000 in the corresponding week of last year. This liberal increase in available stocks had little apparent effect on local traders, who were influenced almost entirely by drouth and "green bug" reports, the number of the latter showing a considerable increase. Throughout the day the offerings came mainly from longs. The market closed firm, with prices near the highest point. May opened ⅛@⅜c higher at 76½@76⅝c, advanced to 77⅛c and closed at 77⅛c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 519,300 bushels. The amount on passage decreased 700,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 969,000 bushels, compared with 432,000 for the same day last year. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 728 cars, against 746 last week and 345 one year ago.

Small local receipts and the strength of wheat caused firmness in the corn market. Trading, however, was in small volume. Commission house and pit traders were the principal bidders, while the selling was scattered. The close was firm. May opened ⅛@¼c higher at 46⅛@46¼c, advanced to 46½c and closed at 46¼@46⅜c. Local receipts were 270 cars, with 4 of contract grade.

Reports of serious damage by the "green bug" to the crop in Oklahoma caused bullish sentiment in the oats pit. The strength of wheat also increased the bullish feeling. The July and September deliveries were in active demand, but the May delivery was somewhat neglected. Shorts and commission houses were the leading buyers. May opened unchanged to ⅛@¼c higher at 42⅝c to 42¾@42⅞c, advanced to 43⅛c and closed at 42⅞c. Local receipts were 160 cars.

Provisions were weakened by a 15c decline in the price of live hogs, which was due to unusually heavy receipts. Trading was quiet, with commission houses doing the greater part of the selling. Shorts and local packers took the offerings. At the close May pork was unchanged at $15.85, lard was down 15c at $8.62½ and ribs were 10@12½c lower at $8.40@8.42½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow: Wheat 23 cars; corn 443; oats 236; hogs 18,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Clos-ing.
*WHEAT—				
May	$0 76½	$0 77⅛	$0 76½	$0 77⅛
July	78½	79⅛	78½	79⅛
Sept	79⅝	80⅜	79⅝	80⅜
Dec	81⅝	82⅜	81⅝	82⅜
*CORN—				
May	46⅛	46½	46⅛	46⅜
July	46⅝	46⅞	46⅝	46½
Sept	46⅞	47⅜	46⅞	47⅛
*OATS—				
May	42⅝	43⅛	42⅝	42⅞
July	37¾	38¼	37¾	38
Sept	33⅝	34⅛	33⅝	34
PORK—				
May	15 75	15 85	15 75	15 85
July	15 85	15 97½	15 85	15 92½
LARD—				
May	8 65	8 70	8 62½	8 62½
July	8 77½	8 80	8 75	8 75
Sept	8 87½	8 90	8 85	8 87½
RIBS—				
May	8 42½	8 47½	8 40	8 42½
July	8 57½	8 62½	8 57½	8 60
Sept	8 70	8 70	8 67½	8 70

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $3.10@3.40; straights $2.90@3.25; spring patents $3.40@3.50; straights $3@3.30; bakers' $2@2.80. Market steady.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 80@83c; No. 3 do 74@82c; No. 2 red 75¼@76½c; No. 2 corn 45¾c; No. 2 yellow do 46c; No. 2 oats 42½c; No. 2 white do 43¼@43½c; No. 3 white do 40½@42¾c; No. 2 rye 66c; fair to choice malting barley 64@69c; No. 1 flax seed $1.11; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.18; prime timothy seed $4.30; clover, contract grades $15.35.

Provisions—Short ribs sides, loose $8.25@8.35; mess pork $15.87½@16 per bbl.; lard $8.55 per 100 lbs.; short clear sides, boxed $8.75@9.

Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.29.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was steady; creameries 22@29½c; dairies 20@27c. Eggs firm; at mark, cases included, 15c; firsts 15c; prime firsts 15½c. Cheese steady at 13@15c.

Receipts—Flour 36,000 bbls.; wheat 19,000 bu.; corn 326,400; oats 229,000; rye 4,000; barley 76,500. Shipments—Flour 21,500 bbls.; wheat 211,500 bu.; corn 502,800; oats 253,900; rye 5,000; barley 26,700.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, April 8.—Butter steady; street price, extra creamery 30@31c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 22@30c; held, common to extra 21@30c; State dairy, common to finest 21@29c; renovated, common to extra 16@25c; Western factory, common to finest 19@21½c; Western imitation creamery, extra 26@27c; firsts 23@24c. Cheese firm; State full cream, colored and white, small September fancy 15c; do October best 14@14½c; do good to prime 13@13½c; do winter made, average best 12½c; do large September fancy 15c; do October best 14@14½c; do good to prime 12¾@13¼c; do inferior 11@12c; skims 2@11½c. Eggs firm; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 19c; do choice 18½c; do brown and mixed extra 18½c; firsts to extra firsts 17@18c; Western firsts 16½@17c; official price firsts 16¾@16⅞c; seconds 15½@16c; Southerns 14@16½c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugals, 96 test, 3⅝c; molasses sugar 2⅞c; refined steady; crushed 5.40c; powdered 4.80c; granulated 4.70c.

Flour—Receipts 22,418 bbls.; exports 22,200; market steady to firm, with a quiet trade. Rye flour and cornmeal steady.

Wheat—Receipts 210,000 bu.; exports 23,237. Spot market firm; No. 2 red 83c in elevator and 84c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth 90c, opening navigation f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter 87⅝c opening navigation f. o. b. afloat. A very strong advance took place in wheat to-day, influenced by some of the worst crop and weather news yet forwarded from the Southwest. Besides heavy covering by Saturday's shorts there was active outside support on the idea that the Southwest crop had been damaged beyond repair. Last prices of the day represented ⅞c net advance; May 85 3-16@86⅛c, closed 86c; July 86¼@86⅝c, closed 86⅝c; September 86 11-16@87c, closed 87c.

Corn—Receipts 185,975 bu.; exports 325,138. Spot market firm; No. 2 56⅝c in elevator and 52⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 white 55½c and No. 2 yellow 52⅝c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was without transactions, closing ⅛@¼c net higher; May closed 54⅝c; July closed 54⅛c.

Oats—Receipts 87,000 bu. Spot market firm; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs., 41c; natural white, 30@33 lbs., 47½@49½c; clipped white, 36@40 lbs., 48½@53c.

Hay steady. Hops, hides and leather quiet. Wool and beef steady. Cut meats dull. Lard easy; Western prime $8.80@8.90; refined easy; continent $9.40; South American $10.25; compound $8.37½@8.62½. Pork barely steady. Tallow, cotton-seed oil and petroleum steady. Rosin firm; strained, common to good $4.55@4.60. Turpentine steady at 72½@73c. Rice steady. Molasses quiet.

Metals.—There was an advance of £1 10s in the London tin market, with spot quoted at £184 16s and futures at £182 10s. Locally the market was quiet, with spot quoted at $40.25@40.37½. Copper was higher in London, with spot quoted at £98 2s 6d and futures at £98 7s 6d. The local market was dull and nominal, with lake quoted at $24.50@25, electrolytic at $24@24.50 and casting at $23@23.50. Lead was higher at £19 11s 3d in London, but was a shade lower locally at $6@6.10. Spelter was lower at $6.75@6.80 in the local market, but advanced 2s 6d to £25 17s 6d in London. Iron was higher in the English market, with standard foundry quoted at 53s 7d and Cleveland warrants at 54s 7½d. Locally the market was unchanged. No. 1 foundry Northern is quoted at $25.25@26.25, No. 2 foundry Northern at $24.50@25.75, No. 1 foundry Southern at $26@26.50 and No. 2 foundry Southern at $25@26.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 8.—Wheat higher; on track: No. 2 red cash 76@77c; No. 2 hard 73@74½c; May 75⅝@75¾c; July 78c. Corn higher; on track: No. 2 cash 44c; No. 2 white 44@44½c; May 43⅝c; July 45¼c. Oats higher; on track: No. 2 cash 41½@42c; No. 2 white 43½c; May 40½c; July 36⅞c. Lead quiet at $5.95. Spelter quiet at $6.70. Poultry quiet; chickens 11½c; springs 15c; turkeys 12@13c; ducks 12c; geese 7c. Butter steady; creamery 22@31½c; dairy 21@26c. Eggs firm at 14c, case count. Flour steady; red winter patents $3.60@3.80; extra fancy and straight $3.20@3.40; clear $2.65@2.85. Timothy seed steady at $3@4. Cornmeal steady at $2.40. Bran dull; sacked on east track 93@94c. Hay steady; timothy $15@19; prairie $10@13. Whisky steady at $1.33. Iron cotton ties $1.10. Bagging 10⅝c. Hemp twine 10c. Pork steady; jobbing $16.37½. Lard lower; prime steam $8.30@8.40. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts $9.62½; clear ribs $9.75; short clear $9.87½. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts $10.50; clear ribs $10.62½; short clears $10.75. Receipts—Flour 16,000 bbls.; wheat 44,000 bu.; corn 156,000; oats 132,000. Shipments—Flour 12,000 bbls.; wheat 30,000 bu.; corn 132,000; oats 96,000.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, April 8.—Hog products—Mess pork $18. Lard—Compound 8½c; pure 10c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8¾@8⅞c; short rib sides 9½c. Bacon—Short rib sides 10½c. Hams—Skinned 16c. Rice steady; Honduras head 4¼@6c; straights 3¼@4c; screenings 1¼@2¼c; No. 2 1 13-16c; Japan head 3@3⅝c; screenings 1¼@2¼c. Flour—Extra fancy $3.75@4; patent $4.10@4.50. Cornmeal $2.60@2.65. Bran $1.15. Hay—No. 1 $22.50@23; No. 2 $21@22; choice $23.50@24. Corn—No. 2 sacked white 58c; mixed 57c; yellow 58c. Oats—No. 2 sacked white 50½c; mixed 50c. Sugar steady; open kettle centrifugal 3⅛@3¼c; centrifugal whites 4 3-16@4¼c; centrifugal yellow 3⅝@4⅛c; seconds 2⅜@3⅜c. Molasses quiet; new syrup 30@34c. Coffee steady; invoices, Rio: No. 8 6⅞c; No. 7 7⅛c; No. 6 7⅜c; No. 4 8c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, April 8.—Wheat—May 70c; July 72½c; September 73⅝c; cash: No. 2 hard 70@73c; No. 2 red 74@74½c. Corn—May 40⅛c; July 41⅝c; September 42⅛c; cash: No. 2 mixed 39½c; No. 2 white 41c. Oats—No. 2 white 42c; No. 2 mixed 41@41½c. Butter—Creamery 23@29c; packing 18c. Eggs higher; firsts 15c. Hay steady; choice timothy $14.50@15; choice prairie $10.75@11.50. Rye steady at 60@63c. Receipts—Wheat 42,000 bu.; corn 108,000; oats 20,000. Shipments—Wheat 68,000 bu.; corn 44,600; oats 13,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, April 8.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.29. Butter firm. Eggs steady at 14½@15c. Poultry steady; springers 11½@14c; hens 12½c; turkeys 7@14c. Flour dull. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 78½@79c. Corn active; No. 2 mixed 48@48½c. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed 44@44½c. Rye—No. 2 73@73½c. Lard steady at $8.60@8.65. Bulk meats easy at $9. Bacon easy at $10.25. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, April 8.—Wheat—May 79@79⅛c; July 81⅛c; No. 1 hard 82@82⅛c; No. 1 Northern 81@81⅛c; No. 2 Northern 79@79⅛c. Flour—First patents $4.15@4.25; second patents $4@4.10; first clears $3.20@3.50; second clears $2.40@2.50. Bran in bulk $16.50@16.75.

Duluth.

Duluth, April 8.—Wheat—On track: No. 1 Northern 81⅛c; No. 2 Northern 79⅛c; May 80½c; July 81⅛c; September 81c. Flax—On track $1.16½; May $1.16⅝; June $1.17; July $1.18; October $1.18⅛. Oats—To arrive 40c; on track 40½c; April 40c.

Toledo.

Toledo, April 8.—Clover-seed—Cash $9.25; April $8.70; October $6.90; alsike $7.45; timothy $2.15.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, April 8.—Barley steady; No. 2 72c; sample 59@71c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, April 8.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points in response to lower European cables, but rallied on buying of the near months by prominent trade interests. The close was steady, net unchanged to 10 points higher. Sales were reported of 20,000 bags, including May at 5.75@5.80c, July at 5.70c, September at 5.55@5.60c, December at 5.60c and March at 5.65c.

Spot coffee quiet; No. 7 Rio 7c; No. 4 Santos 8c; mild quiet; Cordova 9@12½c.

Clarksville Tobacco Market.

Clarksville, Tenn., April 8.—The receipts in the local tobacco market in March were 1,509 hogsheads; sales 241; shipments 969; total stocks April 1 3,893, of which buyers held 162 and sellers 3,731. The large Grange warehouse is not included in the above report.

The receipts the past week were 355 hogsheads; sales 45, on a strong market. The warehouses open sparingly until the full European orders come crowding in. The loose market continues active at stiff prices. Reports are coming in from the country of great destruction of plantbeds by the tobacco flea. The following prices are quoted for tobacco in the hogshead:

Low lugs	$5 50@5 75
Common lugs	5 75@6 00
Medium lugs	6 25@6 50
Good lugs	6 75@7 25
Low leaf	7 25@7 75
Common leaf	8 00@8 50
Medium leaf	8 75@10 00
Good leaf	10 50@12 00
Fine leaf	13 00@14 00
Selections	14 50@15 50

The following prices are quoted from the loose floor:

Trash lugs	$5 00@5 25
Common lugs	5 50@5 75
Medium lugs	6 25@6 50
Good lugs	7 25@8 00
Low leaf	7 00@7 25
Common leaf	8 00@8 25
Medium leaf	9 50@10 50
Good leaf	11 00@12 00

No fine leaf or selections offered.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, April 8.—Credit balances $1.78; runs 247,160 bbls., average 137,778; shipments 293,508, average 166,542.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, April 8.—Spirits of turpentine firm; 67½c bid. Rosin firm; A, B and C $4.30; D $4.35; E $4.37½; F $4.40; G $4.42½; H $4.62½; I $4.75; K $5.20; M $5.25; N $5.40; window glass $5.60; water white $5.65.

Wilmington, April 8.—Spirits of turpentine and rosin, nothing doing. Tar firm at $2.30. Crude turpentine firm; $3.50, $5 and $5.25 bid.

Charleston, April 8.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

Elgin Butter.

Elgin, April 8.—Butter firm to-day at 30c. Output for the week 557,400 pounds.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, April 8.—The dry goods market was more active in the primary division to-day. Many jobbers are operating for fall delivery of sheetings, prints and domestics. All American goods are at value. White goods are selling for the spring of 1908. There is also some operating on fancy lines of woven cottons at materially higher prices. Raw silk is advancing. Dress goods are quiet and some houses are turning their attention to the development of spring lines. The jobbing and retail trade was quiet, owing to a cold storm.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, April 8.—The visible supply of grain Saturday, April 6, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat 49,659,000 bu., increase 2,452,000; corn 11,995,000 bu., increase 18,000; oats 9,218,000 bu., decrease 178,000; rye 1,353,000 bu., decrease 88,000; barley 2,417,000 bu., increase 68,000.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, April 8.—Wool steady; medium grades, combing and clothing 23@27c; light fine 20@22c; heavy fine 16@18c; tub-washed 30@37c.

Liverpool Grain.

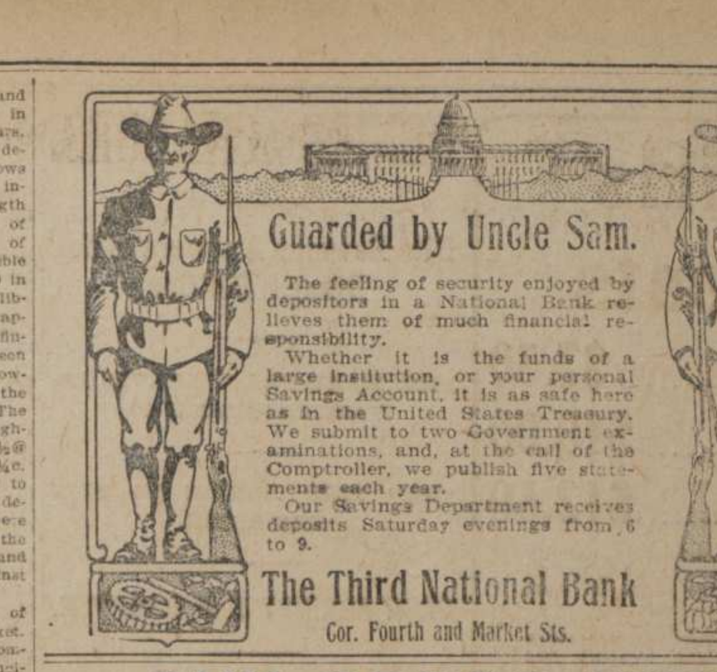
Liverpool, April 8.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red Western winter 6s 2½d; No. 1 California 6s 5d; futures quiet; May 6s 6½d; July 6s 2⅝d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, new steady at 4s 2¼d; do old firm at 4s 9d; futures quiet; May 4s 5¼d; July 4s 5⅛d; September 4s 5d. Hops in London (Pacific coast) quiet at £2 10s@£3 10s.

WILL SPEND THEIR LIVES IN PENITENTIARY.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 8.—The sentences of death imposed on Mrs. Aggie Myers, of Kansas City, and Frank Hottman, of Higginsville, Mo., who were convicted of having murdered the woman's husband, Clarence Myers, in 1904, were to-day commuted by Gov. Folk to imprisonment for life. They will at once be brought to the State penitentiary here. Mrs. Myers is confined in the Clay-county jail, at Liberty, and Hottman is confined in the Kansas City jail.

BOY DRAGGED BY HORSE AND FATALLY INJURED.

Vevay, Ind., April 8.—[Special.]—Savie Phillips, the ten-year-old son of Mrs. Grace Phillips, of East Enterprise, while watering a horse, which he was holding with a halter, was dragged twice around the barn, and when found was in an unconscious condition. Physicians were summoned, and it was found that the little fellow's skull had been fractured and that he had received numerous injuries, any of which will prove fatal. The lad is still unconscious.



BUY BONDS NOW.
Believing the turn has been reached in the Bond market, I recommend the purchase of first-class Bonds. I will furnish on application a list of Bonds yielding from 5 to 7 per cent., which I think will show a large profit in a few months.
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By Ordinance of the City Council
We have for sale a few Louisville Water Co. 4 per cent. bonds at 100½ and interest. A large block of these bonds has been sold and all bonds are advancing in price. We recommend to buy now.
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225 FIFTH STREET.

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$10 and $12 Coats for..... $7.50

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$18 Coats for $12.50

Handsome goods in novelty and plain patterns; ¾ or full length; sizes 30 to 36 bust measure.

Dressy and stylish; necessary in raw spring weather and useful at all times. "Big bargains" at our close-out prices.

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Members Retail Merchants' Assn. Railroad Fares Refunded to out-of-town purchasers all this week.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

TUESDAY.....APRIL 9, 1907

JAIL SENTENCE.

Peter Bitzer Began Serving His Yesterday.

FINES ALSO ASSESSED AGAINST HIMSELF AND SON.

FOLLOW PLEAS OF GUILTY TO ILLICIT DISTILLING.

FATHER NOW A BANKRUPT.

The fining of Peter Bitzer $700 and the imposing of a jail sentence of eight months upon him and the fining of his son, Clarence Bitzer, $300 by Judge Walter Evans in the United States Court yesterday morning is the final judgment resulting from the seizure of the Cane Run vinegar works, near Pleasure Ridge Park, last June. This act of the court was the result of Peter Bitzer and his son entering pleas of guilty before the court to the charge of operating an illicit distillery. Peter Bitzer began the serving of his jail sentence yesterday. As he is a bankrupt, it is likely that he will take the insolvent debtor's oath and never pay the fine of $700. Clarence Bitzer said that he would pay his fine into court this morning, which will give him his freedom.

* * *

Father and Son Plead Guilty.

Both Peter Bitzer and his son, Clarence, entered pleas of guilty some time ago, but Judge Evans stayed the passing of sentence at the request of their attorney, in the hope that a compromise might be effected with the government officials at Washington. Clarence Bitzer was only fined on the indictment count, charging him with working in an illicit distillery. The charge against him of being in complicity with the operation of the illicit distillery was dismissed. ePter Bitzer was fined on three counts, as follows: On the charge of selling whisky without paying the government tax, $100 and thirty days in jail; on the charge of operating an illicit distillery, $500 and eight months in jail; on the charge of having material in his possession for operating an illicit distillery, $100.

The court ordered that the two jail sentences be served concurrently, which puts the sentence at eight months. By good behavior a month will be taken off the sentence, making seven months. As Peter Bitzer is now in bankruptcy it is said to be likely that he will serve thirty days additional and then take the insolvent debtor's oath, thereby securing relief from paying the fine of $700. Two weeks ago W. F. Kammerer, who was charged with working in the same illicit distillery as the distiller was fined $100.

* * *

Soon Became Bankrupt.

The sizure of the Cane Run vinegar works last June by government officials resulted in the confiscation of several thousand dollars' worth of property by the government, aside from throwing Peter Bitzer into bankruptcy. He was heavily indebted to several banks, which indebtedness was secured by mortgages, soon after closed. About forty barrels of spirits ranging in proof from 98 to 110 were seized in different places of storage, branded as vinegar made at the Cane Run vinegar works. Some of this was sold, while twenty or more barrels are now stored at the Customhouse in possession of Collector J. A. Craft.

The Cane Run vinegar works was supposed to make distilled vinegar, which is 20 or 30 proof. The novel feature of the operation of the plant was that spirits of the proof of whisky was made without the use of a worm. This proof was attained in the vat or kettle. This was what fooled the government officials so long. The plant was under the management of Clarence Bitzer, although owned by Peter Bitzer. The plant near Pleasure Ridge Park was sold at auction by the government to Lawrence Schang, who paid something like $800 for it.

COMMITTEE IN FAVOR OF DOUBLE GAS METER SYSTEM.

Will Recommend Ordinance To Council At Its Next Meeting—Object To Insure Accuracy.

The Gas and Water Committee of the lower board of the General Council, at a meeting held yesterday at the City Hall, decided to report favorably the ordinance providing for a double gas meter system. Provided the ordinance passes both boards of the General Council, the gas companies affected will be given ninety days in which to comply. Numerous complaints of inaccuracy in meters on the part of gas consumers caused the ordinance to be drawn.

A meeting of the Finance Committee of the lower board will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon, at which time the ordinance providing pay for future members of the General Council will be considered.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon a joint meeting of the Finance and Revision Committees will be held in the Aldermen's chamber for the purpose of hearing complaints from those opposed to the annexation of Oakdale.

$2.00 INDIANAPOLIS & RETURN PENNSYLVANIA LINES.

Sunday, April 14, special train leaves Fourteenth and Main 8 a. m.

Increase In Salary.

Baron D. Johnston, running as a railway mail clerk on the Illinois Central railroad between Louisville and Fulton, has been promoted from class 2 to class 3, which puts him on the pay roll at $1,000 a year.

DENIES CHARGES.

Hite Bowman Answers Wife's Divorce Petition.

MRS. MARY PRATT LEAVES ESTATE TO RELATIVES.

"DR." TAFF AGREES TO QUIT THE STATE.

CASE AGAINST HIM DROPPED.

Hite Bowman, who was sued by Blanche B. Bowman for divorce and alimony some time ago on the charges of abandonment, cruelty and failure to support, has filed an answer to the plaintiff's action in which he denies all her allegations. It was alleged in the divorce petition that the cruelty consisted of his attentions to and wrongful conduct with Marion Bowman, wife of Stanley Bowman, the defendant's nephew.

In his answer Mr. Bowman denies this charge absolutely. He also denies that he abandoned his wife and charges that she abandoned him. He states that it is not so that he has property worth $2,000 or that he earns $4,000 a year as his wife had averred. He says that he is not able to pay her $150 a month alimony, the amount she asks nor is he able to pay her $50 a month for the maintenance and education of their son, Clifford Bowman. He declares that he is unable to pay any considerable portion of the amounts sought. He denies that his wife is the proper person to take care of their son. However, in his prayer for a dismissal of the petition, he does not ask for the child's custody.

Shortly after Mrs. Bowman brought the suit for divorce Mrs. Marion Bowman sued her for $10,000 for alleged slander.

Case Against Taff Dropped.

By agreeing to quit the further practice of medicine here and to leave the State "Dr." J. A. Taff, against whom the charge of false swearing was pending in the Criminal Court yesterday escaped further prosecution. Taff conducted the so-called "locomotor ataxia works" on Third avenue and some time ago proceedings were instituted against him in the Police Court for practicing medicine without a license. The State Board of Health was behind the movement. He was fined $50 in the Police Court and took an appeal. Later, however, he decided not to fight the case further and mailed a check here in satisfaction of his fine from Evansville, where he had gone after his trial.

In the course of his testimony at that trial he swore that he was a graduate of Columbia University at Washington, which was made the basis of an indictment for false swearing. In moving to file his case away J. M. Huffaker, Commonwealth's Attorney, stated to the court that he did so with the consent of the State Board of Health. He said that he had also learned that the defendant had been a student at Columbia University in Washington for three years, but had not been graduated there.

No Cause For Indictment.

When the case of L. G. Smith, charged in two indictments with obtaining the signature of another to a writing by false pretenses was called in the Criminal Court, J. M. Huffaker, Commonwealth's Attorney stated that he moved for a dismissal because he had learned since the true bill was returned it was the result of a misapprehension of facts. Smith was charged with having falsely represented himself as a solicitor for the Switchman's Union of North America and with having wrongfully collected funds for the sick benefit fund of that body. Among others he was said to have gotten $10 from A. Brandeis & Sons and $25 from the Bourbon Stockyard Company. "I was informed at the outset," said Mr. Huffaker, "that there was no such labor union as the Switchman's Union of North America. I now find out that I am mistaken. I have also learned that Smith was its regularly authorized agent and that he accounted for every cent of money he collected. The indictment was secured at the instance of some rival labor organizations." Charles Peetz was a witness against Smith.

Estate Goes To Children.

By her will, dated October 31, 1901, and tendered for probate yesterday, Mary E. Pratt divided her estate equally among her children and grandchildren. One share goes to each of her children, Laura P. Doll, William D. Pratt, Mary B. Pratt and Ryland D. Pratt and one share to be divided between William Pratt Dale and Julian K. Dale, grandchildren, children of Lizzie Pratt Dale, now dead. The various shares are subject to the following charges: Laura P. Doll, $4,575; William D. Pratt, $8,110; Mary B. Pratt, $5,200; Ryland D. Pratt, $4,198 and William Pratt Dale and Julian K. Pratt $1,770 jointly. Mary E. Pratt is made executrix without bond.

Recover On Compromise Notes.

A jury found for the plaintiff for the full amount in Judge O'Dougherty's court in the case of the Talk-O-Phone Company against C. A. Ray for $2,219. The suit was on two notes for that amount which the plaintiff alleged had been given by the defendant in compromise of notes amounting to $8,500. The defendant charged that the notes were given without consideration and were "kites."

Report of Grand Jury.

The grand jury returned the following indictments yesterday and adjourned until this morning:

Malicious Cutting—Charles House, alias Bingham.

Walter Green, charged with obtaining money by false pretenses; John Binkle, charged with malicious striking, and Mamie Mullen, charged with keeping a disorderly house, were dismissed.

Court Paragraphs.

—Louenberg & Co. sued John Lawson for $55 on a chattel mortgage.

—S. E. Dupin sued Amy Dupin for divorce, charging cruelty. They were married October 23, 1903.

—Anna G. Monroe sued John Monroe for divorce, charging cruelty. They were married October 24, 1903.

—Eugene Berry sued Mamie Berry for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married December 8, 1898.

—Ed Broadus and Charles Clark pleaded guilty to the charge of petit larceny and were sent to jail for six months.

—Thomas B. Montgomery sued Charlotte Montgomery for divorce, alleging five years separation. They were married in 1892.

—Emma McKitrict sued Benjamin McKitrict for divorce, alleging five years' separation. They were married July 24, 1884.

—An appraisement of the estate of M. E. Pearson, filed in the County Court yesterday, places the value of the property at $2,41L76.

—Oscar Hauenstein sued the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company and the Illinois Central for $470 for damages done goods in shipment.

—In the case of Anna M. Burgess against the estate of Lydia J. Robertson for $75 for services to the decedent as a nurse a jury in Judge Field's court awarded the plaintiff $50.

—Prince Livingston, seventeen years of age, pleaded guilty to the charge of housebreaking, and was sent to the School of Reform at Lexington until he becomes twenty-one years of age.

—George Weston and Charles Gallian, both less than eighteen years of age, pleaded guilty to the charge of robbery and were sent to the School of Reform at Lexington until they become twenty-one years of age.

—In the case of Herman Henekamp against Jacob Spelker for $5,000 as damages upon the allegation that the defendant accused him of having made two attempts to burn a house down, a jury in Judge Gordon's court found for the defendant.

—In the suit for damages of $1,000 brought by Annie H. Harlan against the city, which was called for trial yesterday, Judge Gordon entered a fine of $5 against Mitchell Allen, a witness who had failed to appear, and directed that he be required to give a bond of $100 to compel his appearance this morning.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., April 8.—[Special.]—Present, whole court sitting.

Crawford, administrator, vs. Travelers' Insurance Company, Nelson; appellee given until April 30 to file petition for rehearing.

Campbell vs. Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company, Perry; map filed; order made part of record.

Hays, etc., vs. Johnson's administrator; appellant Hays filed petition for rehearing and modification.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company vs. MMason, Hoge & Co.; motion by parties for oral argument; motion submitted.

Haggan vs. Montague, Fayette; appellee granted a cross-appeal; motion by appellee to dismiss; appellee filed verified answer and plea in bar; motion submitted.

Beckner vs. Commonwealth, Clark; appellee filed brief.

Boreing vs. Wilson, Bell; appellee filed printed supplemental brief, appellant given until April 10 to file printed brief.

Continental Fire Insurance Company vs. Stuntson, Graves; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Preston vs. Preston, Fayette; appellees Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky and the Illinois Life Insurance Company moved to dismiss the appeal in so far as they are concerned; filed brief on the motion; motion passed.

South Covington and Cincinnati Street Railway Company vs. Cleveland; appellant given until May 1 to file petition for rehearing.

Patterson vs. Knapp; notice and motion by appellant to set aside order of dismissal and reinstate case of the docket, motion submitted.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. International Machine Company; notice and motion and statement by appellee for an oral argument, objections by the appellant, motion submitted.

White vs. Commonwealth, Boyd; motion by appellant for an oral argument.

Walston vs. Commonwealth, Simpson; motion by appellee to dismiss, motion by appellant for oral argument; motion submitted.

Scholl vs. Bell, Jefferson; motion by appellant for subpoena duces tecum; objections by W. L. Weller, Clerk of the Jefferson Circuit Court, brief of the Clerk filed on motion. Subpoena duces tecum awarded; motion by W. L. Weller to require appellant to pay the statutory fees for copying record, motion submitted. Agreement filed as to certain parts of the Columbia Finance and Trust Company directed to transmit certain boxes (order by the court), objections to said order by appellee, case set for argument 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of April, in all twelve hours allowed for argument.

Atley vs. Knox Gem Coal Company, etc.; Knox; appellant filed affidavit of J. H. Wilson and motion for time until April 25 to file transcript; motion submitted.

Kentucky and Indiana Bridge and Railroad Company vs. Buckler; appellee filed affidavits of A. T. Burgevin and Lewis Meriwether and tendered and offered to file additional transcript and motion for 10 per cent. damages on affirmance; appellant objected, motion submitted with seven days' leave to parties to file brief on the motion.

Amer. Gild vs. Wyatt, Graves; affidavit of R. N. Stanfield filed and motion by appellant for an extension of time to file petition for rehearing.

Harmon vs. Stewart; motion by appellant to set aside order of submission and continue and submitted.

Commonwealth cases Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13, 15, 28, 71, 76 submitted.

Cases 6, 9, 10, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 27 to 70, 72 to 75 passed.

Cases 21, 22 and 23 consolidated on motion of the appellee.

Farmers and Shippers' Leaf Tobacco Warehouse Company vs. Purdy, etc.; Pendleton, Cahill vs. Mullins, etc.; Pendleton. Appellees' briefs filed in office and noted of record.

Bemiss vs. Robertson, etc.; Warren. Appellant's petition for rehearing filed in office and noted of record.

Brashears, etc., vs. Frazier, etc.; Letcher. Appellant filed petition for rehearing; given fifteen days to withdraw and print same.

French vs. Commonwealth; Clark. Appellee's response to petition for rehearing filed in office and noted of record.

Potter, etc., vs. Potter's Receiver, etc.; Clay. Appellant's supplemental reply brief filed in office and noted of record.

Preston, etc., vs. Preston, etc.; Fayette. C. B. Schoolfield, warning order attorney, filed his several reports in office, noted of record.

Kincheloe vs. Smith; Ohio. Appellant filed brief; agreement filed and appellee given thirty days to file brief.

Klaszener vs. Robinson; Boone. Appellant filed printed copies of petition for extension of opinion.

Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad Company, etc., vs. McCabe's Admx.; Mason. Appellee filed reply in petition for rehearing.

Edmonds' Exor. vs. Edmonds' Devisees, etc.; Marion. Nonresident parties filed briefs.

Illinois Central Railroad Company vs. Curry; Clarke. Appellant filed printed brief.

Smithberry vs. Brown, Payne, Deavers & Co.; Knox. Appellant filed affidavit of J. H. Wilson, and motion for time until April 25 to file brief. Motion submitted.

Court adjourned until Wednesday at 11 o'clock.

Court adjourned until Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

AT EIGHTY-ONE DEATH COMES TO MRS. CATHERINE WUNSCH.

Death came to Mrs. Catherine Wunsch, wife of Louis Wunsch, who has been in the brush and mop manufacturing business in Louisville for years, at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at her home, 321 East College street. Her death was due to the infirmities of age and came after an illness of many months. Mrs. Wunsch had been in declining health for some time, and three months ago she was forced to take to her bed. She sank gradually until the end came yesterday morning.

Mrs. Wunsch was eighty-one years of age and was a native of Germany. She came to Louisville in 1848 and had resided here continuously since then. All her life she was a devout member of the Catholic church. Besides her husband she is survived by five children, Mrs. F. F. Lutz, Mrs. F. W. Treber, Mrs. Rosa Volz, Louis Wunsch and Edward Wunsch.

The funeral services will be held at the residence at 8:30 o'clock and at St. Mary Magdalene's church at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. The burial will be in Goss' cemetery.



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Northern runabout	225	150
Eldridge runabout (2-cylinder)	225	150
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Haynes runabout (2-cylinder)	350	250
Haynes touring car	650	500
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Knox runabout (2-cylinder)	600	450
Waverley Electric (new battery)	535	400

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FROM BOX CAR PRISON

THREE BOYS JUMP INTO ARMS OF POLICE.

Alvie Hunter, George Gowers and Will Schuler "Beat" Their Way From Lexington.

After being imprisoned in a closed freight car for hours without food and water, three Louisville boys succeeded in getting the door open, and jumped from the rapidly moving train as it pulled into the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad yards, at Floyd street and the river, yesterday morning, only to be "pinched" and lodged in jail on a charge of suspected felony. The boys, who are Alvie Hunter, George Gowers and Will Schuler, all seventeen years of age and living in the vicinity of Shelby and Fulton streets, gave Corporal Hess and Patrolman Ford a "run for their money." Schuler managed to escape from the clutches of the law until in the afternoon, but the other two were faint and famished, and fell from exhaustion after running two squares.

The boys got on the car at Lexington, where they say they had been since Saturday night. While the engine was being supplied with water at Midway, the conductor saw the boys huddled in the car, and, before they became cognizant of his presence, he nailed the door shut. When the boys awoke and tried to look out, they found that they were imprisoned. They at once began to work around the door until they succeeded in getting it loose from the nails, and when the engine steamed into the yards at 8 o'clock they jumped. All of them escaped without injury.

They said that they just wanted to steal a ride home, and did not enter the car with any idea of stealing anything. Gowers, who acted as spokesman, declared that they went broke in Lexington, and were just "hoboing" their way home.

WOULD-BE DRUGGISTS TO TAKE STATE EXAMS TO-DAY.

The annual examination of persons desiring to become druggists will be conducted to-day by the State Board of Pharmacy in the Council chamber at the City Hall. Those who are to have charge of the examination are James O. Cook, of Hopkinsville; Prof. C. Lewis Diehl and Addison Dimmitt.

Prof. Diehl is an authority on pharmaceutical matters, and bears the title of Reporter on the Progress of Pharmacy of the National Druggists' Association.

BOY'S DISAPPEARANCE: FATHER'S ULTIMATUM.

M. B. Redman, of 710 Twentieth street, yesterday reported to the police the disappearance of his son, Mason, fifteen years of age, on last Thursday. He also said that he had told his son that in case he lost his "job" at a tobacco factory that he need not return home. The boy was compelled to quit work last Thursday and since that time he has not been home. Although his father has no idea where his son can be he is almost certain that he is out of the city.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: David Conway and Katherine Griffin, John H. Wilms and Frances Elizabeth Linnemann, Robert J. Kunze and Fannie Gelligan, William H. Fischer and Daisy McDowell, James Drane and Lucy Drane, Martin Somogzi and Susanna Kosma, Richard Walters and Ella F. Thaxton, John M. Finn and Edna A. Upp.

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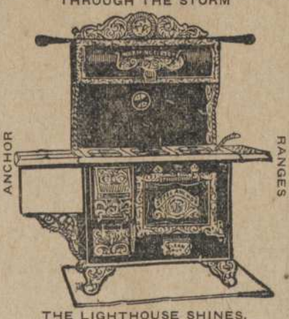
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All kinds Fruit Trees and Shrubbery for sale.

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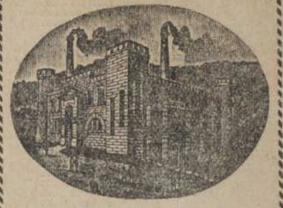
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